ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2025

MANAGEMENT REPORT

Management's Responsibility for Financial Reporting

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared by Mackenzie Financial Corporation, as Manager of Mackenzie Emerging Markets Local Currency Bond Index ETF (the "ETF"). The Manager is responsible for the integrity, objectivity and reliability of the data presented. This responsibility includes selecting appropriate accounting principles and making judgments and estimates consistent with IFRS Accounting Standards. The Manager is also responsible for the development of internal controls over the financial reporting process, which are designed to provide reasonable assurance that relevant and reliable financial information is produced.

The Board of Directors (the "Board") of Mackenzie Financial Corporation is responsible for reviewing and approving the financial statements and overseeing the Manager's performance of its financial reporting responsibilities. The Board meets regularly with the Manager, internal auditors and external auditors to discuss internal controls over the financial reporting process, auditing matters and financial reporting issues.

KPMG LLP is the external auditor of the ETF. It is appointed by the Board. The external auditor has audited the financial statements in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards to enable it to express to the unitholders its opinion on the financial statements. Its report is set out below.

On behalf of Mackenzie Financial Corporation, Manager of the ETF

Signed "Luke Gould"

Luke Gould

Terry Rountes

President and Chief Executive Officer

Mackenzie Financial Corporation

Signed "Terry Rountes"

Chief Financial Officer, Funds

Mackenzie Financial Corporation

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Unitholders of Mackenzie Emerging Markets Local Currency Bond Index ETF (the "ETF")

Opinion

June 4, 2025

We have audited the financial statements of the ETF, which comprise:

- the statements of financial position as at March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024
- the statements of comprehensive income for the periods then ended as indicated in note 1
- the statements of changes in financial position for the periods then ended as indicated in note 1
- . the statements of cash flows for the periods then ended as indicated in note 1 and
- notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies (Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the ETF as at March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024, and its financial performance and cash flows for the periods then ended as indicated in note 1 in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditor's report.

We are independent of the ETF in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2025

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (cont'd)

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. Other information comprises:

- the information included in the Annual Management Report of Fund Performance filed with the relevant Canadian Securities Commissions.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not and will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit and remain alert for indications that the other information appears to be materially misstated.

We obtained the information included in the Annual Management Report of Fund Performance filed with the relevant Canadian Securities Commissions as at the date of this auditor's report. If, based on the work we have performed on this other information, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact in the auditor's report.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the ETF's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the ETF or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the ETF.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
 - The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ETF's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the ETF to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation
- · Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- Provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this auditor's report is Jacob Smolack.

Toronto, Canada

LPMG LLP

June 4, 2025

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2025

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

at March 31 (in \$ 000 except per unit amounts)

	2025 \$	2024 \$
ASSETS	φ	Ψ
Current assets		
Investments at fair value	33,763	17,081
Cash and cash equivalents	824	1,175
Accrued interest receivable	753	246
Accounts receivable for investments sold	32	450
Accounts receivable for units issued	-	_
Due from manager	28	54
Margin on derivatives	-	12
Derivative assets	60	6
Total assets	35,460	19,024
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable for investments purchased	266	407
Accounts payable for units redeemed	=	_
Due to manager	16	16
Derivative liabilities	22	4
Total liabilities	304	427
Net assets attributable to unitholders	35,156	18,597

STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

for the periods ended March 31 (in \$ 000 except per unit amounts)

	2025 \$	2024 \$
Income		
Interest income for distribution purposes	1,571	16,249
Other changes in fair value of investments and other net assets		
Net realized gain (loss)	(407)	(30,367)
Net unrealized gain (loss)	1,540	19,396
Other	29	2,101
Total income (loss)	2,733	7,379
Expenses (note 6)		
Management fees	132	1,378
Management fee rebates	(50)	(1,431)
Interest charges	3	311
Commissions and other portfolio transaction costs	_	98
Independent Review Committee fees	_	1
Expenses before amounts absorbed by Manager	85	357
Expenses absorbed by Manager	_	_
Net expenses	85	357
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders		
from operations before tax	2,648	7,022
Foreign withholding tax expense (recovery)	(241)	70
Foreign income tax expense (recovery)	=	
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders		
from operations	2,889	6,952

Net assets attributable to unitholders (note 3)

	per unit		per sei	ries
	2025 2024 2025			
CAD Units	78.13	74.39	35,156	18,597

Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations (note 3)

	per unit		per seri	ies
	2025	2024	2025	2024
CAD Units	8.25	1.98	2,889	6,952

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2025

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN FINANCIAL POSITION

for the periods ended March 31 (in \$ 000 except per unit amounts)

	CAD Units		
	2025	2024	
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS			
Beginning of period	18,597	437,502	
Increase (decrease) in net assets from operations	2,889	6,952	
Distributions paid to unitholders:			
Investment income	(1,258)	(25,043)	
Capital gains	(6)	_	
Management fee rebates	(50)	(1,431)	
Total distributions paid to unitholders	(1,314)	(26,474)	
Unit transactions:			
Proceeds from units issued	14,978	52,308	
Reinvested distributions	6	2,674	
Payments on redemption of units		(454,365)	
Total unit transactions	14,984	(399,383)	
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders	16,559	(418,905)	
End of period	35,156	18,597	
Increase (decrease) in units (in thousands) (note 7):	Uni	ts	
Units outstanding – beginning of period	250	5,400	
Issued	200	650	
Reinvested distributions	_	_	
Redeemed	_	(5,800)	
Units outstanding – end of period	450	250	

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2025

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

for the periods ended March 31 (in \$ 000)

20		2024 \$
Cash flows from operating activities		
·	,889	6,952
Adjustments for:		
Net realized loss (gain) on investments	410	32,707
	,540)	(19,396)
Purchase of investments (19	,803)	(222,494)
Proceeds from sale and maturity of investments 4	,161	616,717
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable and other assets	(469)	5,716
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and other liabilities	_	(165)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities (14	,352)	420,037
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from units issued 14	,978	52,308
Payments on redemption of units	-	(454,365)
Distributions paid net of reinvestments (1	,308)	(23,800)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities 13	,670	(425,857)
		<i>(</i> =)
	(682)	(5,820)
	,175	7,456
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash and cash		
equivalents	331	(461)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	824	1,175
Cash	824	1 175
	024	1,175
Cash equivalents	824	1 175
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	824	1,175
Supplementary disclosures on cash flow from operating activities:		
Dividends received	_	_
Foreign taxes paid (recovered)	(241)	70
Interest received 1	,064	22,019
Interest paid	3	311

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2025

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS

Investment Name	Country	Sector	Par Value/ Number of Shares/Units	Average Cost (\$ 000)	Fair Value (\$ 000)
investment Name	Country	Sector	Silales/Ollits	(φ 000)	(\$ 000)
BONDS					
Asian Development Bank 10.75% 01-27-2026	Supra - National	n/a	COP 158,000,000	56	55
Asian Development Bank 6.30% 12-13-2028	Supra - National	n/a	IDR 680,000,000	56	58
Asian Development Bank 7.80% 03-15-2034	Supra - National	n/a	IDR 8,590,000,000	795	793
Corp. Andina de Fomento 8.25% 04-26-2034	Supra - National	n/a	INR 22,500,000	381	397
Corporacion Andina de Fomento 8.50% 03-08-2028	Supra - National	n/a	MXN 2,000,000	130	134
The European Bank for Reconstruction and Development 0% 10-29-2026	Supra - National	n/a	MXN 10,000,000	594	608
The European Bank for Reconstruction and Development 5.13% 05-01-2027	United Kingdom	Corporate - Non Convertible	IDR 7,095,000,000	576	600
The European Bank for Reconstruction and Development 6.75% 03-14-2031	Supra - National	n/a	INR 5,000,000	84	84
The European Bank for Reconstruction and Development 6.88% 07-30-2031	, Supra - National	n/a	INR 7,500,000	124	127
The European Bank for Reconstruction and Development 7.05%		.,,2			
08-10-2033	Supra - National	n/a	INR 103,200,000	1,678	1,756
European Investment Bank 7.40% 10-23-2033	Supra - National	n/a	INR 100,000	2	2
European Investment Bank 6.88% 02-28-2035	Supra - National	n/a	INR 2,900,000	48	50
Export-Import Bank of Korea 3.70% 03-23-2026	South Korea	Foreign Governments	PHP 18,900,000	445	467
Export-Import Bank of Korea 8.10% 10-16-2030	South Korea	Foreign Governments	INR 38,000,000	638	664
Government of Brazil 10.00% 01-01-2027	Brazil	Foreign Governments	BRL 2,000,000	532	480
Government of Brazil 10.00% 01-01-2029	Brazil	Foreign Governments	BRL 2,000,000	461	451
Government of Brazil 0% 01-01-2030	Brazil	Foreign Governments	BRL 1,000,000	129	131
Government of Brazil 10.00% 01-01-2031	Brazil	Foreign Governments	BRL 1,000,000	259 420	213 408
Government of Brazil 10.00% 01-01-2033 Government of Brazil 10.00% 01-01-2035	Brazil Brazil	Foreign Governments	BRL 2,000,000 BRL 1,000,000	420 194	408 197
Government of China 3.03% 03-11-2026	China	Foreign Governments Foreign Governments	CNY 130,000	25	26
Government of China 2.62% 09-25-2029	China	Foreign Governments	CNY 2,200,000	444	455
Government of China 1.74% 10-15-2029	China	Foreign Governments	CNY 1,100,000	219	219
Government of China 2.75% 02-17-2032	China	Foreign Governments	CNY 2,000,000	391	422
Government of China 2.27% 05-25-2034	China	Foreign Governments	CNY 2,000,000	399	412
Government of China 3.52% 04-25-2046	China	Foreign Governments	CNY 990,000	198	243
Government of China 3.53% 10-18-2051	China	Foreign Governments	CNY 1,060,000	247	270
Government of China 2.19% 09-25-2054	China	Foreign Governments	CNY 300,000	63	62
Government of China 3.40% 07-15-2072	China	Foreign Governments	CNY 820,000	177	223
Government of Colombia 6.00% 04-28-2028	Colombia	Foreign Governments	COP 509,700,000	155	156
Government of Colombia 7.75% 09-18-2030	Colombia	Foreign Governments	COP 161,500,000	51	48
Government of Colombia 7.00% 03-26-2031	Colombia	Foreign Governments	COP 124,400,000	32 118	34
Government of Colombia 7.00% 06-30-2032 Government of Colombia 13.25% 02-09-2033	Colombia Colombia	Foreign Governments Foreign Governments	COP 408,500,000 COP 312,800,000	110	108 114
Government of Colombia 7.25% 12-18-2034	Colombia	Foreign Governments	COP 354,100,000	98	88
Government of Colombia 6.25% 07-09-2036	Colombia	Foreign Governments	COP 65,800,000	15	14
Government of Colombia 9.25% 05-28-2042	Colombia	Foreign Governments	COP 613,000,000	168	160
Government of Colombia 11.50% 07-25-2046	Colombia	Foreign Governments	COP 298,100,000	95	91
Government of Colombia 7.25% 10-26-2050	Colombia	Foreign Governments	COP 414,600,000	94	83
Government of Czech Republic 6.00% 02-26-2026	Czech Republic	Foreign Governments	CZK 1,670,000	96	106
Government of Czech Republic 0.25% 02-10-2027	Czech Republic	Foreign Governments	CZK 2,270,000	122	133
Government of Czech Republic 5.75% 03-29-2029	Czech Republic	Foreign Governments	CZK 4,550,000	294	305
Government of Czech Republic 5.00% 09-30-2030	Czech Republic	Foreign Governments	CZK 3,860,000	244	254
Government of Czech Republic 6.20% 06-16-2031	Czech Republic	Foreign Governments	CZK 2,300,000	150	161
Government of Czech Republic 1.75% 06-23-2032	Czech Republic	Foreign Governments	CZK 2,450,000	119	131
Government of Czech Republic 4.90% 04-14-2034	Czech Republic	Foreign Governments	CZK 1,330,000	84	87
Government of Czech Republic 3.50% 05-30-2035	Czech Republic Czech Republic	Foreign Governments Foreign Governments	CZK 1,740,000 CZK 3,240,000	99 146	102 155
Government of Czech Republic 1.95% 07-30-2037 Government of Hungary 5.50% 06-24-2025	Hungary	Foreign Governments	HUF 3,930,000	18	155
Government of Hungary 1.00% 11-26-2025	Hungary	Foreign Governments	HUF 14,630,000	49	55
Government of Hungary 1.50% 11-25-2025	Hungary	Foreign Governments	HUF 17,000,000	55	61
Government of Hungary 2.75% 12-22-2026	Hungary	Foreign Governments	HUF 11,600,000	36	42
Government of Hungary 6.75% 10-22-2028	Hungary	Foreign Governments	HUF 39,740,000	175	153
Government of Hungary 3.00% 08-21-2030	Hungary	Foreign Governments	HUF 17,020,000	54	54
Government of Hungary 3.25% 10-22-2031	Hungary	Foreign Governments	HUF 30,590,000	109	96
Government of Hungary 4.75% 11-24-2032	Hungary	Foreign Governments	HUF 19,000,000	57	64
Government of Hungary 7.00% 10-24-2035	Hungary	Foreign Governments	HUF 14,640,000	55	56
Government of Hungary 3.00% 10-27-2038	Hungary	Foreign Governments	HUF 19,650,000	55	48
Government of Indonesia 6.38% 08-15-2028	Indonesia	Foreign Governments	IDR 1,810,000,000	157	156

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2025

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (cont'd)

		_	Par Value/ Number of	Average Cost	Fair Value
Investment Name	Country	Sector	Shares/Units	(\$ 000)	(\$ 000)
BONDS (cont'd)					
Government of Indonesia 6.88% 04-15-2029	Indonesia	Foreign Governments	IDR 4,547,000,000	412	397
Government of Indonesia 6.50% 02-15-2031	Indonesia	Foreign Governments	IDR 1,706,000,000	143	145
Government of Indonesia 6.38% 04-15-2032	Indonesia	Foreign Governments	IDR 972,000,000	80	81
Government of Indonesia 7.00% 02-15-2033	Indonesia	Foreign Governments	IDR 2,660,000,000	232	230
Government of Indonesia 6.63% 02-15-2034	Indonesia	Foreign Governments	IDR 1,520,000,000	131	128
Government of Indonesia 6.75% 07-15-2035	Indonesia	Foreign Governments	IDR 1,430,000,000	122	121
Government of Indonesia 7.13% 06-15-2043	Indonesia	Foreign Governments	IDR 542,000,000	47	47
Government of Indonesia 8.75% 02-15-2044	Indonesia	Foreign Governments	IDR 3,356,000,000	348	336
Government of Indonesia 6.88% 08-15-2051	Indonesia	Foreign Governments	IDR 2,738,000,000	235	231
Government of Indonesia 6.88% 07-15-2054	Indonesia	Foreign Governments	IDR 450,000,000	39	38
Government of Korea 1.13% 09-10-2025	South Korea	Foreign Governments	KOR 226,410,000	219	220
Government of Korea 1.88% 06-10-2026	South Korea	Foreign Governments	KOR 98,250,000	97 90	95 90
Government of Korea 1.75% 09-10-2026 Government of Korea 1.50% 12-10-2026	South Korea	Foreign Governments	KOR 93,000,000	164	159
Government of Korea 2.38% 12-10-2027	South Korea South Korea	Foreign Governments Foreign Governments	KOR 165,250,000 KOR 207,670,000	204	202
Government of Korea 2.63% 12-10-2027	South Korea	Foreign Governments	KOR 63,150,000	62	62
Government of Korea 3.25% 03-10-2029	South Korea	Foreign Governments	KOR 260,160,000	262	260
Government of Korea 5.50% 12-10-2029	South Korea	Foreign Governments	KOR 39,000,000	43	43
Government of Korea 1.38% 06-10-2030	South Korea	Foreign Governments	KOR 141,610,000	157	130
Government of Korea 1.50% 12-10-2030	South Korea	Foreign Governments	KOR 58,000,000	51	53
Government of Korea 2.00% 06-10-2031	South Korea	Foreign Governments	KOR 195,400,000	183	184
Government of Korea 3.38% 06-10-2032	South Korea	Foreign Governments	KOR 161,590,000	166	165
Government of Korea 3.25% 06-10-2033	South Korea	Foreign Governments	KOR 63,730,000	63	65
Government of Korea 3.75% 12-10-2033	South Korea	Foreign Governments	KOR 32,000,000	33	34
Government of Korea 1.50% 09-10-2036	South Korea	Foreign Governments	KOR 65,420,000	62	57
Government of Korea 1.50% 09-10-2040	South Korea	Foreign Governments	KOR 169,550,000	128	141
Government of Korea 1.88% 09-10-2041	South Korea	Foreign Governments	KOR 196,380,000	159	171
Government of Korea 3.00% 12-10-2042	South Korea	Foreign Governments	KOR 99,180,000	96	101
Government of Korea 3.88% 09-10-2043	South Korea	Foreign Governments	KOR 72,010,000	84	82
Government of Korea 2.75% 12-10-2044	South Korea	Foreign Governments	KOR 48,250,000	47	48
Government of Korea 1.50% 03-10-2050	South Korea	Foreign Governments	KOR 15,620,000	11	12
Government of Korea 1.88% 03-10-2051	South Korea	Foreign Governments	KOR 76,340,000	61 545	64 627
Government of Korea 2.50% 03-10-2052 Government of Korea 3.13% 09-10-2052	South Korea South Korea	Foreign Governments	KOR 654,710,000	133	136
Government of Korea 3.25% 03-10-2052	South Korea	Foreign Governments Foreign Governments	KOR 126,540,000 KOR 43,700,000	47	48
Government of Korea 3.25% 03-10-2054	South Korea	Foreign Governments	KOR 95,840,000	108	106
Government of Korea 2.75% 09-10-2054	South Korea	Foreign Governments	KOR 86,490,000	88	88
Government of Korea 2.00% 09-10-2068	South Korea	Foreign Governments	KOR 15,040,000	18	13
Government of Korea 1.63% 09-10-2070	South Korea	Foreign Governments	KOR 25,570,000	18	19
Government of Malaysia 3.91% 07-15-2026	Malaysia	Foreign Governments	MYR 130,000	42	42
Government of Malaysia 3.50% 05-31-2027	Malaysia	Foreign Governments	MYR 209,000	67	68
Government of Malaysia 3.42% 09-30-2027	Malaysia	Foreign Governments	MYR 1,230,000	368	399
Government of Malaysia 3.89% 08-15-2029	Malaysia	Foreign Governments	MYR 200,000	60	66
Government of Malaysia 3.47% 10-15-2030	Malaysia	Foreign Governments	MYR 600,000	182	193
Government of Malaysia 2.63% 04-15-2031	Malaysia	Foreign Governments	MYR 806,000	237	247
Government of Malaysia 4.64% 11-07-2033	Malaysia	Foreign Governments	MYR 266,000	90	92
Government of Malaysia 4.76% 04-07-2037	Malaysia	Foreign Governments	MYR 958,000	335	337
Government of Malaysia 4.47% 09-15-2039	Malaysia	Foreign Governments	MYR 306,000	102	105
Government of Malaysia 4.74% 03-15-2046	Malaysia	Foreign Governments	MYR 337,000	116	120
Government of Malaysia 4.92% 07-06-2048	Malaysia	Foreign Governments	MYR 128,000	46	47
Government of Malaysia 4.64% 11-15-2049	Malaysia	Foreign Governments	MYR 304,000	96	107
Government of Mexico 5.75% 03-05-2026	Mexico	Foreign Governments	MXN 1,800,000	121	123
Government of Mexico 5.50% 03-04-2027	Mexico	Foreign Governments	MXN 2,600,000	167	173
Government of Mexico 8.50% 05-31-2029	Mexico Mexico	Foreign Governments	MXN 8,200,000	579	570
Government of Mexico 7.75% 05-29-2031 Government of Mexico 7.50% 05-26-2033	Mexico Mexico	Foreign Governments	MXN 3,960,000 MXN 2,930,000	273 188	262 186
Government of Mexico 7.50% 05-26-2033 Government of Mexico 7.75% 11-23-2034	Mexico Mexico	Foreign Governments Foreign Governments	MXN 2,930,000 MXN 3,320,000	214	210
Government of Mexico 7.75% 11-23-2034 Government of Mexico 10.00% 11-20-2036	Mexico	Foreign Governments	MXN 1,870,000	158	138
Government of Mexico 8.50% 11-20-2038	Mexico	Foreign Governments	MXN 1,280,000	86	82
Government of Mexico 8.00% 11-18-2038	Mexico	Foreign Governments	MXN 4,530,000	284	264
20.0		Foreign Governments	MXN 2,670,000	165	154
Government of Mexico 8.00% 07-31-2053	MEXICO				
Government of Mexico 8.00% 07-31-2053 Government of Peru 6.35% 08-12-2028	Mexico Peru	•			
Government of Mexico 8.00% 07-31-2053 Government of Peru 6.35% 08-12-2028 Government of Peru 5.94% 02-12-2029	Peru Peru	Foreign Governments Foreign Governments	PEN 110,000 PEN 116,000	41 43	46 48

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2025

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (cont'd)

nvestment Name	Country	Sector	Par Value/ Number of Shares/Units	Average Cost (\$ 000)	F Va (\$ 00
	- Journary		Onaros, onico	(\$ 000)	(ψ ο.
BONDS (cont'd)					
Government of Peru 6.15% 08-12-2032	Peru	Foreign Governments	PEN 197,000	69	
Government of Peru 7.30% 08-12-2033	Peru	Foreign Governments	PEN 125,000	46	
Government of Peru 5.40% 08-12-2034	Peru	Foreign Governments	PEN 175,000	58	
Government of Peru 6.90% 08-12-2037	Peru	Foreign Governments	PEN 326,000	123	1
Government of Peru 5.35% 08-12-2040	Peru	Foreign Governments	PEN 276,000	84	
Government of Romania 3.25% 06-24-2026	Romania	Foreign Governments	RON 410,000	118	1
Government of Romania 7.20% 05-31-2027	Romania	Foreign Governments	RON 385,000	117	1
Government of Romania 4.15% 01-26-2028	Romania	Foreign Governments	RON 385,000	109	
Sovernment of Romania 5.00% 02-12-2029	Romania	Foreign Governments	RON 230,000	64	
Sovernment of Romania 4.85% 07-25-2029	Romania	Foreign Governments	RON 460,000	114	
overnment of Romania 4.15% 10-24-2030	Romania	Foreign Governments	RON 290,000	75	
Sovernment of Romania 3.65% 09-24-2031	Romania	Foreign Governments	RON 415,000	104	
overnment of Romania 6.70% 02-25-2032	Romania	Foreign Governments	RON 120,000	31	
Sovernment of Romania 7.20% 10-30-2033	Romania	Foreign Governments	RON 110,000	33	
Sovernment of Romania 4.75% 10-11-2034	Romania	Foreign Governments	RON 350,000	88	
Sovernment of Romania 4.25% 04-28-2036	Romania	Foreign Governments	RON 55,000	11	
Sovernment of Romania 7.90% 02-24-2038	Romania	Foreign Governments	RON 170,000	55	
overnment of South Africa 10.50% 12-21-2026	South Africa	Foreign Governments	ZAR 3,350,000	288	
Sovernment of South Africa 8.00% 01-31-2030	South Africa	Foreign Governments	ZAR 4,380,000	326	
overnment of South Africa 7.00% 02-28-2031	South Africa	Foreign Governments	ZAR 300,000	18	
overnment of South Africa 7.00% 02-28-2031	South Africa	S .	,	322	
overnment of South Africa 8.25% 05-51-2032		Foreign Governments	ZAR 4,631,000	743	
	South Africa	Foreign Governments	ZAR 11,366,000		
overnment of South Africa 8.75% 01-31-2044	South Africa	Foreign Governments	ZAR 5,530,000	344	
overnment of South Africa 8.75% 02-28-2048	South Africa	Foreign Governments	ZAR 631,000	39	
overnment of South Africa 11.63% 03-31-2053	South Africa	Foreign Governments	ZAR 2,218,000	156	
overnment of Thailand 2.35% 06-17-2026	Thailand	Foreign Governments	THB 1,351,000	54	
overnment of Thailand 2.13% 12-17-2026	Thailand	Foreign Governments	THB 6,573,000	273	
overnment of Thailand 3.58% 12-17-2027	Thailand	Foreign Governments	THB 9,053,000	402	
overnment of Thailand 2.05% 04-17-2028	Thailand	Foreign Governments	THB 1,953,000	83	
overnment of Thailand 4.88% 06-22-2029	Thailand	Foreign Governments	THB 4,500,000	224	
overnment of Thailand 1.60% 12-17-2029	Thailand	Foreign Governments	THB 2,893,000	118	
overnment of Thailand 3.65% 06-20-2031	Thailand	Foreign Governments	THB 8,621,000	393	
overnment of Thailand 2.00% 12-17-2031	Thailand	Foreign Governments	THB 2,698,000	111	
overnment of Thailand 2.80% 06-17-2034	Thailand	Foreign Governments	THB 3,327,000	144	
overnment of Thailand 3.40% 06-17-2036	Thailand	Foreign Governments	THB 2,936,000	130	
overnment of Thailand 3.30% 06-17-2038	Thailand	Foreign Governments	THB 9,043,000	393	
overnment of Thailand 3.45% 06-17-2043	Thailand	Foreign Governments	THB 779,000	36	
overnment of Thailand 2.98% 06-17-2045	Thailand	Foreign Governments	THB 536,000	24	
overnment of Thailand 2.88% 06-17-2046	Thailand	Foreign Governments	THB 4,450,000	168	
overnment of Thailand 2.75% 06-17-2052	Thailand	Foreign Governments	THB 5,214,000	195	
overnment of Thailand 4.00% 06-17-2055	Thailand	Foreign Governments	THB 452,000	25	
overnment of Thailand 3.60% 06-17-2067	Thailand	Foreign Governments	THB 3,425,000	149	
overnment of Thailand 4.00% 06-17-2072	Thailand	Foreign Governments	THB 718,000	36	
overnment of the Philippines 6.25% 01-14-2036	Philippines	Foreign Governments	PHP 18,000,000	513	
ter-American Development Bank 7.00% 04-17-2033	Supra - National	n/a	INR 16.000.000	271	
ter-American Development Bank 7.00% 04-17-2033	Supra - National	n/a	INR 3,000,000	49	
ternational Bank for Reconstruction and Development 2.00% 07-23-2025	Supra - National	n/a	PHP 21,500,000	507	
ternational Bank for Reconstruction and Development 0% 07-31-2025	Supra - National	n/a	TRL 2,070,000	74	
ternational Bank for Reconstruction and Development 0% 08-29-2025	Supra - National		TRL 2,280,000	80	
ternational Finance Corp. 6.50% 01-21-2027	Supra - National	n/a n/a	COP 300,000,000	86	
exican Bonos 8.50% 03-02-2028				82	
exican Bonos 8.50% 03-02-2028 lexican Bonos 7.75% 11-13-2042	Mexico Mexico	Foreign Governments Foreign Governments	MXN 1,200,000		
	Mexico Singapore		MXN 2,530,000	161	1
nited Overseas Bank Ltd. 4.50% 04-06-2032 otal bonds	Singapore	Corporate - Non Convertible	CNY 5,500,000	1,064 31,618	1, 32,
nort-Term Notes	-		BBI 0 000 000	***	
overnment of Brazil 0% 04-01-2026	Brazil	Foreign Governments	BRL 2,000,000	439	
overnment of Brazil 0% 07-01-2026	Brazil	Foreign Governments	BRL 3,000,000	697	
overnment of Brazil 0% 07-01-2028	Brazil	Foreign Governments	BRL 3,000,000	470	
otal short-term notes				1,606	1,

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2025

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (cont'd)

Investment Name	Country	Sector	Par Value/ Number of Shares/Units	Average Cost (\$ 000)	Fair Value (\$ 000)
Transaction costs Total investments				33,224	33,763
Derivative instruments (see schedule of derivative instruments) Cash and cash equivalents Other assets less liabilities Net assets attributable to unitholders				_	38 824 531 35,156

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2025

SUMMARY OF INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO

MARCH 31, 2025		MARCH 31, 2024			
PORTFOLIO ALLOCATION	% OF NAV	PORTFOLIO ALLOCATION	% OF NAV		
Bonds	91.6	Bonds	86.9		
Short-term investments	4.4	Cash and cash equivalents	6.3		
Cash and cash equivalents	2.3	Short-term investments	5.0		
Other assets (liabilities)	1.7	Other assets (liabilities)	1.8		
REGIONAL ALLOCATION	% OF NAV	REGIONAL ALLOCATION	% OF NAV		
South Korea	13.0	South Korea	11.6		
Brazil	9.8	Malaysia	9.4		
United Kingdom	9.0	Brazil	9.2		
Thailand	8.9	Thailand	8.1		
Other	7.8	United Kingdom	7.2		
Mexico	6.8	Philippines	7.1		
China	6.6	Cash and cash equivalents	6.3		
South Africa	6.4	Other	6.2		
Indonesia	5.4	South Africa	6.0		
Malaysia	5.2	Singapore	5.8		
Czech Republic	4.1	Mexico	5.3		
Philippines	3.9	Czech Republic	4.5		
Singapore	3.2	China	3.6		
United States	3.1	Colombia	2.9		
Romania	2.8	Romania	2.8		
Cash and cash equivalents	2.3	Hungary	2.2		
Other assets (liabilities)	1.7	Other assets (liabilities)	1.8		
SECTOR ALLOCATION	% OF NAV	SECTOR ALLOCATION	% OF NAV		
Foreign government bonds	69.2	Foreign government bonds	67.0		
Corporate bonds	22.4	Corporate bonds	19.9		
Short-term deposits	4.4	Cash and cash equivalents	6.3		
Cash and cash equivalents	2.3	Foreign government short-term discount notes	5.0		
Other assets (liabilities)	1.7	Other assets (liabilities)	1.8		

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2025

SCHEDULE OF DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

Counterparty Credit Rating		cy to be d (\$ 000)	Currency Delivered		Settlement Date	Contract Cost (\$ 000)	Current Fair Value (\$ 000)	Unrealized Gains (\$ 000)	Unrealized Losses (\$ 000)
Α	1,000	CNY	(138)	USD	Apr. 10, 2025	198	198	_	=
Α	10,500	PHP	(181)	USD	Apr. 10, 2025	260	264	4	_
Α	137	USD	(1,000)	CNY	Apr. 10, 2025	(198)	(198)	_	-
Α	183	USD	(10,500)	PHP	Apr. 10, 2025	(264)	(264)	_	-
Α	8,703	TRL	(188)	USD	Apr. 11, 2025	270	325	55	-
Α	227	USD	(8,703)	TRL	Apr. 11, 2025	(327)	(326)	1	-
Α	10,500	PHP	(183)	USD	May 9, 2025	263	263	_	_
Α	138	USD	(1,000)	CNY	May 9, 2025	(198)	(198)	_	-
Α	5,000	TRL	(103)	USD	Dec. 11, 2025	147	144	_	(3)
Α	8,000	TRL	(168)	USD	Jan. 30, 2026	239	220	_	(19)
al forward currency	contracts							60	(22
tal forward currency tal Derivative assets								60	
l Derivative liabiliti									(;

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2025

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Fiscal Periods and General Information

The ETF is organized as an open-ended mutual fund trust established under the laws of the Province of Ontario pursuant to a Declaration of Trust as amended and restated from time to time. The address of the ETF's registered office is 180 Queen Street West, Toronto, Ontario, Canada. The ETF is authorized to issue an unlimited number of units for sale under a Prospectus. The units of the ETF are listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange/Cboe Canada ("the Exchange").

The information provided in these financial statements and notes thereto is for the periods ended or as at March 31, 2025 and 2024. In the year an exchange-traded fund ("the ETF") is established, 'period' represents the period from inception to the period end of that fiscal year. Refer to Note 11 (a) for the formation date of the

Mackenzie Financial Corporation ("Mackenzie") is the manager of the ETF and is wholly owned by IGM Financial Inc., a subsidiary of Power Corporation of Canada. Canada Life Investment Management Ltd. ("CLIML") is wholly owned by The Canada Life Assurance Company ("Canada Life"), a subsidiary of Power Corporation of Canada. Investments in companies within the Power Group of companies held by the ETF are identified in the Schedule of Investments.

2. Basis of Preparation and Presentation

These audited annual financial statements ("financial statements") have been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards ("IFRS"). A summary of the ETF's material accounting policies under IFRS is presented in Note 3.

These financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the ETF's functional and presentation currency, and rounded to the nearest thousand unless otherwise indicated. These financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis using the historical cost basis, except for financial instruments that have been measured at fair value.

These financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors of Mackenzie on June 4, 2025.

3. Material Accounting Policies

(a) Financial instruments

Financial instruments include financial assets and liabilities such as debt and equity securities, exchange-traded funds and derivatives. The ETF classifies and measures financial instruments in accordance with IFRS 9, *Financial Instruments* ("IFRS 9"). Upon initial recognition, financial instruments are classified as fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"). All financial instruments are recognized in the Statement of Financial Position when the ETF becomes a party to the contractual requirements of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognized when the right to receive cash flows from the instrument has expired or the ETF has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Financial liabilities are derecognized when the obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires. Investment purchase and sale transactions are recorded as of the trade date.

Financial instruments are subsequently measured at FVTPL with changes in fair value recognized in the Statement of Comprehensive Income — Other changes in fair value of investments and other net assets — Net unrealized gain (loss).

The cost of investments is determined on a weighted average cost basis.

Realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments are calculated based on the weighted average cost of investments and exclude commissions and other portfolio transaction costs, which are separately reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Income — Commissions and other portfolio transaction costs.

Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the investments are included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the period in which they arise.

The ETF accounts for its holdings in unlisted open-ended investment funds, private funds ("Underlying Funds") and Exchange-Traded Funds ("ETFs"), if any, at FVTPL. For private funds, Mackenzie will rely on the valuations provided by the managers of the private funds, which represents the ETF's proportionate share of the net assets of these private funds. The ETF's investment in Underlying Funds and ETFs, if any, is presented in the Schedule of Investments at fair value which represents the ETF's maximum exposure on these investments.

The ETF's redeemable units are held by different types of unitholders that are entitled to different redemption rights. Unitholders may redeem units of the ETF at a redemption price per unit equal to 95% of the closing price of the units on the Exchange on the effective day of the redemption, subject to a maximum redemption price of the applicable NAV per unit. These different redemption features create equally subordinate but not identical units of the ETF which therefore meet the criteria for classification as financial liabilities under IAS 32, *Financial Instruments: Presentation*. The ETF's obligation for net assets attributable to unitholders is presented at the redemption amount. Refer to Note 7 for details of subscriptions and redemptions of the ETF's units.

IAS 7, Statement of Cash Flows, requires disclosures related to changes in liabilities and assets, such as the units of the ETF, arising from financing activities. Changes in units of the ETF, including both changes from cash flows and non-cash changes, are included in the Statement of Changes in Financial Position. Any changes in the units not settled in cash as at the end of the period are presented as either Accounts receivable for units issued or Accounts payable for units redeemed in the Statement of Financial Position. These accounts receivable and accounts payable amounts typically settle shortly after period-end.

(b) Fair value measurement

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2025

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. Material Accounting Policies (cont'd)

(b) Fair value measurement (cont'd)

Investments listed on a public securities exchange or traded on an over-the-counter market, including ETFs, are valued on the basis of the last traded market price or closing price recorded by the security exchange on which the security is principally traded, where this price falls within the quoted bid-ask spread for the investment. In circumstances where this price is not within the bid-ask spread, Mackenzie determines the point within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of fair value based on the specific facts and circumstances. Mutual fund securities of an underlying fund are valued on a business day at the price calculated by the manager of such underlying fund in accordance with the constating documents of such underlying fund. Unlisted or non-exchange traded investments, or investments where a last sale or close price is unavailable or investments for which market quotations are, in Mackenzie's opinion, inaccurate, unreliable, or not reflective of all available material information, are valued at their fair value as determined by Mackenzie using appropriate and accepted industry valuation techniques including valuation models. The fair value determined using valuation models requires the use of inputs and assumptions based on observable market data including volatility and other applicable rates or prices. In limited circumstances, the fair value may be determined using valuation techniques that are not supported by observable market data.

Cash and cash equivalents which includes cash on deposit with financial institutions and short-term investments that are readily convertible to cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and are used by the ETF in the management of short-term commitments. Cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments are reported at fair value which closely approximates their amortized cost due to their nature of being highly liquid and having short terms to maturity. Bank overdraft positions are presented under current liabilities as bank indebtedness in the Statement of Financial Position. Short-term investments that are not considered cash equivalents are separately disclosed in the Schedule of Investments.

The ETF may use derivatives (such as written options, futures, forward contracts, swaps or customized derivatives) to hedge against losses caused by changes in securities prices, interest rates or exchange rates. The ETF may also use derivatives for non-hedging purposes in order to invest indirectly in securities or financial markets, to gain exposure to other currencies, to seek to generate additional income, and/or for any other purpose considered appropriate by the ETF's portfolio manager(s), provided that the use of the derivative is consistent with the ETF's investment objectives. Any use of derivatives will comply with Canadian mutual fund laws, subject to the regulatory exemptions granted to the ETF, as applicable.

Valuations of derivative instruments are carried out daily, using normal exchange reporting sources for exchange-traded derivatives and specific broker enquiry for over-the-counter derivatives.

The value of forward contracts is the gain or loss that would be realized if, on the valuation date, the positions were to be closed out. The change in value of forward contracts is included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income — Other changes in fair value of investments and other net assets — Net unrealized gain (loss).

The daily fluctuation of futures contracts or swaps, along with daily cash settlements made by the ETF, where applicable, are equal to the change in unrealized gains or losses that are best determined at the settlement price. These unrealized gains or losses are recorded and reported as such until the ETF closes out the contract or the contract expires. Margin paid or deposited in respect of futures contracts or swaps is reflected as a receivable in the Statement of Financial Position — Margin on derivatives. Any change in the variation margin requirement is settled daily.

Premiums paid for purchasing an option are recorded in the Statement of Financial Position – Investments at fair value.

Premiums received from writing options are included in the Statement of Financial Position as a liability and subsequently adjusted daily to fair value. If a written option expires unexercised, the premium received is recognized as a realized gain. If a written call option is exercised, the difference between the proceeds of the sale plus the value of the premium, and the cost of the security is recognized as a realized gain or loss. If a written put option is exercised, the cost of the security acquired is the exercise price of the option less the premium received.

Refer to the Schedule of Derivative Instruments and Schedule of Options Purchased/Written, as applicable, included in the Schedule of Investments for a listing of derivative and options positions as at March 31, 2025.

The ETF categorizes the fair value of its assets and liabilities into three categories, which are differentiated based on the observable nature of the inputs and extent of estimation required.

Level 1- Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly. Examples of Level 2 valuations include quoted prices for similar securities, quoted prices on inactive markets and from recognized investment dealers, and the application of factors derived from observable data to non-North American quoted prices in order to estimate the impact of differences in market closing times.

Financial instruments classified as Level 2 investments are valued based on the prices provided by an independent reputable pricing services company who prices the securities based on recent transactions and quotes received from market participants and through incorporating observable market data and using standard market convention practices. Short-term investments classified as Level 2 investments are valued based on amortized cost plus accrued interest which closely approximates fair value.

The estimated fair values for these securities may be different from the values that would have been used had a ready market for the investment existed; and Level 3 – Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

The inputs are considered observable if they are developed using market data, such as publicly available information about actual events or transactions, and that reflect the assumption that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability.

See Note 11 for the fair value classifications of the ETF.

c) Income recognition

Interest income for distribution purposes represents the coupon interest received by the ETF which is accounted for on an accrual basis. The ETF does not amortize premiums paid or discounts received on the purchase of fixed income securities except for zero coupon bonds, which are amortized on a straight-line basis. Dividends are accrued as of the ex-dividend date. Unrealized gains or losses on investments, realized gains or losses on the sale of investments, including foreign exchange gains or losses on such investments, are calculated on a weighted average cost basis. Distributions received from an Underlying Fund or ETF are included in Interest income for distribution purposes, Dividends income or Net realized gain (loss), as appropriate, on the ex-dividend or distribution date.

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2025

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. Material Accounting Policies (cont'd)

(d) Commissions and other portfolio transaction costs

Commissions and other portfolio transaction costs are costs incurred to acquire, issue or dispose of financial assets or liabilities. They include fees and commissions paid to agents, exchanges, brokers, dealers and other intermediaries. The total brokerage commissions incurred by the ETF in connection with portfolio transactions for the periods, together with other transaction charges, is disclosed in the Statements of Comprehensive Income. Brokerage business is allocated to brokers based on the best net result for the ETF. Subject to this criteria, commissions may be paid to brokerage firms which provide (or pay for) certain services, other than order execution, which may include investment research, analysis and reports, and databases or software in support of these services. Where applicable and ascertainable, the value of these services generated during the periods is disclosed in Note 11. The value of certain proprietary services provided by brokers cannot be reasonably estimated.

Mackenzie may reimburse the ETF for certain commissions and other portfolio transaction costs. Mackenzie may make these reimbursements at its discretion and stop these reimbursements at any time without notice. Any such reimbursements are included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income — expenses absorbed by Manager.

(e) Securities lending, repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions

The ETF is permitted to enter into securities lending, repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions as set out in the ETF's Prospectus. These transactions involve the temporary exchange of securities for collateral with a commitment to redeliver the same securities on a future date. Income is earned from these transactions in the form of fees paid by the counterparty and, in certain circumstances, interest paid on cash or securities held as collateral. Income earned from these transactions is included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income and recognized when earned. Securities lending transactions are administered by The Bank of New York Mellon (the "Securities Lending Agent"). The value of cash or securities held as collateral must be at least 102% of the fair value of the securities loaned, sold or purchased.

Note 11 summarizes the details of securities loaned and collateral received as at the end of period, as well as a reconciliation of securities lending income during the period, if applicable. Collateral received is comprised of debt obligations of the Government of Canada and other countries, Canadian provincial and municipal governments, and financial institutions.

(f) Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Financial Position only when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. In the normal course of business, the ETF enters into various master netting agreements or similar agreements that do not meet the criteria for offsetting in the Statement of Financial Position but still allow for the related amounts to be set off in certain circumstances, such as bankruptcy or termination of the contracts. Note 11 summarizes the details of such offsetting, if applicable, subject to master netting arrangements or other similar agreements and the net impact to the Statements of Financial Position if all such rights were exercised.

Income and expenses are not offset in the Statement of Comprehensive Income unless required or permitted to by an accounting standard, as specifically disclosed in the IFRS policies of the ETF.

(g) Currency

The functional and presentation currency of the ETF is Canadian dollars. Foreign currency purchases and sales of investments and foreign currency dividend and interest income and expenses are translated to Canadian dollars at the rate of exchange prevailing at the time of the transactions.

Foreign exchange gains (losses) on purchases and sales of foreign currencies are included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income – Other changes in fair value of investments and other net assets – Net realized gain (loss).

The fair value of investments and other assets and liabilities, denominated in foreign currencies, are translated to Canadian dollars at the rate of exchange prevailing on each business day.

(h) Net assets attributable to unitholders per unit

Net assets attributable to unitholders per unit is computed by dividing the net assets attributable to unitholders on a business day by the total number of units outstanding on that day.

(i) Net asset value per unit

The daily Net Asset Value ("NAV") of an investment fund may be calculated without reference to IFRS as per the Canadian Securities Administrators' ("CSA") regulations. The difference between NAV and Net assets attributable to unitholders (as reported in the financial statements), if any, is mainly due to differences in fair value of investments and other financial assets and liabilities and is disclosed in Note 11, if applicable.

(j) Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations per unit

Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations per unit in the Statement of Comprehensive Income represents the increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations for the period, divided by the weighted average number of units outstanding during the period.

(k) Future accounting changes

In April 2024, the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") issued IFRS 18, *Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements* ("IFRS 18"). IFRS 18, which replaces IAS 1, *Presentation of financial statements*, introduces new requirements to present specified categories and defined subtotals in the statement of comprehensive income, new disclosure for management-defined performance measures, and additional requirements for aggregation and disaggregation of information.

The standard is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027, with earlier application permitted. Mackenzie is assessing the impact of the adoption of this standard.

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2025

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments

The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that primarily affect the valuation of investments. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The following discusses the most significant accounting judgments and estimates made in preparing the financial statements:

Use of Estimates

Fair value of securities not quoted in an active market

The ETF may hold financial instruments that are not quoted in active markets and are valued using valuation techniques that make use of observable data, to the extent practicable. Various valuation techniques are utilized, depending on a number of factors, including comparison with similar instruments for which observable market prices exist and recent arm's length market transactions. Key inputs and assumptions used are company specific and may include estimated discount rates and expected price volatilities. Changes in key inputs, could affect the reported fair value of these financial instruments held by the ETF.

Use of Judgments

Classification and measurement of investments

In classifying and measuring financial instruments held by the ETF, Mackenzie is required to make significant judgments in order to determine the most appropriate classification in accordance with IFRS 9. Mackenzie has assessed the ETF's business model, the manner in which all financial instruments are managed and performance evaluated as a group on a fair value basis, and concluded that FVTPL in accordance with IFRS 9 provides the most appropriate measurement and presentation of the ETF's financial instruments.

Functional currency

The ETF's functional and presentation currency is the Canadian dollar, which is the currency considered to best represent the economic effects of the ETF's underlying transactions, events and conditions taking into consideration the manner in which units are issued and redeemed and how returns and performance by the ETF are measured.

Interest in unconsolidated structured entities

In determining whether an Underlying Fund or an ETF in which the ETF invests, but that it does not consolidate, meets the definition of a structured entity, Mackenzie is required to make significant judgments about whether these underlying funds have the typical characteristics of a structured entity. These Underlying Funds do meet the definition of a structured entity because:

- I. The voting rights in the Underlying Funds are not dominant factors in deciding who controls them;
- II. the activities of the Underlying Funds are restricted by their offering documents; and
- III. the Underlying Funds have narrow and well-defined investment objectives to provide investment opportunities for investors while passing on the associated risks and rewards.

As a result, such investments are accounted for at FVTPL. Note 11 summarizes the details of the ETF's interest in these Underlying Funds, if applicable.

5. Income Taxes

The ETF qualifies as a mutual fund trust under the provisions of the Income Tax Act (Canada) and, accordingly, is subject to tax on its income including net realized capital gains in the taxation year, which is not paid or payable to its unitholders as at the end of the taxation year. The ETF maintains a December year-end for tax purposes. The ETF may be subject to withholding taxes on foreign income. In general, the ETF treats withholding tax as a charge against income for tax purposes. The ETF will distribute sufficient amounts from net income for tax purposes, as required, so that the ETF will not pay income taxes other than refundable tax on capital gains, if applicable.

Losses of the ETF cannot be allocated to investors and are retained in the ETF for use in future years. Non-capital losses may be carried forward up to 20 years to reduce taxable income and realized capital gains of future years. Capital losses may be carried forward indefinitely to reduce future realized capital gains. Refer to Note 11 for the ETF's loss carryforwards.

6. Management Fees and Operating Expenses

Mackenzie is paid a management fee for managing the investment portfolio, providing investment analysis and recommendations, making investment decisions and making brokerage arrangements relating to the purchase and sale of the investment portfolio. The management fee is calculated as a fixed annual percentage of the daily net asset value of the units of the ETF.

In addition to the applicable management fee, the operating expenses payable by the ETF include interest and borrowing costs, brokerage expenses and related transaction fees, fees and expenses relating to the operation of the Mackenzie ETFs' Independent Review Committee ("IRC"), fees under any derivative instrument used by the ETF, cost of complying with the regulatory requirement to produce summary documents, ETF facts or other similar disclosure documents, the costs of complying with governmental or regulatory requirements introduced after the date of the most recently filed prospectus, including, without limitation, any new fees or increases in fees, the fees related to external services that are not commonly charged in the Canadian exchange-traded fund industry after the date of the most recently filed prospectus, fees paid to external service providers associated with tax reclaims, refunds or the preparation of foreign tax reports on behalf of the ETFs, fees paid to external legal counsel and/or others in connection with corporate or other actions affecting the portfolio holdings of the ETF, and any applicable taxes, including income, withholding or other taxes and also including G.S.T. or H.S.T. on expenses.

Mackenzie may waive or absorb management fees and operating expenses at its discretion and stop waiving or absorbing such fees at any time without notice.

Mackenzie may charge a reduced management fee rate with respect to investments in the ETF by large investors, including other funds managed by Mackenzie or affiliates of Mackenzie. An amount equal to the difference between the fee otherwise chargeable and the reduced fee will be distributed in cash to those unitholders by the ETF as a management fee distribution. Refer to Note 11 for the management fee rates charged to units of the ETF.

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2025

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7. Units and Unit Transactions

Mackenzie, on behalf of the ETF, has entered into a designated broker agreement with one or more designated brokers pursuant to which the designated broker has agreed to perform certain duties relating to the ETF including, without limitation: (i) to subscribe for a sufficient number of units to satisfy the Exchange's original listing requirements; (ii) to subscribe for units on an ongoing basis in connection with any rebalancing event, as applicable, and when cash redemptions of units occur; and (iii) to post a liquid two-way market for the trading of units on the Exchange. In accordance with the designated broker agreement, Mackenzie may from time to time require the designated broker to subscribe for units of the ETF for cash.

The number of units issued/redeemed for subscription/redemption orders (the "Prescribed Number of Units") is determined by Mackenzie. On any trading day, a designated broker may place a subscription or redemption order for any multiple of the Prescribed Number of Units of the ETF based on the NAV per unit determined on the applicable trading day. A trading day is each day on which the Exchange is opened for business.

Generally, all orders to purchase units directly from an ETF must be placed by a designated broker or a dealer. The ETF reserves the absolute right to reject any subscription order placed by a designated broker or a dealer. No fees will be payable by the ETF to a designated broker or a dealer in connection with the issuance of units. On the issuance of units, an amount may be charged to a designated broker or a dealer to offset the expenses incurred in issuing the units.

For each Prescribed Number of Units issued, a dealer must deliver payment consisting of: (i) a basket of securities and cash equal to the aggregate NAV per unit of the Prescribed Number of Units next determined following the receipt of the subscription order; (ii) cash in an amount equal to the aggregate NAV per unit of the Prescribed Number of Units next determined following the receipt of the subscription order; or (iii) a combination of securities and cash, as determined by Mackenzie, in an amount sufficient so that the value of the securities and cash received is equal to the aggregate NAV per unit of the Prescribed Number of Units next determined following the receipt of the subscription order.

8. ETF's Capital

The capital of the ETF is comprised of the net assets attributable to unitholders. The units outstanding for the ETF as at March 31, 2025 and 2024 and units issued, reinvested and redeemed for the periods are presented in the Statement of Changes in Financial Position. Mackenzie manages the capital of the ETF in accordance with the investment objectives as discussed in Note 11.

9. Financial Instruments Risk

(a) Risk exposure and management

The ETF's investment activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, as defined in IFRS 7, *Financial Instruments: Disclosures* ("IFRS 7"). The ETF's exposure to financial risks is concentrated in its investments, which are presented in the Schedule of Investments, as at March 31, 2025, grouped by asset type, with geographic and sector information.

Mackenzie seeks to minimize potential adverse effects of financial risks on the ETF's performance by employing professional, experienced portfolio advisors, by monitoring the ETF's positions and market events daily, by diversifying the investment portfolio within the constraints of the ETF's investment objectives, and where applicable, by using derivatives to hedge certain risk exposures. To assist in managing risks, Mackenzie also maintains a governance structure that oversees the ETF's investment activities and monitors compliance with the ETF's stated investment strategy, internal guidelines, and securities regulations.

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises when the ETF encounters difficulty in meeting its financial obligations as they become due. The ETF is exposed to liquidity risk due to potential daily cash redemptions of redeemable units. In accordance with securities regulations, the ETF must maintain at least 85% of its assets in liquid investments (i.e., investments that can be readily sold). The ETF also has the ability to borrow up to 5% of its net assets for the purposes of funding redemptions and an additional 5% of its net assets for the purpose of funding distributions paid to its investors.

(c) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that financial instruments which are denominated or exchanged in a currency other than the Canadian dollar, which is the ETF's functional currency, will fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates. Generally, foreign denominated investments increase in value when the value of the Canadian dollar (relative to foreign currencies) falls. Conversely, when the value of the Canadian dollar rises relative to foreign currencies, the values of foreign denominated investments fall.

Note 11 indicates the foreign currencies, if applicable, to which the ETF had significant exposure, including both monetary and non-monetary financial instruments, and illustrates the potential impact, in Canadian dollar terms, to the ETF's net assets had the Canadian dollar strengthened or weakened by 5% relative to all foreign currencies, all other variables held constant. In practice, the actual trading results may differ and the difference could be material.

The ETF's sensitivity to currency risk illustrated in Note 11 includes potential indirect impacts from underlying ETFs in which the ETF invests, and/or derivative contracts including forward currency contracts. Other financial assets and liabilities (including dividends and interest receivable, and receivables/payables for investments sold/purchased) that are denominated in foreign currencies do not expose the ETF to significant currency risk.

(d) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises on interest-bearing financial instruments. The ETF is exposed to the risk that the value of interest-bearing financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in the prevailing levels of market interest rates. Generally, these securities increase in value when interest rates fall and decrease in value when interest rates rise.

If significant, Note 11 summarizes the ETF's interest-bearing financial instruments by remaining term to maturity and illustrates the potential impact to the ETF's net assets had prevailing interest rates increased or decreased by 1%, assuming a parallel shift in the yield curve, all other variables held constant. The ETF's sensitivity to interest rate changes was estimated using weighted average duration. In practice, the actual trading results may differ and the difference could be material.

The ETF's sensitivity to interest rate risk illustrated in Note 11 includes potential indirect impacts from underlying ETFs in which the ETF invests, and/or derivative contracts. Cash and cash equivalents and other money market instruments are short term in nature and are not generally subject to significant amounts of interest rate risk.

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2025

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Financial Instruments Risk (cont'd)

(e) Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether caused by factors specific to an individual investment, its issuer, or all factors affecting all instruments traded in a market or market segment. All investments present a risk of loss of capital. This risk is managed through a careful selection of investments and other financial instruments within the parameters of the investment strategies. Except for certain derivative contracts, the maximum risk resulting from financial instruments is equivalent to their fair value. The maximum risk of loss on certain derivative contracts such as forwards, swaps, and futures contracts is equal to their notional values. In the case of written call (put) options and short futures contracts, the loss to the ETF continues to increase, theoretically without limit, as the fair value of the underlying interest increases (decreases). However, these instruments are generally used within the overall investment management process to manage the risk from the underlying investments and do not typically increase the overall risk of loss to the ETF. This risk is mitigated by ensuring that the ETF holds a combination of the underlying interest, cash cover and/or margin that is equal to or greater than the value of the derivative contract.

Other price risk typically arises from exposure to equity and commodity securities. If significant, Note 11 illustrates the potential increase or decrease in the ETF's net assets, had the prices on the respective exchanges for these securities increased or decreased by 10%, all other variables held constant. In practice, the actual trading results may differ and the difference could be material.

The ETF's sensitivity to other price risk illustrated in Note 11 includes potential indirect impacts from underlying ETFs in which the ETF invests, and/or derivative contracts.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the ETF. Note 11 summarizes the ETF's exposure, if applicable and significant, to credit risk.

If presented, credit ratings and rating categories are based on ratings issued by a designated rating organization. Indirect exposure to credit risk may arise from fixedincome securities, such as bonds, held by underlying ETFs, if any. The fair value of debt securities includes consideration of the creditworthiness of the debt issuer.

To minimize the possibility of settlement default, securities are exchanged for payment simultaneously, where market practices permit, through the facilities of a central depository and/or clearing agency where customary.

The carrying amount of investments and other assets represents the maximum credit risk exposure as at the date of the Statement of Financial Position. The ETF may enter into securities lending transactions with counterparties and it may also be exposed to credit risk from the counterparties to the derivative instruments it may use. Credit risk associated with these transactions is considered minimal as all counterparties have a rating equivalent to a designated rating organization's credit rating of not less than A-1 (low) on their short-term debt and of A on their long-term debt, as applicable.

Underlying ETFs

The ETF may invest in underlying ETFs and may be indirectly exposed to currency risk, interest rate risk, other price risk and credit risk from fluctuations in the value of financial instruments held by the underlying ETFs. Note 11 summarizes the ETF's exposure, if applicable and significant, to these risks from underlying ETF.

10. Other Information

Abbreviations

Foreign currencies, if any, are presented in these financial statements using the following abbreviated currency codes:

Currency Code	Description	Currency Code	Description	Currency Code	Description
AUD	Australian dollars	HUF	Hungarian forint	PLN	Polish zloty
AED	United Arab Emirates Dirham	IDR	Indonesian rupiah	QAR	Qatar Rial
BRL	Brazilian real	ILS	Israeli shekel	RON	Romanian leu
CAD	Canadian dollars	INR	Indian rupee	RUB	Russian ruble
CHF	Swiss franc	JPY	Japanese yen	SAR	Saudi riyal
CZK	Czech koruna	KOR	South Korean won	SEK	Swedish krona
CLP	Chilean peso	MXN	Mexican peso	SGD	Singapore dollars
CNY	Chinese yuan	MYR	Malaysian ringgit	ТНВ	Thailand baht
СОР	Colombian peso	NGN	Nigerian naira	TRL	Turkish lira
DKK	Danish krone	NOK	Norwegian krona	USD	United States dollars
EGP	Egyptian pound	NTD	New Taiwan dollar	VND	Vietnamese dong
EUR	Euro	NZD	New Zealand dollars	ZAR	South African rand
GBP	United Kingdom pounds	PEN	Peruvian nuevo sol	ZMW	Zambian kwacha
GHS	Ghana Cedi	PHP	Philippine peso		
HKD	Hong Kong dollars	PKR	Pakistani rupee		

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2025

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11. ETF Specific Information (in '000, except for (a))

(a) ETF Formation and Series Information

Date of Formation: June 25, 2019

The ETF may issue an unlimited number of units. The number of issued and outstanding units is disclosed in the Statements of Changes in Financial Position.

CAD Units were listed on the TSX under the symbol QEBL on October 24, 2019. The closing market price, or the midpoint of the bid and ask prices in the absence of a closing market price, at March 31, 2025 was \$77.89 (2024 – \$71.06).

The management fee rate for CAD Units is 0.45%.

As at March 31, 2025, the ETF's NAV per unit was 78.13 (2024 - 1.18) and its Net Assets per unit calculated in accordance with IFRS was 78.13 (2024 - 1.18).

(b) Tax Loss Carryforwards

Expiration Date of Non-Capital Losses

C	Total Capital Loss \$	Total Non-Capital Loss \$	2031 \$	2032 \$	2033 \$	2034 \$	2035 \$	2036 \$	2037 \$	2038 \$	2039 \$	2040 \$	2041 \$	2042 \$	2043 \$	2044 \$	
1/	40,595	_	_	_	_	_	_			_					_		•

(c) Securities Lending

As at March 31, 2025 and 2024, the ETF did not have any open securities lending, repurchase or reverse repurchase transactions.

(d) Commissions

For the periods ended March 31, 2025, and 2024, commissions paid by the ETF did not generate any third-party services that were provided or paid for by brokers.

(e) Risks Associated with Financial Instruments

i. Risk exposure and management

The ETF seeks to replicate, to the extent reasonably possible and before fees and expenses, the performance of the Solactive EM Local Currency Government Bond Select NTR Index, or any successor thereto. It invests primarily in local currency denominated, emerging market government bonds.

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2025

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 11. ETF Specific Information (in '000, except for (a)) (cont'd)
- (e) Risks Associated with Financial Instruments (cont'd)

ii. Currency risk

The tables below summarize the ETF's exposure to currency risk.

			Marc	h 31, 2025				
-						Impact on	net assets	
Currency	Investments (\$)	Cash and Short-Term Investments (\$)	Derivative Instruments (\$)	Net Exposure* (\$)	Strengthen	ed by 5% (%)	Weakene (\$)	d by 5% (%)
KOR	3,475	45		3,520	(17	(,,,	117	(,-,
BRL	3,434	_	_	3,434				
INR	3,406	_	_	3,406				
IDR	3,361	_	_	3,361				
CNY	3,464	1	(198)	3,267				
MXN	3,134	26	_	3,160				
THB	3,122	_	_	3,122				
ZAR	2,246	28	_	2,274				
MYR	1,823	76	_	1,899				
PHP	1,448	_	263	1,711				
CZK	1,434	16	_	1,450				
COP	1,048	3	_	1,051				
RON	967	_	_	967				
HUF	644	_	_	644				
PEN	618	18	_	636				
TRL	139	_	363	502				
USD	_	699	(428)	271				
Total	33,763	912	_	34,675				
% of Net Assets	96.0	2.6	_	98.6				
Total currency rate sensitivit	ty				(1,734)	(4.9)	1,734	4.9

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2025

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 11. ETF Specific Information (in '000, except for (a)) (cont'd)
- (e) Risks Associated with Financial Instruments (cont'd)

ii. Currency risk (cont'd)

March 31, 2024

-								
				_		Impact on	net assets	
Currency	Investments (\$)	Cash and Short-Term Investments (\$)	Derivative Instruments (\$)	Net Exposure* (\$)	Strengther	ned by 5% (%)	Weakene	d by 5% (%)
BRL	1,728	922	23	2,673	i		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
MXN	1,834	13	_	1,847				
KOR	1,772	_	_	1,772				
MYR	1,752	13	_	1,765				
CNY	1,743	_	_	1,743				
IDR	1,721	_	_	1,721				
THB	1,513	(65)	_	1,448				
ZAR	1,126	16	_	1,142				
PHP	768	_	232	1,000				
CZK	833	(20)	_	813				
USD	_	1,205	(422)	783				
COP	657	3	_	660				
RON	522	_	_	522				
HUF	417	_	_	417				
PEN	333	3	_	336				
TRL	112	_	167	279				
CLP	250	_	_	250				
EUR	_	2	_	2				
Total	17,081	2,092	_	19,173				
% of Net Assets	91.8	11.2	_	103.0		· ·		
Total currency rate sensitivit	у				(959)	(5.2)	959	5.2

^{*} Includes both monetary and non-monetary financial instruments

iii. Interest rate risk

The tables below summarize the ETF's exposure to interest rate risks from its investments in bonds by term to maturity.

		Derivative	Impact on net assets				
	Bonds	Instruments	Increase by 1%		Decrease by 1%		
March 31, 2025	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(%)	(\$)	(%)	
Less than 1 year	1,739	_					
1-5 years	9,359	_					
5-10 years	12,303	_					
Greater than 10 years	8,808	_					
Total	32,209	_					
Total sensitivity to interest rate changes			(2,022)	(5.8)	2,022	5.8	

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2025

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 11. ETF Specific Information (in '000, except for (a)) (cont'd)
- (e) Risks Associated with Financial Instruments (cont'd)

iii. Interest rate risk (cont'd)

		Derivative	Impact on net assets				
	Bonds	Instruments _	Increase by 1%		Decrease by 1%		
March 31, 2024	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(%)	(\$)	(%)	
Less than 1 year	295	_					
1-5 years	5,262	_					
5-10 years	5,398	_					
Greater than 10 years	5,204	_					
Total	16,159	_					
Total sensitivity to interest rate changes			(1,016)	(5.5)	1,016	5.5	

iv. Other price risk

As at March 31, 2025 and 2024, the ETF did not have a significant exposure to other price risk.

v. Credit risk

The ETF's greatest concentration of credit risk is in debt securities, such as bonds. The fair value of debt securities includes consideration of the creditworthiness of the debt issuer. The maximum exposure to any one debt issuer as at March 31, 2025, was 9.9% (2024 – 9.5%) of the net assets of the ETF.

As at March 31, 2025 and 2024, debt securities by credit rating are as follows:

	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Bond Rating*	% of Net Assets	% of Net Assets
AAA	14.4	9.8
AA	15.5	14.9
A	20.7	22.5
BBB	22.1	18.5
Less than BBB	11.8	10.4
Unrated	7.1	10.8
Total	91.6	86.9

^{*} Credit ratings and rating categories are based on ratings issued by a designated rating organization

(f) Fair Value Classification

The table below summarizes the fair value of the ETF's financial instruments using the fair value hierarchy described in note 3.

		March 31, 2025				March 31, 2024			
	Level 1 (\$)	Level 2 (\$)	Level 3 (\$)	Total (\$)	Level 1 (\$)	Level 2 (\$)	Level 3 (\$)	Total (\$)	
Bonds	_	32,209	_	32,209	_	16,159	_	16,159	
Derivative assets	_	60	_	60	_	6	_	6	
Derivative liabilities	_	(22)	_	(22)	_	(4)	_	(4)	
Short-term investments	_	1,554	_	1,554	_	922	_	922	
Total	_	33,801	_	33,801	_	17,083	_	17,083	

The ETF's policy is to recognize transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

During the periods, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2.

(g) Investments by the Manager and Affiliates

The investments held by the Manager, other funds managed by the Manager, and funds managed by affiliates of the Manager were as follows:

March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
(\$)	(\$)
_	_
2,070	1,662
10,642	7,978
	(\$) - 2,070

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2025

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 11. ETF Specific Information (in '000, except for (a)) (cont'd)
- (h) Offsetting of Financial Assets and Liabilities

The tables below present financial assets and financial liabilities that are subject to master netting arrangements or other similar agreements and the net impact on the ETF's Statements of Financial Position if all set-off rights were exercised as part of future events such as bankruptcy or termination of contracts. No amounts were offset in the financial statements.

	March 31, 2025						
	Gross amount of assets/liabilities (\$)	Amount available for offset (\$)	Margin (\$)	Net amount (\$)			
Unrealized gains on derivative contracts	60	(22)	-	38			
Unrealized losses on derivative contracts	(22)	22	_	-			
Liability for options written	_	_	_	_			
Total	38	_	_	38			

	March 31, 2024						
	Gross amount of assets/liabilities (\$)	Amount available for offset (\$)	Margin (\$)	Net amount (\$)			
Unrealized gains on derivative contracts	6	(4)	-	2			
Unrealized losses on derivative contracts	(4)	4	-	_			
Liability for options written	_	_	-	-			
Total	2	-	-	2			

⁽i) Interest in Unconsolidated Structured Entities

As at March 31, 2025 and 2024, the ETF had no investments in Underlying Funds.