

# MACKENZIE US TIPS INDEX ETF (CAD-HEDGED)

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2020

TRADITIONAL FIXED INCOME INDEX ETF

## MANAGEMENT REPORT

### Management's Responsibility for Financial Reporting

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared by Mackenzie Financial Corporation, as Manager of Mackenzie US TIPS Index ETF (CAD-Hedged) (the "ETF"). The Manager is responsible for the integrity, objectivity and reliability of the data presented. This responsibility includes selecting appropriate accounting principles and making judgments and estimates consistent with International Financial Reporting Standards. The Manager is also responsible for the development of internal controls over the financial reporting process, which are designed to provide reasonable assurance that relevant and reliable financial information is produced.

The Board of Directors (the "Board") of Mackenzie Financial Corporation is responsible for reviewing and approving the financial statements and overseeing the Manager's performance of its financial reporting responsibilities. The Board is assisted in discharging this responsibility by an Audit Committee, which reviews the financial statements and recommends them for approval by the Board. The Audit Committee also meets regularly with the Manager, internal auditors and external auditors to discuss internal controls over the financial reporting process, auditing matters and financial reporting issues.

Deloitte LLP is the external auditor of the ETF. It is appointed by the Board. The external auditor has audited the financial statements in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards to enable it to express to the securityholders its opinion on the financial statements. Its report is set out below.

On behalf of Mackenzie Financial Corporation,  
Manager of the ETF



Barry McInerney  
President and Chief Executive Officer



Terry Rountes  
Chief Financial Officer, Funds

July 13, 2020

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Securityholders of Mackenzie US TIPS Index ETF (CAD-Hedged) (the "ETF")

### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the ETF, which comprise the statements of financial position as at March 31, 2020 and 2019, and the statements of comprehensive income, changes in financial position and cash flows for the periods then ended, as indicated in Note 1, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies (collectively referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the ETF as at March 31, 2020 and 2019, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the periods then ended, as indicated in Note 1, in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards ("Canadian GAAS"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the ETF in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information which comprises the Management Report of Fund Performance.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not and will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

We obtained the Management Report of Fund Performance prior to the date of this auditor's report. If, based on the work we have performed on this other information, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact in this auditor's report. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (cont'd)

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the ETF's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the ETF or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the ETF's financial reporting process.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian GAAS, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the ETF's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ETF's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the ETF to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Mervyn Ramos.

*Deloitte LLP*

Chartered Professional Accountants  
Licensed Public Accountants  
Toronto, Ontario  
July 13, 2020



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# MACKENZIE US TIPS INDEX ETF (CAD-HEDGED)

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## STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

*In thousands (except per unit figures)  
As at March 31*

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
<b>ASSETS</b>		
<b>Current assets</b>		
Investments at fair value	592,983	91,692
Cash and cash equivalents	718	37
Accrued interest receivable	1,086	165
Accounts receivable for investments sold	24,595	2,497
Accounts receivable for units issued	12,204	3,907
Unrealized gains on derivative contracts	7,871	50
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>639,457</b>	<b>98,348</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>		
<b>Current liabilities</b>		
Accounts payable for investments purchased	–	5,377
Accounts payable for units redeemed	–	–
Due to manager	42	12
Unrealized losses on derivative contracts	37,406	1,077
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>37,448</b>	<b>6,466</b>
<b>Net assets attributable to unitholders</b>	<b>602,009</b>	<b>91,882</b>
<b>Net assets attributable to unitholders per series (note 3)</b>		
Series E	602,009	91,882
<b>Net assets attributable to unitholders per unit (note 3)</b>		
Series E	101.69	97.75

## STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

*For the periods ended March 31 (note 1)  
In thousands (except per unit figures)*

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
<b>Income</b>		
Interest income	8,505	563
Other changes in fair value of investments and other net assets		
Net realized gain (loss)	(7,960)	(450)
Net unrealized gain (loss)	16,610	1,526
Other	457	31
<b>Total income (loss)</b>	<b>17,612</b>	<b>1,670</b>
<b>Expenses (note 6)</b>		
Management fees	653	87
Management fee rebates	(90)	(33)
Interest charges	4	–
Commissions and other portfolio transaction costs	12	2
Independent Review Committee fees	1	–
Other	1	–
<b>Expenses before amounts absorbed by Manager</b>	<b>581</b>	<b>56</b>
Expenses absorbed by Manager	–	–
<b>Net expenses</b>	<b>581</b>	<b>56</b>
<b>Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations before tax</b>	<b>17,031</b>	<b>1,614</b>
Foreign withholding taxes	–	–
Foreign income taxes paid (recovered)	–	–
<b>Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations</b>	<b>17,031</b>	<b>1,614</b>
<b>Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations per series</b>		
Series E	17,031	1,614
<b>Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations per unit</b>		
Series E	4.79	4.05

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.



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# MACKENZIE US TIPS INDEX ETF (CAD-HEDGED)

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## STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN FINANCIAL POSITION

For the periods ended March 31 (note 1)  
In thousands

	2020	2019
	<u>Series E</u>	
<b>NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS</b>	<b>\$</b>	
<b>Beginning of period</b>	<b>91,882</b>	<b>7,922</b>
Increase (decrease) in net assets from operations	17,031	1,614
Distributions paid to unitholders:		
Investment income	(6,571)	(984)
Capital gains	-	-
Management fee rebates	(90)	(33)
Total distributions paid to unitholders	<u>(6,661)</u>	<u>(1,017)</u>
Unit transactions:		
Proceeds from units issued	552,256	83,363
Reinvested distributions	-	-
Payments on redemption of units	(52,499)	-
Total unit transactions	<u>499,757</u>	<u>83,363</u>
<b>Total increase (decrease) in net assets</b>	<b><u>510,127</u></b>	<b><u>83,960</u></b>
<b>End of period</b>	<b><u>602,009</u></b>	<b><u>91,882</u></b>
<b>Increase (decrease) in units (note 7):</b>	<b>Units</b>	
<b>Units outstanding – beginning of period</b>	<b>940</b>	<b>80</b>
Issued	5,500	860
Reinvested distributions	-	-
Redeemed	(520)	-
<b>Units outstanding – end of period</b>	<b><u>5,920</u></b>	<b><u>940</u></b>

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# MACKENZIE US TIPS INDEX ETF (CAD-HEDGED)

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TRADITIONAL FIXED INCOME INDEX ETF

## STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the periods ended March 31 (note 1)  
In thousands

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>		
Net increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations	17,031	1,614
Adjustments for:		
Net realized loss (gain) on investments	(5,955)	(249)
Change in net unrealized loss (gain) on investments	(16,610)	(1,526)
Purchase of investments	(603,771)	(68,289)
Proceeds from sale and maturity of investments	125,805	15,223
Change in accrued interest receivable	(921)	(148)
Change in due to manager	30	11
<b>Net cash from operating activities</b>	<b>(484,391)</b>	<b>(53,364)</b>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>		
Proceeds from units issued	543,959	54,349
Payments on redemption of units	(52,499)	–
Distributions paid net of reinvestments	(6,661)	(1,017)
<b>Net cash from financing activities</b>	<b>484,799</b>	<b>53,332</b>
<b>Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>408</b>	<b>(32)</b>
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	37	69
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash and cash equivalents	273	–
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at end of period</b>	<b>718</b>	<b>37</b>
Cash	718	37
Cash equivalents	–	–
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at end of period</b>	<b>718</b>	<b>37</b>
<b>Supplementary disclosures on cash flow from operating activities:</b>		
Dividends received	–	–
Foreign taxes paid	–	–
Interest received	7,584	415
Interest paid	4	–

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# MACKENZIE US TIPS INDEX ETF (CAD-HEDGED)

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## SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS

As at March 31, 2020

	Country	Sector	Par Value/ No. of Shares/Units	Average Cost (\$ 000s)	Fair Value (\$ 000s)
<b>BONDS</b>					
United States Treasury 0.13% 04-15-2020 Inflation Indexed	United States	Foreign Governments	USD 200	–	–
United States Treasury 0.13% 04-15-2021 Inflation Indexed	United States	Foreign Governments	USD 13,270,000	18,787	19,920
United States Treasury 0.63% 07-15-2021 Inflation Indexed	United States	Foreign Governments	USD 11,354,000	17,256	18,114
United States Treasury 0.13% 01-15-2022 Inflation Indexed	United States	Foreign Governments	USD 12,560,000	18,655	19,866
United States Treasury 0.13% 04-15-2022 Inflation Indexed	United States	Foreign Governments	USD 14,718,000	20,479	21,668
United States Treasury 0.13% 07-15-2022 Inflation Indexed	United States	Foreign Governments	USD 12,834,000	18,939	20,070
United States Treasury 0.13% 01-15-2023 Inflation Indexed	United States	Foreign Governments	USD 13,237,000	19,416	20,567
United States Treasury 0.63% 04-15-2023 Inflation Indexed	United States	Foreign Governments	USD 15,238,000	21,280	22,433
United States Treasury 0.38% 07-15-2023 Inflation Indexed	United States	Foreign Governments	USD 13,952,000	20,570	21,889
United States Treasury 0.63% 01-15-2024 Inflation Indexed	United States	Foreign Governments	USD 15,185,000	22,452	24,012
United States Treasury 0.50% 04-15-2024 Inflation Indexed	United States	Foreign Governments	USD 7,252,000	10,033	10,589
United States Treasury 0.13% 07-15-2024 Inflation Indexed	United States	Foreign Governments	USD 10,575,000	15,146	16,203
United States Treasury 0.13% 10-15-2024 Inflation Indexed	United States	Foreign Governments	USD 6,658,000	8,910	9,536
United States Treasury 0.25% 01-15-2025 Inflation Indexed	United States	Foreign Governments	USD 14,549,000	21,018	22,501
United States Treasury 2.38% 01-15-2025 Inflation Indexed	United States	Foreign Governments	USD 8,541,000	17,097	18,244
United States Treasury 0.38% 07-15-2025 Inflation Indexed	United States	Foreign Governments	USD 12,592,000	18,409	19,662
United States Treasury 0.63% 01-15-2026 Inflation Indexed	United States	Foreign Governments	USD 14,030,000	20,574	22,141
United States Treasury 2.00% 01-15-2026 Inflation Indexed	United States	Foreign Governments	USD 6,007,800	11,405	12,224
United States Treasury 0.13% 07-15-2026 Inflation Indexed	United States	Foreign Governments	USD 10,558,000	14,920	16,133
United States Treasury 0.38% 01-15-2027 Inflation Indexed	United States	Foreign Governments	USD 11,996,000	17,055	18,450
United States Treasury 2.85% 01-15-2027 Inflation Indexed	United States	Foreign Governments	USD 4,316,000	8,347	9,004
United States Treasury 0.38% 07-15-2027 Inflation Indexed	United States	Foreign Governments	USD 10,180,000	14,321	15,536
United States Treasury 0.50% 01-15-2028 Inflation Indexed	United States	Foreign Governments	USD 7,187,000	10,179	11,017
United States Treasury 1.75% 01-15-2028 Inflation Indexed	United States	Foreign Governments	USD 6,097,000	11,140	12,012
United States Treasury 3.63% 04-15-2028 Inflation Indexed	United States	Foreign Governments	USD 3,979,000	10,680	11,490
United States Treasury 0.75% 07-15-2028 Inflation Indexed	United States	Foreign Governments	USD 12,017,000	16,660	18,587
United States Treasury 0.87% 01-15-2029 Inflation Indexed	United States	Foreign Governments	USD 8,795,000	12,600	13,737
United States Treasury 2.50% 01-15-2029 Inflation Indexed	United States	Foreign Governments	USD 6,524,900	12,462	13,529
United States Treasury 3.88% 04-15-2029 Inflation Indexed	United States	Foreign Governments	USD 3,451,000	9,497	10,266
United States Treasury 0.25% 07-15-2029 Inflation Indexed	United States	Foreign Governments	USD 11,537,000	15,775	17,003
United States Treasury 0.12% 01-15-2030 Inflation Indexed	United States	Foreign Governments	USD 4,072,000	5,718	5,917
United States Treasury 3.38% 04-15-2032 Inflation Indexed	United States	Foreign Governments	USD 2,164,900	5,675	6,251
United States Treasury 2.13% 02-15-2040 Inflation Indexed	United States	Foreign Governments	USD 2,442,000	4,925	5,732
United States Treasury 2.13% 02-15-2041 Inflation Indexed	United States	Foreign Governments	USD 2,971,000	6,022	6,860
United States Treasury 0.75% 02-15-2042 Inflation Indexed	United States	Foreign Governments	USD 3,935,000	6,300	7,083
United States Treasury 0.63% 02-15-2043 Inflation Indexed	United States	Foreign Governments	USD 4,343,600	6,207	7,533
United States Treasury 1.38% 02-15-2044 Inflation Indexed	United States	Foreign Governments	USD 9,875,000	16,594	19,725
United States Treasury 0.75% 02-15-2045 Inflation Indexed	United States	Foreign Governments	USD 7,744,000	11,423	13,656
United States Treasury 1.02% 02-15-2046 Inflation Indexed	United States	Foreign Governments	USD 4,332,000	6,797	8,070
United States Treasury 0.89% 02-15-2047 Inflation Indexed	United States	Foreign Governments	USD 3,482,000	5,518	6,237
United States Treasury 1.01% 02-15-2048 Inflation Indexed	United States	Foreign Governments	USD 5,472,000	8,290	9,922
United States Treasury 1.00% 02-15-2049 Inflation Indexed	United States	Foreign Governments	USD 5,350,000	7,773	9,594
<b>Total bonds</b>				<b>545,304</b>	<b>592,983</b>



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# MACKENZIE US TIPS INDEX ETF (CAD-HEDGED)

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TRADITIONAL FIXED INCOME INDEX ETF

## SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (cont'd)

As at March 31, 2020

	Country	Sector	Par Value/ No. of Shares/Units	Average Cost (\$ 000s)	Fair Value (\$ 000s)
Transaction costs				—	—
<b>Total investments</b>				<b>545,304</b>	<b>592,983</b>
Derivative instruments (see schedule of derivative instruments)					(29,535)
Cash and cash equivalents					718
Other assets less liabilities					37,843
<b>Total net assets</b>					<b>602,009</b>



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# MACKENZIE US TIPS INDEX ETF (CAD-HEDGED)

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## SUMMARY OF INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO

March 31, 2020	
Portfolio Allocation	% of NAV
Bonds	98.5
Other assets (liabilities)	1.4
Cash and short-term investments	0.1

Regional Allocation	
	% of NAV
United States	98.5
Other assets (liabilities)	1.4
Cash and short-term investments	0.1

Sector Allocation	
	% of NAV
Foreign government bonds	98.5
Other assets (liabilities)	1.4
Cash and short-term investments	0.1

March 31, 2019	
Portfolio Allocation	% of NAV
Bonds	99.8
Cash and short-term investments	0.1
Other assets (liabilities)	0.1

Regional Allocation	
	% of NAV
United States	99.8
Cash and short-term investments	0.1
Other assets (liabilities)	0.1

Sector Allocation	
	% of NAV
Foreign government bonds	99.8
Cash and short-term investments	0.1
Other assets (liabilities)	0.1



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# MACKENZIE US TIPS INDEX ETF (CAD-HEDGED)

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## SCHEDULE OF DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

As at March 31, 2020

### Schedule of Forward Currency Contracts

Counterparty Credit Rating	Bought (\$ 000s)		Sold (\$ 000s)		Settlement Date	Contract Cost (\$ 000s)	Current Fair Value (\$ 000s)	Unrealized Gains (Losses) (\$ 000s)
A	2,056	U.S. dollar	(2,758)	Canadian dollar	Apr. 2, 2020	2,758	2,893	135
A	7	U.S. dollar	(9)	Canadian dollar	Apr. 2, 2020	9	9	–
A	2,929	U.S. dollar	(4,026)	Canadian dollar	Apr. 2, 2020	4,026	4,122	96
A	7,297	U.S. dollar	(10,221)	Canadian dollar	Apr. 2, 2020	10,221	10,269	48
A	212,534	Canadian dollar	(149,282)	U.S. dollar	May 4, 2020	(212,534)	(210,004)	2,530
A	135,687	Canadian dollar	(95,303)	U.S. dollar	May 4, 2020	(135,687)	(134,067)	1,620
AA	152,840	Canadian dollar	(107,353)	U.S. dollar	May 4, 2020	(152,840)	(151,019)	1,821
A	136,022	Canadian dollar	(95,540)	U.S. dollar	May 4, 2020	(136,022)	(134,401)	1,621
Unrealized Gains								7,871
A	211,026	Canadian dollar	(156,866)	U.S. dollar	Apr. 2, 2020	(211,026)	(220,757)	(9,731)
AA	159,246	Canadian dollar	(118,376)	U.S. dollar	Apr. 2, 2020	(159,246)	(166,589)	(7,343)
A	124,778	Canadian dollar	(92,752)	U.S. dollar	Apr. 2, 2020	(124,778)	(130,530)	(5,752)
A	125,052	Canadian dollar	(92,958)	U.S. dollar	Apr. 2, 2020	(125,052)	(130,820)	(5,768)
A	7,086	Canadian dollar	(5,280)	U.S. dollar	Apr. 2, 2020	(7,086)	(7,430)	(344)
A	1,996	Canadian dollar	(1,493)	U.S. dollar	Apr. 2, 2020	(1,996)	(2,101)	(105)
A	1,526	Canadian dollar	(1,139)	U.S. dollar	Apr. 2, 2020	(1,526)	(1,603)	(77)
A	2,030	Canadian dollar	(1,512)	U.S. dollar	Apr. 2, 2020	(2,030)	(2,128)	(98)
A	1,753	Canadian dollar	(1,276)	U.S. dollar	Apr. 2, 2020	(1,753)	(1,795)	(42)
AA	1,817	Canadian dollar	(1,293)	U.S. dollar	Apr. 2, 2020	(1,817)	(1,820)	(3)
A	4,039	Canadian dollar	(2,888)	U.S. dollar	Apr. 2, 2020	(4,039)	(4,064)	(25)
AA	1,152	U.S. dollar	(1,669)	Canadian dollar	Apr. 2, 2020	1,669	1,621	(48)
AA	6,272	U.S. dollar	(8,950)	Canadian dollar	Apr. 2, 2020	8,950	8,826	(124)
AA	7,780	U.S. dollar	(11,270)	Canadian dollar	Apr. 2, 2020	11,270	10,948	(322)
A	863	U.S. dollar	(1,226)	Canadian dollar	Apr. 2, 2020	1,226	1,215	(11)
A	149,282	U.S. dollar	(212,623)	Canadian dollar	Apr. 2, 2020	212,623	210,085	(2,538)
A	95,303	U.S. dollar	(135,739)	Canadian dollar	Apr. 2, 2020	135,739	134,119	(1,620)
AA	107,353	U.S. dollar	(152,902)	Canadian dollar	Apr. 2, 2020	152,902	151,077	(1,825)
A	95,540	U.S. dollar	(136,078)	Canadian dollar	Apr. 2, 2020	136,078	134,453	(1,625)
A	22,101	U.S. dollar	(31,096)	Canadian dollar	May 4, 2020	31,096	31,091	(5)
Unrealized (Losses)								(37,406)
<b>Total forward currency contracts</b>								<b>(29,535)</b>
<b>Total derivative instruments at fair value</b>								<b>(29,535)</b>



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## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 1. Fiscal Periods and General Information

The information provided in these financial statements and notes thereto is for the periods ended or as at March 31, 2020 and 2019, as applicable. In the year an exchange-traded fund (“the ETF”) is established, ‘period’ represents the period from inception to the period end of that fiscal year. Refer to Note 10 for the formation date of the ETF.

The ETF is organized as an open-ended mutual fund trust established under the laws of the Province of Ontario pursuant to a Declaration of Trust as amended and restated from time to time. The address of the ETF’s registered office is 180 Queen Street West, Toronto, Ontario, Canada. The ETF is authorized to issue an unlimited number of units for sale under a Prospectus. The units of the ETF are listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange/Aequitas NEO Exchange (“the Exchange”).

Mackenzie Financial Corporation (“Mackenzie”) is the manager of the ETF and is wholly owned by IGM Financial Inc., a subsidiary of Power Corporation of Canada. Investments in companies within the Power Group of companies held by the ETF are identified in the Schedule of Investments.

### 2. Basis of Preparation and Presentation

These audited annual financial statements (“financial statements”) have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”). A summary of the ETF’s significant accounting policies under IFRS is presented in Note 3.

These financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the ETF’s functional and presentation currency, and rounded to the nearest thousand unless otherwise indicated. These financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis using the historical cost basis, except for financial assets and liabilities that have been measured at fair value.

These financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors of Mackenzie Financial Corporation on July 13, 2020.

### 3. Significant Accounting Policies

#### (a) Financial instruments

Financial instruments include financial assets and liabilities such as debt and equity securities, open-ended investment funds and derivatives. The ETF classifies and measures financial instruments in accordance with IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* (“IFRS 9”). Upon initial recognition, financial instruments are classified as fair value through profit or loss (“FVTPL”). All financial instruments are recognized in the Statement of Financial Position when the ETF becomes a party to the contractual requirements of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognized when the right to receive cash flows from the instrument has expired or the ETF has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Financial liabilities are derecognized when the obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires. As such, investment purchase and sale transactions are recorded as of the trade date.

Financial instruments are subsequently measured at FVTPL with changes in fair value recognized in the Statement of Comprehensive Income – Other changes in fair value of investments and other net assets – Net unrealized gain (loss).

The ETF’s redeemable units are held by different types of unitholders that are entitled to different redemption rights. Unitholders may redeem units of the ETF at a redemption price per unit equal to 95% of the closing price of the units on the Exchange on the effective day of the redemption, subject to a maximum redemption price of the applicable NAV per unit. These different redemption features create equally subordinate but not identical units of the ETF which therefore meet the criteria for classification as financial liabilities under IAS 32, *Financial Instruments: Presentation*. The ETF’s obligation for net assets attributable to unitholders is presented at the redemption amount. Refer to Note 7 for details of subscriptions and redemptions of the ETF’s units.

IAS 7, *Statement of Cash Flows*, requires disclosures related to changes in liabilities and assets, such as the units of the ETF, arising from financing activities. Changes in units of the ETF, including both changes from cash flows and non-cash changes, are included in the Statement of Changes in Financial Position. Any changes in the units not settled in cash as at the end of the period are presented as either Accounts receivable for units issued or Accounts payable for units redeemed in the Statement of Financial Position. These accounts receivable and accounts payable amounts typically settle shortly after period-end.

Realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments are calculated based on the weighted average cost of investments and exclude commissions and other portfolio transaction costs, which are separately reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Income – Commissions and other portfolio transaction costs.

Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the investments are included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the period in which they arise.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 3. Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

#### (a) Financial instruments (cont'd)

The ETF accounts for its holdings in unlisted open-ended investment funds and exchange-traded funds, if any, at FVTPL. Mackenzie has concluded that any unlisted open-ended investment funds and exchange-traded funds in which the ETF invests, do not meet either the definition of a structured entity or the definition of an associate.

#### (b) Fair value measurement

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Investments listed on a public securities exchange or traded on an over-the-counter market are valued on the basis of the last traded market price or close price recorded by the security exchange on which the security is principally traded, where this price falls within the quoted bid-ask spread for the investment. In circumstances where this price is not within the bid-ask spread, Mackenzie determines the point within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of fair value based on the specific facts and circumstances. Mutual fund securities of an underlying fund are valued on a business day at the price calculated by the manager of such underlying fund in accordance with the constating documents of such underlying fund. Unlisted or non-exchange traded investments, or investments where a last sale or close price is unavailable or investments for which market quotations are, in Mackenzie's opinion, inaccurate, unreliable, or not reflective of all available material information, are valued at their fair value as determined by Mackenzie using appropriate and accepted industry valuation techniques including valuation models. The fair value determined using valuation models requires the use of inputs and assumptions based on observable market data including volatility and other applicable rates or prices. In limited circumstances, the fair value may be determined using valuation techniques that are not supported by observable market data.

The cost of investments is determined on a weighted average cost basis.

Cash and cash equivalents which includes cash on deposit with financial institutions and short-term investments that are readily convertible to cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and are used by the ETF in the management of short-term commitments. Cash and cash equivalents are reported at fair value which closely approximates their amortized cost due to their nature of being highly liquid and having short terms to maturity. Bank overdraft positions are presented under current liabilities as bank indebtedness in the Statement of Financial Position.

The ETF may use derivatives (such as written options, futures, forward contracts, swaps or customized derivatives) to hedge against losses caused by changes in securities prices, interest rates or exchange rates. The ETF may also use derivatives for non-hedging purposes in order to invest indirectly in securities or financial markets, to gain exposure to other currencies, to seek to generate additional income, and/or for any other purpose considered appropriate by the ETF's portfolio manager(s), provided that the use of the derivative is consistent with the ETF's investment objectives. Any use of derivatives will comply with Canadian mutual fund laws, subject to the regulatory exemptions granted to the ETF, as applicable.

Valuations of derivative instruments are carried out daily, using normal exchange reporting sources for exchange-traded derivatives and specific broker enquiry for over-the-counter derivatives.

The value of forward contracts is the gain or loss that would be realized if, on the valuation date, the positions were to be closed out. The change in value of forward contracts is included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income – Other changes in fair value of investments and other net assets – Net unrealized gain (loss).

The value of futures contracts or swaps fluctuates daily, and cash settlements made daily, where applicable, by the ETF are equal to the unrealized gains or losses on a "mark to market" basis. These unrealized gains or losses are recorded and reported as such until the ETF closes out the contract or the contract expires. Margin paid or deposited in respect of futures contracts or swaps is reflected as a receivable in the Statement of Financial Position – Margin on derivatives. Any change in the variation margin requirement is settled daily.

Premiums received from writing options are included in the Statement of Financial Position as a liability and subsequently adjusted daily to fair value. If a written option expires unexercised, the premium received is recognized as a realized gain. If a written call option is exercised, the difference between the proceeds of the sale plus the value of the premium, and the cost of the security is recognized as a realized gain or loss. If a written put option is exercised, the cost of the security acquired is the exercise price of the option less the premium received.

Refer to the Schedule of Derivative Instruments and Schedule of Options Purchased/Written, as applicable, included in the Schedule of Investments for a listing of derivative and options positions as at March 31, 2020.

#### (c) Income recognition

Interest income from interest bearing investments is recognized using the effective interest method. Dividends are accrued as of the ex-dividend date. Realized gains or losses on the sale of investments, including foreign exchange gains or losses on such investments, are calculated on an average cost basis. Distributions received from an underlying fund are included in interest income, dividend income or realized gains (losses) on sale of investments, as appropriate.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 3. Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

(d) Commissions and other portfolio transaction costs

Commissions and other portfolio transaction costs are costs incurred to acquire, issue or dispose of financial assets or liabilities. They include fees and commissions paid to agents, advisers, brokers and dealers. Commissions may be paid to brokerage firms which provide (or pay for) certain services, other than order execution, which may include investment research, analysis and reports, and databases or software in support of these services. Where applicable and ascertainable, the value of third-party services that were paid for by brokers during the periods is disclosed in Note 10. The value of certain proprietary services provided by brokers cannot be reasonably estimated. Mackenzie may reimburse the ETF for certain commissions and other portfolio transaction costs. Mackenzie may make these reimbursements at its discretion and stop these reimbursements at any time without notice. Any such reimbursements are included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income – expenses absorbed by Manager.

(e) Securities lending, repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions

The ETF is permitted to enter into securities lending, repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions as set out in the ETF's Prospectus. These transactions involve the temporary exchange of securities for collateral with a commitment to redeliver the same securities on a future date. Securities lending transactions are administered by Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce (the "Securities Lending Agent"). The value of cash or securities held as collateral must be at least 102% of the fair value of the securities loaned, sold or purchased. Income is earned from these transactions in the form of fees paid by the counterparty and, in certain circumstances, interest paid on cash or securities held as collateral. Income earned from these transactions is included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income – Securities lending income and recognized when earned.

Note 10 summarizes the details of securities loaned and collateral received, as well as a reconciliation of securities lending income, if applicable.

(f) Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Financial Position only when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. In the normal course of business, the ETF enters into various master netting agreements or similar agreements that do not meet the criteria for offsetting in the Statement of Financial Position but still allow for the related amounts to be set off in certain circumstances, such as bankruptcy or termination of the contracts. Note 10 summarizes the details of such offsetting, if applicable.

Income and expenses are not offset in the Statement of Comprehensive Income unless required or permitted to by an accounting standard, as specifically disclosed in the IFRS policies of the ETF.

(g) Foreign currency

The functional and presentation currency of the ETF is Canadian dollars. Foreign currency purchases and sales of investments and foreign currency dividend and interest income and expenses are translated to Canadian dollars at the rate of exchange prevailing at the time of the transactions.

Foreign exchange gains (losses) on purchases and sales of foreign currencies are included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income – Other changes in fair value of investments and other net assets – Net realized gain (loss).

The fair value of investments and other assets and liabilities, denominated in foreign currencies, are translated to Canadian dollars at the rate of exchange prevailing on each business day.

(h) Net assets attributable to unitholders per unit

Net assets attributable to unitholders per unit is computed by dividing the net assets attributable to unitholders on a business day by the total number of units outstanding on that day.

(i) Net asset value per unit

The daily Net Asset Value ("NAV") of an investment fund may be calculated without reference to IFRS as per the Canadian Securities Administrators' ("CSA") regulations. The difference between NAV and Net assets attributable to unitholders (as reported in the financial statements), if any, is mainly due to differences in fair value of investments and other financial assets and liabilities. Refer to Note 10 for the ETF's NAV per unit.

(j) Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations per unit

Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations per unit in the Statement of Comprehensive Income represents the increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations for the period, divided by the weighted average number of units outstanding during the period.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 4. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments

The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that primarily affect the valuation of investments. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The outbreak of the novel coronavirus (COVID-19) developed rapidly over the first three months of 2020, with the World Health Organization declaring it a pandemic on March 11, 2020, and governments around the world enacting emergency measures that resulted in business disruptions, volatility in markets and a global economic slowdown.

The Manager uses judgment in assessing the impact from such events on assumptions and estimates applied in reporting the assets and liabilities in the ETF's financial statements at March 31, 2020.

The duration and impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on businesses and markets, and the extent of economic relief measures provided by governments and central banks, are unknown at the reporting date and it is therefore not possible to reliably estimate the impact on the financial results and position of the ETF in future periods.

#### Use of Estimates

##### *Fair value of securities not quoted in an active market*

The ETF may hold financial instruments that are not quoted in active markets and are valued using valuation techniques that make use of observable data, to the extent practicable. Various valuation techniques are utilized, depending on a number of factors, including comparison with similar instruments for which observable market prices exist and recent arm's length market transactions. Key inputs and assumptions used are company specific and may include estimated discount rates and expected price volatilities. Changes in key inputs, could affect the reported fair value of these financial instruments held by the ETF.

#### Use of Judgments

##### *Classification and measurement of investments and application of the fair value option*

In classifying and measuring financial instruments held by the ETF, Mackenzie is required to make significant judgments in order to determine the most appropriate classification in accordance with IFRS 9. Mackenzie has assessed the ETF's business model, the manner in which all financial instruments are managed and performance evaluated as a group on a fair value basis, and concluded that FVTPL in accordance with IFRS 9 provides the most appropriate measurement and presentation of the ETF's financial instruments.

##### *Functional currency*

The ETF's functional and presentation currency is the Canadian dollar, which is the currency considered to best represent the economic effects of the ETF's underlying transactions, events and conditions taking into consideration the manner in which units are issued and redeemed and how returns and performance by the ETF are measured.

##### *Structured entities and associates*

In determining whether an unlisted open-ended investment fund or an exchange-traded fund in which the ETF invests, but that it does not consolidate, meets the definitions of either a structured entity or of an associate, Mackenzie is required to make significant judgments about whether these underlying funds have the typical characteristics of a structured entity or of an associate. Mackenzie has assessed the characteristics of these underlying funds and has concluded that they do not meet the definition of either a structured entity or of an associate because the ETF does not have contracts or financing arrangements with these underlying funds and the ETF does not have an ability to influence the activities of these underlying funds or the returns it receives from investing in these underlying funds.

### 5. Income Taxes

The ETF qualifies as a mutual fund trust under the provisions of the Income Tax Act (Canada) and, accordingly, is subject to tax on its income including net realized capital gains in the taxation year, which is not paid or payable to its unitholders as at the end of the taxation year. It is the intention of the ETF to distribute all of its net income and sufficient net realized capital gains so that the ETF will not be subject to income taxes other than foreign withholding taxes, if applicable.

Losses of the ETF cannot be allocated to investors and are retained in the ETF for use in future years. Non-capital losses may be carried forward up to 20 years to reduce taxable income and realized capital gains of future years. Capital losses may be carried forward indefinitely to reduce future realized capital gains. Refer to Note 10 for the ETF's loss carryforwards.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 6. Management Fees and Operating Expenses

Mackenzie is paid a management fee for managing the investment portfolio, providing investment analysis and recommendations, making investment decisions and making brokerage arrangements relating to the purchase and sale of the investment portfolio. The management fee is calculated as a fixed annual percentage of the daily net asset value of the units of the ETF.

In addition to the applicable management fee, the operating expenses payable by the ETF include interest and borrowing costs, brokerage expenses and related transaction fees, fees and expenses relating to the operation of the Mackenzie ETFs' Independent Review Committee (IRC), fees under any derivative instrument used by the ETF, cost of complying with the regulatory requirement to produce summary documents, ETF facts or other similar disclosure documents, the costs of complying with governmental or regulatory requirements introduced after the date of the most recently filed prospectus, including, without limitation, any new fees or increases in fees, the fees related to external services that are not commonly charged in the Canadian exchange-traded fund industry after the date of the most recently filed prospectus, fees paid to external service providers associated with tax reclaims, refunds or the preparation of foreign tax reports on behalf of the ETFs, fees paid to external legal counsel and/or others in connection with corporate or other actions affecting the portfolio holdings of the ETF, and any applicable taxes, including income, withholding or other taxes and also including G.S.T. or H.S.T. on expenses.

Mackenzie may waive or absorb management fees and operating expenses at its discretion and stop waiving or absorbing such fees at any time without notice. Mackenzie may charge a reduced management fee rate with respect to investments in the ETF by large investors, including other funds managed by Mackenzie or affiliates of Mackenzie. An amount equal to the difference between the fee otherwise chargeable and the reduced fee will be distributed in cash to those unitholders by the ETF as a management fee distribution. Refer to Note 10 for the management fee rates charged to units of the ETF.

### 7. Units and Unit Transactions

Mackenzie, on behalf of the ETF, has entered into a designated broker agreement with one or more designated brokers pursuant to which the designated broker has agreed to perform certain duties relating to the ETF including, without limitation: (i) to subscribe for a sufficient number of units to satisfy the Exchange's original listing requirements; (ii) to subscribe for units on an ongoing basis in connection with any rebalancing event, as applicable, and when cash redemptions of units occur; and (iii) to post a liquid two-way market for the trading of units on the Exchange. In accordance with the designated broker agreement, Mackenzie may from time to time require the designated broker to subscribe for units of the ETF for cash.

The number of units issued/redeemed for subscription/redemption orders (the "Prescribed Number of Units") is determined by Mackenzie. On any trading day, a designated broker may place a subscription or redemption order for any multiple of the Prescribed Number of Units of the ETF based on the NAV per unit determined on the applicable trading day. A trading day is each day on which the Exchange is opened for business.

Generally, all orders to purchase units directly from an ETF must be placed by a designated broker or a dealer. The ETF reserves the absolute right to reject any subscription order placed by a designated broker or a dealer. No fees will be payable by the ETF to a designated broker or a dealer in connection with the issuance of units. On the issuance of units, an amount may be charged to a designated broker or a dealer to offset the expenses incurred in issuing the units.

For each Prescribed Number of Units issued, a dealer must deliver payment consisting of: (i) a basket of securities and cash equal to the aggregate NAV per unit of the Prescribed Number of Units next determined following the receipt of the subscription order; (ii) cash in an amount equal to the aggregate NAV per unit of the Prescribed Number of Units next determined following the receipt of the subscription order; or (iii) a combination of securities and cash, as determined by Mackenzie, in an amount sufficient so that the value of the securities and cash received is equal to the aggregate NAV per unit of the Prescribed Number of Units next determined following the receipt of the subscription order.

### 8. ETF's Capital

The capital of the ETF is comprised of the net assets attributable to unitholders. The units outstanding for the ETF as at March 31, 2020 and 2019 and units issued, reinvested and redeemed for the periods are presented in the Statement of Changes in Financial Position. Mackenzie manages the capital of the ETF in accordance with the investment objectives as discussed in Note 10.

### 9. Financial Instruments Risk

#### i. Risk exposure and management

The ETF's investment activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, as defined in IFRS 7 *Financial Instruments: Disclosures* ("IFRS 7"). The ETF's exposure to financial risks is concentrated in its investments, which are presented in the Schedule of Investments, as at March 31, 2020, grouped by asset type, with geographic and sector information.



## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 9. Financial Instruments Risk (cont'd)

#### i. Risk exposure and management (cont'd)

Mackenzie seeks to minimize potential adverse effects of financial risks on the ETF's performance by employing professional, experienced portfolio advisors, by monitoring the ETF's positions and market events daily, by diversifying the investment portfolio within the constraints of the ETF's investment objectives, and where applicable, by using derivatives to hedge certain risk exposures. To assist in managing risks, Mackenzie also maintains a governance structure that oversees the ETF's investment activities and monitors compliance with the ETF's stated investment strategy, internal guidelines, and securities regulations.

#### ii. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises when the ETF encounters difficulty in meeting its financial obligations as they come due. The ETF is exposed to liquidity risk due to potential daily cash redemptions of redeemable units. In accordance with securities regulations, the ETF must maintain at least 90% of its assets in liquid investments (i.e., investments that can be readily sold). The ETF also has the ability to borrow up to 5% of its net assets for the purposes of funding redemptions and an additional 5% of its net assets for the purpose of funding distributions paid to its investors.

#### iii. Currency risk

Currency risk arises when the fair value of financial instruments that are denominated in a currency other than the Canadian dollar, which is the ETF's reporting currency, fluctuates due to changes in exchange rates. Note 10 summarizes the ETF's exposure, if applicable and significant, to currency risk.

#### iv. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises when the fair value of interest-bearing financial instruments fluctuates due to changes in the prevailing levels of market interest rates. Cash and cash equivalents do not expose the ETF to significant amounts of interest rate risk. Note 10 summarizes the ETF's exposure, if applicable and significant, to interest rate risk.

#### v. Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether caused by factors specific to an individual investment, its issuer, or all factors affecting all instruments traded in a market or market segment. All investments present a risk of loss of capital. This risk is managed through a careful selection of investments and other financial instruments within the parameters of the investment strategies. Except for certain derivative contracts, the maximum risk resulting from financial instruments is equivalent to their fair value. The maximum risk of loss on certain derivative contracts such as forwards, swaps, and futures contracts is equal to their notional values. In the case of written call (put) options and short futures contracts, the loss to the ETF continues to increase, without limit, as the fair value of the underlying interest increases (decreases). However, these instruments are generally used within the overall investment management process to manage the risk from the underlying investments and do not typically increase the overall risk of loss to the ETF. This risk is mitigated by ensuring that the ETF holds a combination of the underlying interest, cash cover and/or margin that is equal to or greater than the value of the derivative contract. Note 10 summarizes the ETF's exposure, if applicable and significant, to other price risk.

#### vi. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the ETF. Note 10 summarizes the ETF's exposure, if applicable and significant, to credit risk.

All transactions in listed securities are executed with approved brokers. To minimize the possibility of settlement default, securities are exchanged for payment simultaneously, where market practices permit, through the facilities of a central depository and/or clearing agency where customary.

The carrying amount of investments and other assets represents the maximum credit risk exposure as at the date of the Statement of Financial Position.

The ETF may enter into securities lending transactions with counterparties and it may also be exposed to credit risk from the counterparties to the derivative instruments it may use. Credit risk associated with these transactions is considered minimal as all counterparties have a rating equivalent to a designated rating organization's credit rating of not less than A-1 (low) on their short-term debt and of A on their long-term debt, as applicable.

#### vii. Underlying ETFs

The ETF may invest in underlying ETFs and may be indirectly exposed to currency risk, interest rate risk, other price risk and credit risk from fluctuations in the value of financial instruments held by the underlying ETFs. Note 10 summarizes the ETF's exposure, if applicable and significant, to these risks from underlying ETF.

# MACKENZIE US TIPS INDEX ETF (CAD-HEDGED)

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2020

TRADITIONAL FIXED INCOME INDEX ETF

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 10. ETF Specific Information *(in '000s, except for (a))*

#### (a) ETF Formation and Series Information

Date of Formation January 9, 2018

The ETF may issue an unlimited number of units. The number of issued and outstanding units is disclosed in the Statements of Changes in Financial Position.

Series E units were listed on the Aequitas NEO Exchange under the symbol QTIP on January 24, 2018. The closing market price, or the midpoint of the bid and ask prices in the absence of a closing market price, at March 31, 2020 was \$103.04 (2019 – \$97.86).

The management fee rate for Series E units is 0.15%. Prior to September 20, 2019, the management fee rate for Series E units was 0.20%.

As at March 31, 2020, the ETF's NAV per unit was \$101.70 (2019 – \$97.74) and its Net Assets per unit calculated in accordance with IFRS was \$101.69 (2019 – \$97.75).

#### (b) Investments by Mackenzie and Affiliates

As at March 31, 2020, other funds managed by Mackenzie had an investment of \$52,849 (2019 – \$37,911) in the ETF.

#### (c) Loss Carryforwards

As at the last taxation year-end, there were no capital and non-capital losses available to carry forward for tax purposes.

#### (d) Securities Lending

As at March 31, 2020 and 2019, the ETF did not have any open securities lending, repurchase or reverse purchase transactions.

#### (e) Offsetting of Financial Assets and Liabilities

The table below presents financial assets and financial liabilities that are subject to master netting arrangements or other similar agreements and the net impact on the Fund's Statements of Financial Position if all set-off rights were exercised as part of future events such as bankruptcy or termination of contracts. No amounts were offset in the financial statements.

	March 31, 2020			
	Gross amount of assets/liabilities (\$)	Amount available for offset (\$)	Margin (\$)	Net amount (\$)
Unrealized gains on derivative contracts	7,871	(7,871)	–	–
Unrealized losses on derivative contracts	(37,406)	7,871	–	(29,535)
Liability for options written	–	–	–	–
Total	(29,535)	–	–	(29,535)

	March 31, 2019			
	Gross amount of assets/liabilities (\$)	Amount available for offset (\$)	Margin (\$)	Net amount (\$)
Unrealized gains on derivative contracts	50	(34)	–	16
Unrealized losses on derivative contracts	(642)	34	–	(608)
Liability for options written	–	–	–	–
Total	(592)	–	–	(592)

#### (f) Risks Associated with Financial Instruments

##### *i. Risk exposure and management*

The ETF seeks to replicate, to the extent reasonably possible and before fees and expenses, the performance of the Solactive US Treasury Inflation-Linked Bond Hedged to CAD Index, or any successor thereto. It invests primarily in U.S. Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities ("TIPS"), either directly or indirectly, with its foreign currency exposure hedged back to the Canadian dollar.



# MACKENZIE US TIPS INDEX ETF (CAD-HEDGED)

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## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 10. ETF Specific Information *(in '000s, except for (a)) (cont'd)*

#### (f) Risks Associated with Financial Instruments (cont'd)

##### *ii. Currency risk*

The table below indicates currencies to which the ETF had significant exposure as at period end in Canadian dollar terms, including the underlying principal amount of any derivative instruments. Other financial assets and liabilities (including accrued interest and dividends receivable, and receivables/payables for investments sold/purchased) that are denominated in foreign currencies do not expose the ETF to significant currency risk.

March 31, 2020				
Currency	Investments (\$)	Cash and Short-Term Investments (\$)	Derivative Instruments (\$)	Net Exposure* (\$)
U.S. dollar	592,983	–	(598,400)	(5,417)
Total	592,983	–	(598,400)	(5,417)
% of Net Assets	98.5	–	(99.4)	(0.9)

March 31, 2019				
Currency	Investments (\$)	Cash and Short-Term Investments (\$)	Derivative Instruments (\$)	Net Exposure* (\$)
U.S. dollar	91,692	–	(90,320)	1,372
Total	91,692	–	(90,320)	1,372
% of Net Assets	99.8	–	(98.3)	1.5

\* Includes both monetary and non-monetary financial instruments

As at March 31, 2020, had the Canadian dollar increased or decreased by 5% relative to all foreign currencies, with all other variables held constant, net assets would have increased or decreased by approximately \$271 or 0.0% (2019 – decreased or increased by \$69 or 0.1%) of total net assets. In practice, the actual trading results may differ and the difference could be material.

##### *iii. Interest rate risk*

The table below summarizes the ETF's exposure to interest rate risks from its investments in bonds by term to maturity.

	March 31, 2020 (\$)	March 31, 2019 (\$)
<b>Bonds</b>		
Less than 1 year	–	–
1-5 years	265,612	39,479
5-10 years	226,708	37,130
Greater than 10 years	100,663	15,083
Total	592,983	91,692

As at March 31, 2020, had prevailing interest rates increased or decreased by 1%, assuming a parallel shift in the yield curve, with all other variables held constant, net assets would have decreased or increased by approximately \$45,499 or 7.6% (2019 – \$6,809 or 7.4%) of total net assets. In practice, the actual trading results may differ and the difference could be material.

##### *iv. Other price risk*

As at March 31, 2020 and 2019, the ETF did not have a significant exposure to price risk.



**MACKENZIE**  
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# MACKENZIE US TIPS INDEX ETF (CAD-HEDGED)

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2020

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## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 10. ETF Specific Information *(in '000s, except for (a)) (cont'd)*

#### (f) Risks Associated with Financial Instruments (cont'd)

##### *v. Credit risk*

The ETF's greatest concentration of credit risk is in debt securities, such as bonds. The fair value of debt securities includes consideration of the creditworthiness of the debt issuer. The maximum exposure to any one debt issuer as at March 31, 2020, was 98.5% (2019 – 99.5%) of the net assets of the ETF.

As at March 31, 2020 and 2019, debt securities by credit rating are as follows:

Bond Rating*	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
	% of Net Assets	% of Net Assets
AA	98.5	99.8
Total	98.5	99.8

\* Credit ratings and rating categories are based on ratings issued by a designated rating organization

#### (g) Fair Value Classification

The table below summarizes the fair value of the ETF's financial instruments using the following fair value hierarchy:

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3 – Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

The inputs are considered observable if they are developed using market data, such as publicly available information about actual events or transactions, and that reflect the assumption that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability.

	March 31, 2020				March 31, 2019			
	Level 1 (\$)	Level 2 (\$)	Level 3 (\$)	Total (\$)	Level 1 (\$)	Level 2 (\$)	Level 3 (\$)	Total (\$)
Bonds	–	592,983	–	592,983	–	91,692	–	91,692
Derivative assets	–	7,871	–	7,871	–	50	–	50
Derivative liabilities	–	(37,406)	–	(37,406)	–	(1,077)	–	(1,077)
Total	–	563,448	–	563,448	–	90,665	–	90,665

The ETF's policy is to recognize transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

During the period, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2.

Financial instruments classified as Level 2 investments are valued based on the prices provided by an independent reputable pricing services company who prices the securities based on recent transactions and quotes received from market participants and through incorporating observable market data and using standard market convention practices.

#### (h) Comparative Amounts

Certain prior period comparative amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period's presentation.