

MACKENZIE CORE RESOURCES ETF

Interim Unaudited Financial Statements

For the Six-Month Period Ended September 30, 2025

These Interim Unaudited Financial Statements do not contain the Interim Management Report of Fund Performance (“MRFP”) of the ETF. You may obtain a copy of the Interim MRFP, at no cost, by calling the toll-free number 1-800-387-0614, by writing to us at Mackenzie Financial Corporation, 180 Queen Street West, Toronto, Ontario M5V 3K1, by visiting our website at www.mackenzieinvestments.com or by visiting the SEDAR+ website at www.sedarplus.ca.

Unitholders may also contact us using one of these methods to request a copy of the ETF’s proxy voting policies and procedures, proxy voting disclosure record or quarterly portfolio disclosure.

NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Mackenzie Financial Corporation, the Manager of the Mackenzie Core Resources ETF (the “ETF”), appoints independent auditors to audit the ETF’s Annual Financial Statements. Under Canadian securities laws (National Instrument 81-106), if an auditor has not reviewed the Interim Financial Statements, this must be disclosed in an accompanying notice. The ETF’s independent auditors have not performed a review of these Interim Financial Statements in accordance with standards established by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada.



MACKENZIE
Investments

MACKENZIE CORE RESOURCES ETF

INTERIM UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | September 30, 2025

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

at (in \$ 000 except per unit amounts)

	Sep. 30 2025	Mar. 31 2025 (Audited)
	\$	\$
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Investments at fair value	33,929	36,118
Cash and cash equivalents	356	134
Dividends receivable	104	160
Accounts receivable for investments sold	16	113
Accounts receivable for units issued	–	–
Margin on derivatives	193	160
Total assets	34,598	36,685
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable for investments purchased	93	18
Accounts payable for units redeemed	–	–
Due to manager	24	37
Total liabilities	117	55
Net assets attributable to unitholders	34,481	36,630

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

for the period ended September 30 (in \$ 000 except per unit amounts)

	2025 \$
Income	
Dividends	575
Interest income for distribution purposes	10
Other changes in fair value of investments and other net assets	
Net realized gain (loss)	3,269
Net unrealized gain (loss)	4,027
Securities lending income	1
Other	12
Total income (loss)	7,894
Expenses (note 6)	
Management fees	148
Management fee rebates	(131)
Commissions and other portfolio transaction costs	40
Independent Review Committee fees	–
Expenses before amounts absorbed by Manager	57
Expenses absorbed by Manager	–
Net expenses	57
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations before tax	7,837
Foreign withholding tax expense (recovery)	11
Foreign income tax expense (recovery)	–
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations	7,826

	Net assets attributable to unitholders (note 3)			
	per unit		per series	
	Sep. 30 2025	Mar. 31 2025 (Audited)	Sep. 30 2025	Mar. 31 2025 (Audited)
CAD Units	28.73	23.26	34,481	36,630

	Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations (note 3)	
	per unit	per series
	2025	2025
CAD Units	5.24	7,826

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

MACKENZIE CORE RESOURCES ETF

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STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FINANCIAL POSITION

for the period ended September 30 (in \$ 000 except per unit amounts)

	CAD Units 2025
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS	
Beginning of period	36,630
Increase (decrease) in net assets from operations	7,826
Distributions paid to unitholders:	
Investment income	–
Capital gains	–
Management fee rebates	(131)
Total distributions paid to unitholders	(131)
Unit transactions:	
Proceeds from units issued	5,811
Reinvested distributions	–
Payments on redemption of units	(15,655)
Total unit transactions	(9,844)
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders	(2,149)
End of period	34,481
Increase (decrease) in units (in thousands) (note 7):	Units
Units outstanding – beginning of period	1,575
Issued	250
Reinvested distributions	–
Redeemed	(625)
Units outstanding – end of period	1,200

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

MACKENZIE CORE RESOURCES ETF

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STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

for the period ended September 30 (in \$ 000)

	2025
	\$
Cash flows from operating activities	
Net increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations	7,826
Adjustments for:	
Net realized loss (gain) on investments	(3,259)
Change in net unrealized loss (gain) on investments	(4,027)
Purchase of investments	(14,412)
Proceeds from sale and maturity of investments	28,288
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable and other assets	23
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and other liabilities	(13)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	14,426
Cash flows from financing activities	
Proceeds from units issued	1,599
Payments on redemption of units	(15,655)
Distributions paid net of reinvestments	(131)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(14,187)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	239
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	134
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash and cash equivalents	(17)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	356
Cash	356
Cash equivalents	–
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	356
Supplementary disclosures on cash flow from operating activities:	
Dividends received net of withholding taxes	620
Foreign taxes paid (recovered)	–
Interest received net of withholding taxes	10
Interest paid	–

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

MACKENZIE CORE RESOURCES ETF

INTERIM UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | September 30, 2025

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS

as at September 30, 2025

Investment Name	Country	Sector	Par Value/ Number of Shares/Units	Average Cost (\$ 000)	Fair Value (\$ 000)
EQUITIES					
Advantage Energy Ltd.	Canada	Energy	74,360	718	848
Agnico-Eagle Mines Ltd.	Canada	Materials	7,436	947	1,743
Akzo Nobel NV	Netherlands	Materials	2,871	256	284
Alcoa Corp.	United States	Materials	14,383	637	658
Allied Gold Corp.	Canada	Materials	6,579	89	160
AngloGold Ashanti PLC	Tanzania	Materials	8,230	365	806
ARC Resources Ltd.	Canada	Energy	20,247	507	514
Arizona Sonoran Copper Co. Inc.	Canada	Materials	33,259	78	102
Axalta Coating Systems Ltd.	United States	Materials	2,630	115	105
Barrick Mining Corp.	Canada	Materials	50,773	1,421	2,321
Canadian Natural Resources Ltd.	Canada	Energy	33,602	1,493	1,495
Capstone Mining Corp.	Canada	Materials	35,954	319	425
Cenovus Energy Inc.	Canada	Energy	64,521	1,339	1,525
Champion Iron Ltd.	Australia	Materials	58,109	272	247
Cia Brasileira de Aluminio	Brazil	Materials	86,528	92	80
CRH PLC	Ireland	Materials	590	74	98
Culico Metals Inc.	Canada	Materials	12,291	1	2
Discovery Silver Corp.	Canada	Materials	17,570	88	91
Enbridge Inc.	Canada	Energy	18,090	1,067	1,270
Endeavour Mining Corp.	Monaco	Materials	20,969	701	1,226
Enerflex Ltd.	Canada	Energy	37,938	367	569
Expand Energy Corp.	United States	Energy	1,994	284	295
First Quantum Minerals Ltd.	Canada	Materials	27,774	539	874
G Mining Ventures Corp.	Canada	Materials	3,519	67	97
Gulfport Energy Corp.	United States	Energy	1,200	312	302
HudBay Minerals Inc.	Canada	Materials	16,057	190	338
IAMGOLD Corp.	Canada	Materials	15,716	167	283
Interfor Corp.	Canada	Materials	52,706	818	535
Keyera Corp. Subscription Receipts	Canada	Energy	8,198	322	372
Keyera Corp.	Canada	Energy	10,078	427	471
Kinross Gold Corp.	Canada	Materials	6,883	133	238
Koryx Copper Inc.	Canada	Materials	7,985	10	10
Lundin Gold Inc.	Canada	Materials	7,657	288	690
MEG Energy Corp.	Canada	Energy	12,028	288	338
Methanex Corp.	Canada	Materials	13,114	703	726
Neoenergia SA	Brazil	Utilities	3,015	18	23
NGEx Minerals Ltd.	Canada	Materials	2,084	28	54
NorthIsle Copper & Gold Inc.	Canada	Materials	27,360	29	39
Northland Power Inc.	Canada	Utilities	4,567	95	106
Nutrien Ltd.	Canada	Materials	12,529	865	1,024
Omai Gold Mines Corp.	Canada	Materials	132,475	86	179
OR Royalties Inc.	Canada	Materials	2,968	85	166
Pan American Silver Corp.	Canada	Materials	9,064	337	489
Paramount Resources Ltd. Class A	Canada	Energy	1,347	29	30
Parex Resources Inc.	Canada	Energy	15,624	207	284
Pembina Pipeline Corp.	Canada	Energy	20,791	1,129	1,170
Petróleo Brasileiro SA - Petrobras ADR	Brazil	Energy	5,950	105	105
Peyto Exploration & Development Corp.	Canada	Energy	31,919	529	579
Polaris Infrastructure Inc.	Canada	Utilities	3,978	50	54
Rio2 Ltd.	Canada	Materials	227,003	183	452
Russel Metals Inc.	Canada	Industrials	6,067	250	253
Saturn Oil & Gas Inc.	Canada	Energy	40,511	89	111
Shell PLC-W/I ADR	Netherlands	Energy	8,023	750	799
Smurfit Westrock PLC	United States	Materials	2,791	186	165
Spartan Delta Corp.	Canada	Energy	28,921	100	156
Superior Plus Corp.	Canada	Utilities	10,944	87	86
Tamarack Valley Energy Ltd.	Canada	Energy	24,965	108	151
Taseko Mines Ltd.	Canada	Materials	12,893	59	76
TC Energy Corp.	Canada	Energy	23,873	1,489	1,806
Teck Resources Ltd. Class B	Canada	Materials	6,809	336	416
Topaz Energy Corp.	Canada	Energy	4,245	108	110
TotalEnergies SE ADR	France	Energy	11,044	972	917
Tourmaline Oil Corp.	Canada	Energy	14,313	891	859
Vermilion Energy Inc.	Canada	Energy	14,712	136	160

MACKENZIE CORE RESOURCES ETF

INTERIM UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | September 30, 2025

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (cont'd)

as at September 30, 2025

Investment Name	Country	Sector	Par Value/ Number of Shares/Units	Average Cost (\$ 000)	Fair Value (\$ 000)
EQUITIES (cont'd)					
Vizsla Royalties Corp.	Canada	Materials	11,471	27	45
Vizsla Silver Corp.	Canada	Materials	9,639	30	58
Wacker Chemie AG	Germany	Materials	1,368	149	143
Wheaton Precious Metals Corp.	Canada	Materials	3,433	515	535
Whitecap Resources Inc.	Canada	Energy	31,033	310	330
The Williams Cos. Inc.	United States	Energy	2,597	183	229
Total equities				26,044	32,297
OPTIONS					
Options purchased (see schedule of options purchased)				1,005	1,376
Total options				1,005	1,376
EXCHANGE-TRADED FUNDS/NOTES					
iShares Silver Trust ETF	United States	Exchange-Traded Funds/Notes	4,336	176	256
Total exchange-traded funds/notes				176	256
Transaction costs				(25)	–
Total investments				27,200	33,929
Cash and cash equivalents					356
Other assets less liabilities					196
Net assets attributable to unitholders					34,481

MACKENZIE CORE RESOURCES ETF

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SUMMARY OF INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO

SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

PORTFOLIO ALLOCATION	% OF NAV
Equities	97.7
<i>Equities</i>	93.7
<i>Purchased options</i>	4.0
Cash and cash equivalents	1.0
Exchange-traded funds/notes	0.7
Other assets (liabilities)	0.6

REGIONAL ALLOCATION	% OF NAV
Canada	74.6
United Kingdom	8.2
United States	5.9
Other	4.0
France	2.7
Cash and cash equivalents	1.0
Netherlands	0.8
Australia	0.7
Brazil	0.6
Other assets (liabilities)	0.6
Ireland	0.5
Germany	0.4

SECTOR ALLOCATION	% OF NAV
Oil, gas and consumable fuels	44.1
Metals and mining	37.4
Chemicals	6.6
Other	4.0
Energy equipment and services	1.7
Paper and forest products	1.6
Cash and cash equivalents	1.0
Trading companies and distributors	0.7
Exchange-traded funds/notes	0.7
Other assets (liabilities)	0.6
Containers and packaging	0.5
Independent power and renewable electricity producers	0.5
Construction materials	0.3
Gas utilities	0.3

MARCH 31, 2025

PORTFOLIO ALLOCATION	% OF NAV
Equities	98.0
<i>Equities</i>	93.8
<i>Purchased options</i>	4.2
Other assets (liabilities)	1.0
Exchange-traded funds/notes	0.6
Cash and cash equivalents	0.4

REGIONAL ALLOCATION	% OF NAV
Canada	72.4
United Kingdom	8.5
United States	5.9
Other	4.2
France	3.4
Australia	1.2
Other assets (liabilities)	1.0
Ireland	0.9
Netherlands	0.9
Brazil	0.5
Germany	0.4
Cash and cash equivalents	0.4
Switzerland	0.3

SECTOR ALLOCATION	% OF NAV
Energy	54.3
Materials	38.3
Other	4.2
Other assets (liabilities)	1.0
Exchange-traded funds/notes	0.6
Industrials	0.6
Utilities	0.6
Cash and cash equivalents	0.4

MACKENZIE CORE RESOURCES ETF

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SCHEDULE OF OPTIONS PURCHASED

as at September 30, 2025

Underlying Interest	Number of Contracts	Option Type	Expiration Date	Strike Price \$	Premium Paid (\$ 000)	Fair Value (\$ 000)
Gold 100 oz Futures Option	3	Call	Nov. 25, 2025	USDM 2,000.00	597	782
iShares S&P/TSX Global Gold Index ETF	119	Call	Dec. 19, 2025	CAD 18.00	179	334
iShares S&P/TSX Global Gold Index ETF	122	Call	Mar. 20, 2026	CAD 25.00	229	260
Total options					1,005	1,376

MACKENZIE CORE RESOURCES ETF

INTERIM UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | September 30, 2025

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Fiscal Periods and General Information

The ETF is organized as an open-ended mutual fund trust established under the laws of the Province of Ontario pursuant to a Declaration of Trust as amended and restated from time to time. The address of the ETF's registered office is 180 Queen Street West, Toronto, Ontario, Canada. The ETF is authorized to issue an unlimited number of units for sale under a Prospectus. The units of the ETF are listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange/Cboe Canada ("the Exchange").

The information provided in these financial statements and notes thereto is for the six-month period ended or as at September 30, 2025. In the year an exchange-traded fund ("the ETF") is established, 'period' represents the period from inception to the period end of that fiscal year. Refer to Note 11 (a) for the formation date of the ETF.

Mackenzie Financial Corporation ("Mackenzie") is the manager of the ETF and is wholly owned by IGM Financial Inc., a subsidiary of Power Corporation of Canada. Canada Life Investment Management Ltd. ("CLIML") is an indirect, wholly-owned subsidiary of The Canada Life Assurance Company ("Canada Life"), a subsidiary of Power Corporation of Canada. Investments in companies within the Power Group of companies held by the ETF are identified in the Schedule of Investments.

2. Basis of Preparation and Presentation

These unaudited interim financial statements ("financial statements") have been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards ("IFRS"), including International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34, *Interim Financial Reporting*, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). These financial statements were prepared using the same accounting policies, critical accounting judgements and estimates as applied in the ETF's most recent audited annual financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025. A summary of the ETF's material accounting policies under IFRS is presented in Note 3.

These financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the ETF's functional and presentation currency, and rounded to the nearest thousand unless otherwise indicated. These financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis using the historical cost basis, except for financial instruments that have been measured at fair value.

These financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors of Mackenzie on November 13, 2025.

3. Material Accounting Policies

(a) Financial instruments

Financial instruments include financial assets and liabilities such as debt and equity securities, exchange-traded funds and derivatives. The ETF classifies and measures financial instruments in accordance with IFRS 9, *Financial Instruments* ("IFRS 9"). Upon initial recognition, financial instruments are classified as fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"). All financial instruments are recognized in the Statement of Financial Position when the ETF becomes a party to the contractual requirements of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognized when the right to receive cash flows from the instrument has expired or the ETF has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Financial liabilities are derecognized when the obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires. Investment purchase and sale transactions are recorded as of the trade date.

Financial instruments are subsequently measured at FVTPL with changes in fair value recognized in the Statement of Comprehensive Income – Other changes in fair value of investments and other net assets – Net unrealized gain (loss).

The cost of investments is determined on a weighted average cost basis.

Realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments are calculated based on the weighted average cost of investments and exclude commissions and other portfolio transaction costs, which are separately reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Income – Commissions and other portfolio transaction costs.

Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the investments are included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the period in which they arise.

The ETF accounts for its holdings in unlisted open-ended investment funds, private funds ("Underlying Funds") and Exchange-Traded Funds ("ETFs"), if any, at FVTPL. For private funds, Mackenzie will rely on the valuations provided by the managers of the private funds, which represents the ETF's proportionate share of the net assets of these private funds. The ETF's investment in Underlying Funds and ETFs, if any, is presented in the Schedule of Investments at fair value which represents the ETF's maximum exposure on these investments.

The ETF's redeemable units are held by different types of unitholders that are entitled to different redemption rights. Unitholders may redeem units of the ETF at a redemption price per unit equal to 95% of the closing price of the units on the Exchange on the effective day of the redemption, subject to a maximum redemption price of the applicable NAV per unit. These different redemption features create equally subordinate but not identical units of the ETF which therefore meet the criteria for classification as financial liabilities under IAS 32, *Financial Instruments: Presentation*. The ETF's obligation for net assets attributable to unitholders is presented at the redemption amount. Refer to Note 7 for details of subscriptions and redemptions of the ETF's units.

IAS 7, *Statement of Cash Flows*, requires disclosures related to changes in liabilities and assets, such as the units of the ETF, arising from financing activities. Changes in units of the ETF, including both changes from cash flows and non-cash changes, are included in the Statement of Changes in Financial Position. Any changes in the units not settled in cash as at the end of the period are presented as either Accounts receivable for units issued or Accounts payable for units redeemed in the Statement of Financial Position. These accounts receivable and accounts payable amounts typically settle shortly after period-end.

(b) Fair value measurement

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

MACKENZIE CORE RESOURCES ETF

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. Material Accounting Policies (cont'd)

(b) Fair value measurement (cont'd)

Investments listed on a public securities exchange or traded on an over-the-counter market, including ETFs, are valued on the basis of the last traded market price or closing price recorded by the security exchange on which the security is principally traded, where this price falls within the quoted bid-ask spread for the investment. In circumstances where this price is not within the bid-ask spread, Mackenzie determines the point within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of fair value based on the specific facts and circumstances. Mutual fund securities of an underlying fund are valued on a business day at the price calculated by the manager of such underlying fund in accordance with the constituting documents of such underlying fund. Unlisted or non-exchange traded investments, or investments where a last sale or close price is unavailable or investments for which market quotations are, in Mackenzie's opinion, inaccurate, unreliable, or not reflective of all available material information, are valued at their fair value as determined by Mackenzie using appropriate and accepted industry valuation techniques including valuation models. The fair value determined using valuation models requires the use of inputs and assumptions based on observable market data including volatility and other applicable rates or prices. In limited circumstances, the fair value may be determined using valuation techniques that are not supported by observable market data.

Cash and cash equivalents which includes cash on deposit with financial institutions and short-term investments that are readily convertible to cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and are used by the ETF in the management of short-term commitments. Cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments are reported at fair value which closely approximates their amortized cost due to their nature of being highly liquid and having short terms to maturity. Bank overdraft positions are presented under current liabilities as bank indebtedness in the Statement of Financial Position. Short-term investments that are not considered cash equivalents are separately disclosed in the Schedule of Investments.

The ETF may use derivatives (such as written options, futures, forward contracts, swaps or customized derivatives) to hedge against losses caused by changes in securities prices, interest rates or exchange rates. The ETF may also use derivatives for non-hedging purposes in order to invest indirectly in securities or financial markets, to gain exposure to other currencies, to seek to generate additional income, and/or for any other purpose considered appropriate by the ETF's portfolio manager(s), provided that the use of the derivative is consistent with the ETF's investment objectives. Any use of derivatives will comply with Canadian mutual fund laws, subject to the regulatory exemptions granted to the ETF, as applicable.

Valuations of derivative instruments are carried out daily, using normal exchange reporting sources for exchange-traded derivatives and specific broker enquiry for over-the-counter derivatives.

The value of forward contracts is the gain or loss that would be realized if, on the valuation date, the positions were to be closed out. The change in value of forward contracts is included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income – Other changes in fair value of investments and other net assets – Net unrealized gain (loss).

The daily fluctuation of futures contracts or swaps, along with daily cash settlements made by the ETF, where applicable, are equal to the change in unrealized gains or losses that are best determined at the settlement price. These unrealized gains or losses are recorded and reported as such until the ETF closes out the contract or the contract expires. Margin paid or deposited in respect of futures contracts or swaps is reflected as a receivable in the Statement of Financial Position – Margin on derivatives. Any change in the variation margin requirement is settled daily.

Premiums paid for purchasing an option are recorded in the Statement of Financial Position – Investments at fair value.

Premiums received from writing options are included in the Statement of Financial Position as a liability and subsequently adjusted daily to fair value. If a written option expires unexercised, the premium received is recognized as a realized gain. If a written call option is exercised, the difference between the proceeds of the sale plus the value of the premium, and the cost of the security is recognized as a realized gain or loss. If a written put option is exercised, the cost of the security acquired is the exercise price of the option less the premium received.

Refer to the Schedule of Derivative Instruments and Schedule of Options Purchased/Written, as applicable, included in the Schedule of Investments for a listing of derivative and options positions as at September 30, 2025.

The ETF categorizes the fair value of its assets and liabilities into three categories, which are differentiated based on the observable nature of the inputs and extent of estimation required.

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly. Examples of Level 2 valuations include quoted prices for similar securities, quoted prices on inactive markets and from recognized investment dealers, and the application of factors derived from observable data to non-North American quoted prices in order to estimate the impact of differences in market closing times.

Financial instruments classified as Level 2 investments are valued based on the prices provided by an independent reputable pricing services company who prices the securities based on recent transactions and quotes received from market participants and through incorporating observable market data and using standard market convention practices. Short-term investments classified as Level 2 investments are valued based on amortized cost plus accrued interest which closely approximates fair value.

The estimated fair values for these securities may be different from the values that would have been used had a ready market for the investment existed; and

Level 3 – Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

The inputs are considered observable if they are developed using market data, such as publicly available information about actual events or transactions, and that reflect the assumption that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability.

See Note 11 for the fair value classifications of the ETF.

(c) Income recognition

Interest income for distribution purposes represents the coupon interest received by the ETF which is accounted for on an accrual basis. The ETF does not amortize premiums paid or discounts received on the purchase of fixed income securities except for zero coupon bonds, which are amortized on a straight-line basis. Dividends are accrued as of the ex-dividend date. Unrealized gains or losses on investments, realized gains or losses on the sale of investments, including foreign exchange gains or losses on such investments, are calculated on a weighted average cost basis. Distributions received from an Underlying Fund or ETF are included in Interest income for distribution purposes, Dividends income or Net realized gain (loss), as appropriate, on the ex-dividend or distribution date.

MACKENZIE CORE RESOURCES ETF

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. Material Accounting Policies (cont'd)

(d) Commissions and other portfolio transaction costs

Commissions and other portfolio transaction costs are costs incurred to acquire, issue or dispose of financial assets or liabilities. They include fees and commissions paid to agents, exchanges, brokers, dealers and other intermediaries. The total brokerage commissions incurred by the ETF in connection with portfolio transactions for the periods, together with other transaction charges, is disclosed in the Statements of Comprehensive Income. Brokerage business is allocated to brokers based on the best net result for the ETF. Subject to this criteria, commissions may be paid to brokerage firms which provide (or pay for) certain services, other than order execution, which may include investment research, analysis and reports, and databases or software in support of these services. Where applicable and ascertainable, the value of these services generated during the periods is disclosed in Note 11. The value of certain proprietary services provided by brokers cannot be reasonably estimated.

Mackenzie may reimburse the ETF for certain commissions and other portfolio transaction costs. Mackenzie may make these reimbursements at its discretion and stop these reimbursements at any time without notice. Any such reimbursements are included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income – expenses absorbed by Manager.

(e) Securities lending, repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions

The ETF is permitted to enter into securities lending, repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions as set out in the ETF's Prospectus. These transactions involve the temporary exchange of securities for collateral with a commitment to redeliver the same securities on a future date. Income is earned from these transactions in the form of fees paid by the counterparty and, in certain circumstances, interest paid on cash or securities held as collateral. Income earned from these transactions is included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income and recognized when earned. Securities lending transactions are administered by The Bank of New York Mellon (the "Securities Lending Agent"). The value of cash or securities held as collateral must be at least 102% of the fair value of the securities loaned, sold or purchased.

Note 11 summarizes the details of securities loaned and collateral received as at the end of period, as well as a reconciliation of securities lending income during the period, if applicable. Collateral received is comprised of debt obligations of the Government of Canada and other countries, Canadian provincial and municipal governments, and financial institutions.

(f) Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Financial Position only when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. In the normal course of business, the ETF enters into various master netting agreements or similar agreements that do not meet the criteria for offsetting in the Statement of Financial Position but still allow for the related amounts to be set off in certain circumstances, such as bankruptcy or termination of the contracts. Note 11 summarizes the details of such offsetting, if applicable, subject to master netting arrangements or other similar agreements and the net impact to the Statements of Financial Position if all such rights were exercised.

Income and expenses are not offset in the Statement of Comprehensive Income unless required or permitted to by an accounting standard, as specifically disclosed in the IFRS policies of the ETF.

(g) Currency

The functional and presentation currency of the ETF is Canadian dollars. Foreign currency purchases and sales of investments and foreign currency dividend and interest income and expenses are translated to Canadian dollars at the rate of exchange prevailing at the time of the transactions.

Foreign exchange gains (losses) on purchases and sales of foreign currencies are included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income – Other changes in fair value of investments and other net assets – Net realized gain (loss).

The fair value of investments and other assets and liabilities, denominated in foreign currencies, are translated to Canadian dollars at the rate of exchange prevailing on each business day.

(h) Net assets attributable to unitholders per unit

Net assets attributable to unitholders per unit is computed by dividing the net assets attributable to unitholders on a business day by the total number of units outstanding on that day.

(i) Net asset value per unit

The daily Net Asset Value ("NAV") of an investment fund may be calculated without reference to IFRS as per the Canadian Securities Administrators' ("CSA") regulations. The difference between NAV and Net assets attributable to unitholders (as reported in the financial statements), if any, is mainly due to differences in fair value of investments and other financial assets and liabilities and is disclosed in Note 11, if applicable.

(j) Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations per unit

Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations per unit in the Statement of Comprehensive Income represents the increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations for the period, divided by the weighted average number of units outstanding during the period.

(k) Future accounting changes

i) Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments (Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7)

In May 2024, the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") issued amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7, *Financial Instruments: Disclosures* ("IFRS 7"). These amendments relate to classification of financial assets and accounting for settlement by electronic payments in the context of the classification and measurement requirements of IFRS 9. The potential impact may include, but is not limited to, a change in timing of recognition and derecognition of financial instruments in certain situations in which settlement takes more than a day. These amendments also introduced an accounting policy choice to derecognize financial liabilities settled using an electronic payment system before the settlement date. These amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2026, with early adoption permitted.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. Material Accounting Policies (cont'd)

(k) Future accounting changes (cont'd)

ii) IFRS 18, *Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements* ("IFRS 18")

In April 2024, the IASB issued IFRS 18. IFRS 18, which replaces IAS 1, *Presentation of financial statements*, introduces new requirements to present specified categories and defined subtotals in the statement of comprehensive income, new disclosure for management-defined performance measures, and additional requirements for aggregation and disaggregation of information. The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027, with early adoption permitted.

Mackenzie is currently assessing the impact of the adoption of the above standards. No other new standards, amendments and interpretations are expected to have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.

4. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments

The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that primarily affect the valuation of investments. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The following discusses the most significant accounting judgments and estimates made in preparing the financial statements:

Use of Estimates

Fair value of securities not quoted in an active market

The ETF may hold financial instruments that are not quoted in active markets and are valued using valuation techniques that make use of observable data, to the extent practicable. Various valuation techniques are utilized, depending on a number of factors, including comparison with similar instruments for which observable market prices exist and recent arm's length market transactions. Key inputs and assumptions used are company specific and may include estimated discount rates and expected price volatilities. Changes in key inputs, could affect the reported fair value of these financial instruments held by the ETF.

Use of Judgments

Classification and measurement of investments

In classifying and measuring financial instruments held by the ETF, Mackenzie is required to make significant judgments in order to determine the most appropriate classification in accordance with IFRS 9. Mackenzie has assessed the ETF's business model, the manner in which all financial instruments are managed and performance evaluated as a group on a fair value basis, and concluded that FVTPL in accordance with IFRS 9 provides the most appropriate measurement and presentation of the ETF's financial instruments.

Functional currency

The ETF's functional and presentation currency is the Canadian dollar, which is the currency considered to best represent the economic effects of the ETF's underlying transactions, events and conditions taking into consideration the manner in which units are issued and redeemed and how returns and performance by the ETF are measured.

Interest in unconsolidated structured entities

In determining whether an Underlying Fund or an ETF in which the ETF invests, but that it does not consolidate, meets the definition of a structured entity, Mackenzie is required to make significant judgments about whether these underlying funds have the typical characteristics of a structured entity. These Underlying Funds do meet the definition of a structured entity because:

- I. The voting rights in the Underlying Funds are not dominant factors in deciding who controls them;
- II. the activities of the Underlying Funds are restricted by their offering documents; and
- III. the Underlying Funds have narrow and well-defined investment objectives to provide investment opportunities for investors while passing on the associated risks and rewards.

As a result, such investments are accounted for at FVTPL. Note 11 summarizes the details of the ETF's interest in these Underlying Funds, if applicable.

5. Income Taxes

The ETF qualifies as a mutual fund trust under the provisions of the Income Tax Act (Canada) and, accordingly, is subject to tax on its income including net realized capital gains in the taxation year, which is not paid or payable to its unitholders as at the end of the taxation year. The ETF maintains a December year-end for tax purposes. The ETF may be subject to withholding taxes on foreign income. In general, the ETF treats withholding tax as a charge against income for tax purposes. The ETF will distribute sufficient amounts from net income for tax purposes, as required, so that the ETF will not pay income taxes other than refundable tax on capital gains, if applicable.

Losses of the ETF cannot be allocated to investors and are retained in the ETF for use in future years. Non-capital losses may be carried forward up to 20 years to reduce taxable income and realized capital gains of future years. Capital losses may be carried forward indefinitely to reduce future realized capital gains. Refer to Note 11 for the ETF's loss carryforwards.

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6. Management Fees and Operating Expenses

Mackenzie is paid a management fee for managing the investment portfolio, providing investment analysis and recommendations, making investment decisions and making brokerage arrangements relating to the purchase and sale of the investment portfolio. The management fee is calculated as a fixed annual percentage of the daily net asset value of the units of the ETF.

In addition to the applicable management fee, the operating expenses payable by the ETF include interest and borrowing costs, brokerage expenses and related transaction fees, fees and expenses relating to the operation of the Mackenzie ETFs' Independent Review Committee ("IRC"), fees under any derivative instrument used by the ETF, cost of complying with the regulatory requirement to produce summary documents, ETF facts or other similar disclosure documents, the costs of complying with governmental or regulatory requirements introduced after the date of the most recently filed prospectus, including, without limitation, any new fees or increases in fees, the fees related to external services that are not commonly charged in the Canadian exchange-traded fund industry after the date of the most recently filed prospectus, fees paid to external service providers associated with tax reclaims, refunds or the preparation of foreign tax reports on behalf of the ETFs, fees paid to external legal counsel and/or others in connection with corporate or other actions affecting the portfolio holdings of the ETF, and any applicable taxes, including income, withholding or other taxes and also including G.S.T. or H.S.T. on expenses.

Mackenzie may waive or absorb management fees and operating expenses at its discretion and stop waiving or absorbing such fees at any time without notice. Mackenzie may charge a reduced management fee rate with respect to investments in the ETF by large investors, including other funds managed by Mackenzie or affiliates of Mackenzie. An amount equal to the difference between the fee otherwise chargeable and the reduced fee will be distributed in cash to those unitholders by the ETF as a management fee distribution. Refer to Note 11 for the management fee rates charged to units of the ETF.

7. Units and Unit Transactions

Mackenzie, on behalf of the ETF, has entered into a designated broker agreement with one or more designated brokers pursuant to which the designated broker has agreed to perform certain duties relating to the ETF including, without limitation: (i) to subscribe for a sufficient number of units to satisfy the Exchange's original listing requirements; (ii) to subscribe for units on an ongoing basis in connection with any rebalancing event, as applicable, and when cash redemptions of units occur; and (iii) to post a liquid two-way market for the trading of units on the Exchange. In accordance with the designated broker agreement, Mackenzie may from time to time require the designated broker to subscribe for units of the ETF for cash.

The number of units issued/redeemed for subscription/redemption orders (the "Prescribed Number of Units") is determined by Mackenzie. On any trading day, a designated broker may place a subscription or redemption order for any multiple of the Prescribed Number of Units of the ETF based on the NAV per unit determined on the applicable trading day. A trading day is each day on which the Exchange is opened for business.

Generally, all orders to purchase units directly from an ETF must be placed by a designated broker or a dealer. The ETF reserves the absolute right to reject any subscription order placed by a designated broker or a dealer. No fees will be payable by the ETF to a designated broker or a dealer in connection with the issuance of units. On the issuance of units, an amount may be charged to a designated broker or a dealer to offset the expenses incurred in issuing the units.

For each Prescribed Number of Units issued, a dealer must deliver payment consisting of: (i) a basket of securities and cash equal to the aggregate NAV per unit of the Prescribed Number of Units next determined following the receipt of the subscription order; (ii) cash in an amount equal to the aggregate NAV per unit of the Prescribed Number of Units next determined following the receipt of the subscription order; or (iii) a combination of securities and cash, as determined by Mackenzie, in an amount sufficient so that the value of the securities and cash received is equal to the aggregate NAV per unit of the Prescribed Number of Units next determined following the receipt of the subscription order.

8. ETF's Capital

The capital of the ETF is comprised of the net assets attributable to unitholders. The units outstanding for the ETF as at September 30, 2025 and units issued, reinvested and redeemed for the period are presented in the Statement of Changes in Financial Position. Mackenzie manages the capital of the ETF in accordance with the investment objectives as discussed in Note 11.

9. Financial Instruments Risk

(a) Risk exposure and management

The ETF's investment activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, as defined in IFRS 7. The ETF's exposure to financial risks is concentrated in its investments, which are presented in the Schedule of Investments, as at September 30, 2025, grouped by asset type, with geographic and sector information.

Mackenzie seeks to minimize potential adverse effects of financial risks on the ETF's performance by employing professional, experienced portfolio advisors, by monitoring the ETF's positions and market events daily, by diversifying the investment portfolio within the constraints of the ETF's investment objectives, and where applicable, by using derivatives to hedge certain risk exposures. To assist in managing risks, Mackenzie also maintains a governance structure that oversees the ETF's investment activities and monitors compliance with the ETF's stated investment strategy, internal guidelines, and securities regulations.

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises when the ETF encounters difficulty in meeting its financial obligations as they become due. The ETF is exposed to liquidity risk due to potential daily cash redemptions of redeemable units. In accordance with securities regulations, the ETF must maintain at least 85% of its assets in liquid investments (i.e., investments that can be readily sold). The ETF also has the ability to borrow up to 5% of its net assets for the purposes of funding redemptions and an additional 5% of its net assets for the purpose of funding distributions paid to its investors.

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9. Financial Instruments Risk (cont'd)

(c) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that financial instruments which are denominated or exchanged in a currency other than the Canadian dollar, which is the ETF's functional currency, will fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates. Generally, foreign denominated investments increase in value when the value of the Canadian dollar (relative to foreign currencies) falls. Conversely, when the value of the Canadian dollar rises relative to foreign currencies, the values of foreign denominated investments fall.

Note 11 indicates the foreign currencies, if applicable, to which the ETF had significant exposure, including both monetary and non-monetary financial instruments, and illustrates the potential impact, in Canadian dollar terms, to the ETF's net assets had the Canadian dollar strengthened or weakened by 5% relative to all foreign currencies, all other variables held constant. In practice, the actual trading results may differ and the difference could be material.

The ETF's sensitivity to currency risk illustrated in Note 11 includes potential indirect impacts from underlying ETFs in which the ETF invests, and/or derivative contracts including forward currency contracts. Other financial assets and liabilities (including dividends and interest receivable, and receivables/payables for investments sold/purchased) that are denominated in foreign currencies do not expose the ETF to significant currency risk.

(d) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises on interest-bearing financial instruments. The ETF is exposed to the risk that the value of interest-bearing financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in the prevailing levels of market interest rates. Generally, these securities increase in value when interest rates fall and decrease in value when interest rates rise.

If significant, Note 11 summarizes the ETF's interest-bearing financial instruments by remaining term to maturity and illustrates the potential impact to the ETF's net assets had prevailing interest rates increased or decreased by 1%, assuming a parallel shift in the yield curve, all other variables held constant. The ETF's sensitivity to interest rate changes was estimated using weighted average duration. In practice, the actual trading results may differ and the difference could be material.

The ETF's sensitivity to interest rate risk illustrated in Note 11 includes potential indirect impacts from underlying ETFs in which the ETF invests, and/or derivative contracts. Cash and cash equivalents and other money market instruments are short term in nature and are not generally subject to significant amounts of interest rate risk.

(e) Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether caused by factors specific to an individual investment, its issuer, or all factors affecting all instruments traded in a market or market segment. All investments present a risk of loss of capital. This risk is managed through a careful selection of investments and other financial instruments within the parameters of the investment strategies. Except for certain derivative contracts, the maximum risk resulting from financial instruments is equivalent to their fair value. The maximum risk of loss on certain derivative contracts such as forwards, swaps, and futures contracts is equal to their notional values. In the case of written call (put) options and short futures contracts, the loss to the ETF continues to increase, theoretically without limit, as the fair value of the underlying interest increases (decreases). However, these instruments are generally used within the overall investment management process to manage the risk from the underlying investments and do not typically increase the overall risk of loss to the ETF. This risk is mitigated by ensuring that the ETF holds a combination of the underlying interest, cash cover and/or margin that is equal to or greater than the value of the derivative contract.

Other price risk typically arises from exposure to equity and commodity securities. If significant, Note 11 illustrates the potential increase or decrease in the ETF's net assets, had the prices on the respective exchanges for these securities increased or decreased by 10%, all other variables held constant. In practice, the actual trading results may differ and the difference could be material.

The ETF's sensitivity to other price risk illustrated in Note 11 includes potential indirect impacts from underlying ETFs in which the ETF invests, and/or derivative contracts.

(f) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the ETF. Note 11 summarizes the ETF's exposure, if applicable and significant, to credit risk.

If presented, credit ratings and rating categories are based on ratings issued by a designated rating organization. Indirect exposure to credit risk may arise from fixed-income securities, such as bonds, held by underlying ETFs, if any. The fair value of debt securities includes consideration of the creditworthiness of the debt issuer.

To minimize the possibility of settlement default, securities are exchanged for payment simultaneously, where market practices permit, through the facilities of a central depository and/or clearing agency where customary.

The carrying amount of investments and other assets represents the maximum credit risk exposure as at the date of the Statement of Financial Position. The ETF may enter into securities lending transactions with counterparties and it may also be exposed to credit risk from the counterparties to the derivative instruments it may use. Credit risk associated with these transactions is considered minimal as all counterparties have a rating equivalent to a designated rating organization's credit rating of not less than A-1 (low) on their short-term debt and of A on their long-term debt, as applicable.

(g) Underlying ETFs

The ETF may invest in underlying ETFs and may be indirectly exposed to currency risk, interest rate risk, other price risk and credit risk from fluctuations in the value of financial instruments held by the underlying ETFs. Note 11 summarizes the ETF's exposure, if applicable and significant, to these risks from underlying ETF.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

10. Other Information

Abbreviations

Foreign currencies, if any, are presented in these financial statements using the following abbreviated currency codes:

Currency Code	Description	Currency Code	Description	Currency Code	Description
AUD	Australian dollars	HUF	Hungarian forint	PLN	Polish zloty
AED	United Arab Emirates Dirham	IDR	Indonesian rupiah	QAR	Qatar Rial
BRL	Brazilian real	ILS	Israeli shekel	RON	Romanian leu
CAD	Canadian dollars	INR	Indian rupee	RUB	Russian ruble
CHF	Swiss franc	JPY	Japanese yen	SAR	Saudi riyal
CZK	Czech koruna	KOR	South Korean won	SEK	Swedish krona
CLP	Chilean peso	MXN	Mexican peso	SGD	Singapore dollars
CNY	Chinese yuan	MYR	Malaysian ringgit	THB	Thailand baht
COP	Colombian peso	NGN	Nigerian naira	TRL	Turkish lira
DKK	Danish krone	NOK	Norwegian krona	USD	United States dollars
EGP	Egyptian pound	NTD	New Taiwan dollar	VND	Vietnamese dong
EUR	Euro	NZD	New Zealand dollars	ZAR	South African rand
GBP	United Kingdom pounds	PEN	Peruvian nuevo sol	ZMW	Zambian kwacha
GHS	Ghana Cedi	PHP	Philippine peso		
HKD	Hong Kong dollars	PKR	Pakistani rupee		

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11. ETF Specific Information (in '000, except for (a))

(a) ETF Formation and Series Information

Date of Formation: July 29, 2024

The ETF may issue an unlimited number of units. The number of issued and outstanding units is disclosed in the Statement of Changes in Financial Position.

CAD Units were listed on the TSX under the symbol MORE on September 10, 2024. The closing market price, or the midpoint of the bid and ask prices in the absence of a closing market price, at September 30, 2025 was \$28.72 (March 31, 2025 – \$23.21).

The management fee rate for CAD Units is 0.75%.

As at September 30, 2025, the ETF's NAV per unit was \$28.73 (March 31, 2025 – \$23.26) and its Net Assets per unit calculated in accordance with IFRS was \$28.73 (March 31, 2025 – \$23.26).

(b) Tax Loss Carryforwards

As at the last taxation year-end, there were no capital and non-capital losses available to carry forward for tax purposes.

(c) Securities Lending

	September 30, 2025	March 31, 2025
	(\$)	(\$)
Value of securities loaned	1,462	1,207
Value of collateral received	1,680	1,276

	September 30, 2025	
	(\$)	(%)
Gross securities lending income	1	100.0
Tax withheld	–	–
	1	100.0
Payments to securities lending agent	–	–
Securities lending income	1	100.0

(d) Commissions

	(\$)
September 30, 2025	10

(e) Risks Associated with Financial Instruments

i. Risk exposure and management

The ETF seeks to provide long-term capital growth by investing primarily in equity securities of companies operating in the natural resource industries.

ii. Currency risk

The tables below summarize the ETF's exposure to currency risk.

Currency	September 30, 2025				Impact on net assets			
	Investments (\$)	Cash and Short-Term Investments (\$)	Derivative Instruments (\$)	Net Exposure* (\$)	Strengthened by 5%		Weakened by 5%	
					(\$)	(%)	(\$)	(%)
USD	5,517	537	–	6,054				
EUR	427	–	–	427				
BRL	103	11	–	114				
Total	6,047	548	–	6,595				
% of Net Assets	17.5	1.6	–	19.1				
Total currency rate sensitivity					(330)	(1.0)	330	1.0

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11. ETF Specific Information (in '000, except for (a)) (cont'd)

(e) Risks Associated with Financial Instruments (cont'd)

ii. Currency risk (cont'd)

Currency	March 31, 2025				Impact on net assets			
	Investments (\$)	Cash and Short-Term Investments (\$)	Derivative Instruments (\$)	Net Exposure* (\$)	Strengthened by 5%		Weakened by 5%	
					(\$)	(%)	(\$)	(%)
USD	6,719	449	–	7,168				
EUR	480	1	–	481				
GBP	101	7	–	108				
Total	7,300	457	–	7,757				
% of Net Assets	19.9	1.2	–	21.1				
Total currency rate sensitivity					(388)	(1.1)	388	1.1

* Includes both monetary and non-monetary financial instruments

iii. Interest rate risk

As at September 30, 2025 and March 31, 2025, the ETF did not have a significant exposure to interest rate risk.

iv. Other price risk

The table below summarizes the ETF's exposure to other price risk.

Impact on net assets	Increased by 10%		Decreased by 10%	
	(\$)	(%)	(\$)	(%)
September 30, 2025	3,526	10.2	(3,525)	(10.2)
March 31, 2025	3,821	10.4	(3,822)	(10.4)

v. Credit risk

As at September 30, 2025 and March 31, 2025, the ETF did not have a significant exposure to credit risk.

(f) Fair Value Classification

The table below summarizes the fair value of the ETF's financial instruments using the fair value hierarchy described in note 3.

	September 30, 2025				March 31, 2025			
	Level 1 (\$)	Level 2 (\$)	Level 3 (\$)	Total (\$)	Level 1 (\$)	Level 2 (\$)	Level 3 (\$)	Total (\$)
Equities	32,297	–	–	32,297	34,359	–	–	34,359
Options	1,376	–	–	1,376	1,530	–	–	1,530
Exchange-traded funds/notes	256	–	–	256	229	–	–	229
Total	33,929	–	–	33,929	36,118	–	–	36,118

The ETF's policy is to recognize transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

During the periods, there were no significant transfers between Level 1 and Level 2.

(g) Investments by the Manager and Affiliates

The investments held by the Manager, other funds managed by the Manager, and funds managed by affiliates of the Manager were as follows:

	September 30, 2025	March 31, 2025
	(\$)	(\$)
The Manager	–	–
Other funds managed by the Manager	–	–
Funds managed by affiliates of the Manager	24,107	30,601

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11. ETF Specific Information *(in '000, except for (a)) (cont'd)*

(h) Offsetting of Financial Assets and Liabilities

As at September 30, 2025 and March 31, 2025, there were no amounts subject to offsetting.

(i) Interest in Unconsolidated Structured Entities

The ETF's investment details in the Underlying ETFs as at September 30, 2025 and March 31, 2025 are as follows:

September 30, 2025	% of Underlying ETF's Net Assets	Fair Value of ETF's Investment (\$)
iShares Silver Trust ETF	0.0	256

March 31, 2025	% of Underlying ETF's Net Assets	Fair Value of ETF's Investment (\$)
iShares Silver Trust ETF	0.0	229