

All Funds offering Series LB, LF and Series LW, as indicated below.

Fixed Income Fund

Mackenzie Global Green Bond Fund

US Equity Fund

Mackenzie US Growth Fund¹

ETF Portfolio

Mackenzie Conservative Income ETF Portfolio²

FOOTNOTES: (1) This Fund also offers Series LF5, LX and LW5. (2) This Fund does not offer Series LB.

No securities regulatory authority has expressed an opinion about these securities and it is an offence to claim otherwise. The Funds and the securities of the Funds offered under this annual information form are not registered with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission and they are sold in the United States only in reliance on exemptions from registration.



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NAME, FORMATION AND HISTORY OF THE FUNDS

Introduction

This annual information form contains information concerning the mutual funds listed on the cover (individually, each is a “Fund”, and collectively, they are referred to as the “Funds”). Each of the Funds is managed by **Mackenzie Financial Corporation**, which is also the promoter, registrar, transfer agent and/or trustee of the Funds.

To make this document easier to read and understand, we have used personal pronouns throughout much of the text. References to “**Mackenzie Investments**”, “**Mackenzie**”, the “**Manager**”, “**our**”, “**we**” or “**us**” generally refer to Mackenzie Financial Corporation in its capacity as trustee and/or manager of the Funds. References to “**LBCFS**” refer to LBC Financial Services Inc. in its capacity as the principal distributor of the securities offered under the simplified prospectus of the Funds. References to your “**LBCFS representative**” mean your LBCFS mutual fund representative. References to an “**LBCFS-authorized dealer**” mean a dealer authorized by LBCFS to distribute securities of the Funds in limited circumstances, and references to an “**LBCFS-authorized representative**” mean a representative of a LBCFS-authorized dealer. References to “**you**” are directed to the reader as a potential or actual investor in the Funds.

Your LBCFS representative or LBCFS-authorized representative is the individual with whom you consult for investment advice, and LBCFS or your LBCFS-authorized dealer is the company or partnership that employs your LBCFS representative or LBCFS-authorized representative, respectively.

In this document, all of the mutual funds that we manage, including the Funds, are referred to, collectively, as the “**Mackenzie Funds**” or, each individually, as a “**Mackenzie Fund**”. All Funds are mutual funds which are subject to National Instrument 81-102 *Investment Funds* (“**NI 81-102**”).

The Funds have been established as unit trusts and issue units to investors. Units of the Funds are sold through your LBCFS-authorized dealer.

The following plans are collectively referred to as “**registered plans**”:

- registered retirement savings plans (“**RRSPs**”), including
 - locked-in retirement accounts (“**LIRAs**”),
 - locked-in retirement savings plans (“**LRSPs**”),
 - restricted locked-in savings plans (“**RLSPs**”),
- registered retirement income funds (“**RRIFs**”), including
 - life income funds (“**LIFs**”),
 - locked-in retirement income funds (“**LRIFs**”),
 - prescribed retirement income funds (“**PRIFs**”),
 - restricted life income funds (“**RLIFs**”),
- tax free savings accounts (“**TFSAs**”),
- registered education savings plans (“**RESPs**”),
- registered disability savings plans (“**RDSPs**”), and
- deferred profit-sharing plans (“**DPSPs**”).

Address of the Funds and Mackenzie Investments

Our head office and the sole office of each of the Funds, as well as their mailing address, is located at 180 Queen Street West, Toronto, Ontario M5V 3K1.

Formation of the Funds

The Funds are currently governed by the terms of a master declaration of trust dated October 19, 1999, as amended (the “**Master Declaration of Trust**”). The Master Declaration of Trust is amended each time a new fund or series is created, in order to include the investment objectives and any other information specific to the new Mackenzie Fund.

Table 1 lists the name of each Fund and the date of its formation.

Table 1: The Funds

Fund	Date of formation
The “Group A Funds”:	
Mackenzie Conservative Income ETF Portfolio	January 15, 2018
Mackenzie US Growth Fund	October 26, 2000*
Mackenzie Global Green Bond Fund	September 29, 2021

*This date reflects the date of formation of the corporate class fund of Mackenzie Financial Capital Corporation (“**Capitalcorp Fund**”). The series of the Capitalcorp Fund was merged into the corresponding series of the Fund on July 30, 2021. Pursuant to exemptive relief issued in connection with a fund reorganization transaction, securities regulators have approved the start date to be used by the Fund.

Major changes during the last 10 years

Table 2 lists major events and other changes to the names, investment objectives, investment strategies or portfolio managers or sub-advisors of the Funds that have occurred since May 2012.

Table 2: Fund changes during the last 10 years

Fund Name	Effective Date	Change
Mackenzie US Growth Fund	July 26, 2013	Change of investment objectives so the Fund will invest primarily in equity securities of U.S. companies Change of name from Mackenzie Universal North American Growth Class
	August 2, 2013	Mackenzie Universal Health Sciences Class reorganized with the Fund, whereby shares of the Fund were issued to the former securityholders of Mackenzie Universal Health Sciences Class Mackenzie Universal Technology Class reorganized with the Fund, whereby shares of the Fund were issued to the former securityholders of Mackenzie Universal Technology Class
	July 6, 2018	Merger of Mackenzie US Large Cap Class into the Fund
	July 30, 2021	Merger of Mackenzie US Growth Class into the Fund

INVESTMENT RESTRICTIONS AND PRACTICES

NI 81-102

The simplified prospectus contains detailed descriptions of the investment objectives, investment strategies and the fund risks for each of the Funds. In addition, the Funds are subject to certain restrictions and practices contained in securities legislation, including NI 81-102, which are designed, in part, to ensure that the investments of mutual funds are diversified and relatively liquid and to ensure the proper administration of mutual funds. We intend to manage the Funds in accordance with these restrictions and practices or to obtain relief from the securities regulatory authorities before implementing any variations.

Exemptions from NI 81-102

The following provides a description of the exemptions that certain Funds have received from the provisions of NI 81-102 and/or a description of the general investment activity.

Foreign sovereign debt investment relief

Mackenzie Global Green Bond Fund has obtained regulatory approval for an exemption from certain requirements in NI 81-102 in order to invest in foreign sovereign debt up to:

1. 20% of its net assets, taken at market value at the time of purchase, in government and/or supranational agency-issued or

guaranteed debt securities of any one issuer with a credit rating of “AA” or higher; and

2. 35% of its net assets, taken at market value at the time of purchase, in government and/or supranational agency-issued or guaranteed debt securities of any one issuer with a credit rating of “AAA” or higher.

This approval includes the following conditions:

- 1 and 2 above may not be combined for any one issuer;
- the securities that are purchased must be traded on a mature and liquid market; and
- the acquisition of the securities purchased must be consistent with the fundamental investment objectives of the Fund.

U.S. Listed ETF relief

Given the incorporation of the alternative mutual funds into NI 81-102, this ETF Relief is only relevant for U.S.-listed exchanged-traded funds.

All Funds have obtained an exemption from the Canadian securities regulatory authorities, which allows them to purchase and hold securities of the following types of ETFs (collectively, the “**Underlying ETFs**”):

- ETFs that seek to provide daily results that replicate the daily performance of a specified widely quoted market index (the ETF’s “**Underlying Index**”) by a multiple of up to 200% (“**Leveraged Bull ETFs**”), inverse multiple of up to 100% (“**Inverse ETFs**”), or an inverse multiple of up to 200% (“**Leveraged Bear ETFs**”);
- ETFs that seek to replicate the performance of gold or silver, or the value of a specified derivative whose underlying interest is gold or silver on an unlevered basis (“**Underlying Gold or Silver Interest**”), or by a multiple of up to 200% (collectively, the “**Leveraged Gold/Silver ETFs**”); and
- ETFs that invest directly, or indirectly through derivatives, in physical commodities, including but not limited to agriculture or livestock, energy, precious metals and industrial metals, on an unlevered basis (“**Unlevered Commodity ETFs**”, together with the Leveraged Gold/Silver ETFs, collectively, the “**Commodity ETFs**”).

This relief is subject to the following conditions:

- a Fund’s investment in securities of an Underlying ETF must be in accordance with its fundamental investment objectives;

- the securities of the Underlying ETF must be traded on a stock exchange in Canada or the United States;
- a Fund may not purchase securities of an Underlying ETF if, immediately after the transaction, more than 10% of the NAV of the Fund, taken at market value at the time of the transaction, would consist of securities of Underlying ETFs;
- a Fund may not purchase securities of Inverse ETFs or securities of Leveraged Bear ETFs or sell any securities short if, immediately after the transaction, the Fund’s aggregate market value exposure represented by all such securities purchased and/or sold short would exceed 20% of the NAV of the Fund, taken at market value at the time of the transaction; and
- immediately after entering into a purchase, derivatives or other transaction to obtain exposure to physical commodities, the Fund’s aggregate market value exposure (whether direct or indirect, including through Commodity ETFs) to all physical commodities (including gold) does not exceed 10% of the NAV of the Fund, taken at market value at the time of the transaction.

Cover relief in connection with certain derivatives

All Funds have received exemptive relief to permit each Fund to use, as cover, a right or obligation to sell an equivalent quantity of the underlying interest of the standardized future, forward, or swap, when

- the Fund opens or maintains a long position in a debt-like security that has a component that is a long position in a forward contract or in a standardized future or forward contract, or
- the Fund enters into or maintains a swap position and during periods when the Fund is entitled to receive payments under the swap.

The relief is subject to the following terms:

- when the Fund enters into or maintains a swap position for periods when the Fund would be entitled to receive fixed payments under the swap, the Fund holds
 - cash cover in an amount that, together with margin on account for the swap and the market value of the swap, is not less than, on a daily mark-to-market basis, the underlying market exposure of the swap;
 - a right or obligation to enter into an offsetting swap on an equivalent quantity and with an equivalent term and cash cover that, together with margin on account for the position, is not less than the aggregate amount, if any,

- of the obligations of the Fund under the swap, less the obligations of the Fund under such offsetting swap; or
 - a combination of the positions referred to in the preceding two subparagraphs that is sufficient, without recourse to other assets of the Fund, to enable the Fund to satisfy its obligations under the swap;
- when the Fund opens or maintains a long position in a debt-like security that has a component that is a long position in a forward contract, or in a standardized future or forward contract, the Fund holds
- cash cover in an amount that, together with margin on account for the specified derivative and the market value of the specified derivative, is not less than, on a daily mark-to-market basis, the underlying market exposure of the specified derivative;
 - a right or obligation to sell an equivalent quantity of the underlying interest of the future or forward contract, and cash cover that, together with margin on account for the position, is not less than the amount, if any, by which the market price of the future or forward contract exceeds the strike price of the right or obligation to sell the underlying interest; or
 - a combination of the positions referred to in the preceding two subparagraphs that is sufficient, without recourse to other assets of the Fund, to enable the Fund to acquire the underlying interest of the future or forward contract;
- the Fund will not
- purchase a debt-like security that has an option component or an option; or
 - purchase or write an option to cover any position under section 2.8(1)(b), (c), (d), (e) or (f) of NI 81-102 if, immediately after the purchase or writing of such option, more than 10% of the NAV of the Fund at the time of the transaction would be made up of (A) purchased debt-like securities that have an option component or purchased options, in each case, held by the Fund for purposes other than hedging, or (B) options used to cover any position under subsections 2.8(1)(b), (c), (d), (e) or (f) of NI 81-102.

the Capitalcorp Funds; (b) calculate its investment risk level using the performance history of the Capitalcorp Funds; (c) disclose the start dates of the applicable series of the Capitalcorp Funds as the start dates of the applicable series of the Funds; (d) disclose the “Date series started” dates of the applicable series of the Capitalcorp Funds in the Funds’ Fund Facts documents; (e) disclose the investments of the Capitalcorp Funds in the “Top 10 investments” and “Investment mix” tables in the Funds’ initial Fund Facts documents; (f) use the management expense ratio, trading expense ratio and fund expenses of the Capitalcorp Funds in the Funds’ Fund Facts documents; (g) use the performance data of the applicable series of the Capitalcorp Funds as the average return, year-by-year returns and best and worst 3-month returns in the Funds’ Fund Facts documents; (h) use the financial data of the Capitalcorp Funds in making the calculation required under the subheading “**Fund Expenses Indirectly Borne by Investors**” in the simplified prospectus; (i) including in its annual and interim management reports of fund performance, the performance data and information derived from the financial statements and other financial information of the corresponding Capitalcorp Fund; and (j) permit the filing of the simplified prospectus of the Funds notwithstanding that the initial seed capital investment required in respect of the Funds was not satisfied.

Standard Investment Restrictions and Practices

The remaining standard investment restrictions and practices set out in NI 81-102 are deemed to be included in this annual information form. A copy of the investment restrictions and practices adopted by the Funds will be provided to you, upon request, by writing to us at the address shown under “**Address of the Funds and Mackenzie Investments**”.

As permitted under National Instrument 81-107 Independent Review Committee for Investment Funds (“**NI 81-107**”), the Funds may engage in inter-fund trades subject to certain conditions, including, for exchange-traded securities, that the trades are executed using the current market price of a security rather than the last sale price before the execution of the trade. Accordingly, the Funds have obtained exemptive relief to permit the Funds to engage in inter-fund trades if the security is an exchange-traded security, executed at the last sale price, immediately before the trade is executed, on an exchange upon which the security is listed or quoted.

Seed Capital, Past Performance and Financial Data Relief

In connection with the wind up of Mackenzie Financial Capital Corporation (“**Capitalcorp**”) and the merging of certain Capitalcorp funds (each a “**Capitalcorp Fund**”) into the corresponding series of the Funds, Mackenzie US Growth Fund has received regulatory relief from the Canadian securities administrators to (a) include in its sales communications and reports to unitholders the performance data of

Approval of the Independent Review Committee

The Independent Review Committee (“**IRC**”) of the Mackenzie Funds under NI 81-107 has approved a standing instruction to permit the Funds to invest in certain issuers related to us, as provided for in NI 81-107. Issuers related to us include issuers that control Mackenzie or issuers that are under common control with Mackenzie. We have determined that, notwithstanding the specific provisions of NI 81-107

and the standing instruction that has been adopted, it would be inappropriate for the Funds to invest in securities issued by IGM Financial Inc., which indirectly owns 100% of the outstanding common shares of Mackenzie. The IRC monitors the investment activity of the Funds in related issuers at least quarterly. In its review, the IRC considers whether investment decisions

- have been made free from any influence by, and without taking into account any consideration relevant to, the related issuer or other entities related to the Fund or us;
- represent our business judgment, uninfluenced by considerations other than the best interests of the Fund;
- have been made in compliance with our policies and the IRC’s standing instruction; and
- achieve a fair and reasonable result for the Fund.

The IRC must notify securities regulatory authorities if it determines that we have not complied with any of the above conditions.

For more information about the IRC, see “**Mackenzie Funds’ Independent Review Committee**”.

Change of Investment Objectives and Strategies

A change in a Fund’s investment objectives can only be made with the consent of the investors in the Fund at a meeting called for that purpose. The investment strategies explain how the Fund intends to achieve its investment objectives. As manager of the Funds, we may change the investment strategies from time to time, but will give you notice, by way of a press release, of our intention to do so if it would be a material change as defined in National Instrument 81-106, Investment Fund Continuous Disclosure (“**NI 81-106**”). Under NI 81-106, a change in the business, operations or affairs of a Fund is considered to be a “material change” if a reasonable investor would consider it important in deciding whether to purchase or continue to hold units of the Fund.

DESCRIPTION OF UNITS

Each Fund is also associated with a specific investment portfolio and specific investment objectives and strategies and may offer new series at any time without notice to you and without your approval.

Each Fund is entitled to the total return (including realized and unrealized gains) on the portfolio assets of that Fund, less the portion of management fees, administration fees and fund costs (as described in the simplified prospectus of the Funds) attributable to that Fund.

The series of each Fund are entitled to a *pro rata* share in the net return of that Fund. The series of each Fund also have the right to receive distributions, when declared, and to receive, upon redemption, the NAV of the series.

Series of Units

The expenses of each series of each Fund are tracked separately and a separate NAV is calculated for each series. Although the money which you and other investors pay to purchase units of each series, and the expenses of each series, are tracked on a series-by-series basis in your Fund’s administration records, the assets of all series of your Fund are combined into a single pool to create one portfolio for investment purposes.

There are currently six series of units available under the simplified prospectus of the Funds: Series LB, LF, LF5 LX, LW and LW5.

Each Fund has additional series which are offered under separate simplified prospectuses. Some series of Funds are only offered on an exempt-distribution basis. Some Funds have other series that have been closed to new sales. These series do not generally appear on the front cover of the annual information form and are not generally available under the simplified prospectus.

Distributions

Each Fund intends to distribute sufficient net income and net capital gains to its investors each year to ensure that the Fund does not pay ordinary income tax under Part 1 of the Income Tax Act (Canada) (the “**Tax Act**”). A Fund may also distribute returns of capital. A Fund may pay a distribution of net income, net capital gains and/or returns of capital at such time or times as we, acting as manager, in our discretion, determine.

The net income and net capital gains of a Fund will be distributed first to pay any management expense distributions to investors who are entitled to benefit from a reduction in the management fee. For more information, see “**Fees, Expenses and Management Expense Reductions**”. A Fund may allocate net capital gains as a redemption distribution to an investor who redeems that Fund’s units – including to an investor who redeems that Fund’s units in the course of switching to another Mackenzie Fund. Any remaining net income or net capital gains of a Fund to be distributed will be allocated among the series of units of the Fund based on the relative NAVs of the series and on each series’ expenses available to offset net income or net capital gains on

or before the date of the distribution and distributed *pro rata* to investors in each series on the distribution payment date. Any such distribution will occur on or about the business day following the distribution record date or dates, at our discretion.

Our Chief Investment Officer and lead portfolio managers who invest in Funds they manage do not pay any management fees in respect of their investment in Series F, O or O6 units (offered under a separate simplified prospectus). They may be entitled to special distributions from a Fund to effect the management fee reduction. For Series F units, these individuals will receive a special distribution from the Funds they manage in order to reduce their allocation of management fees to zero.

Liquidation or other termination rights

If a Fund, or a particular series of units of a Fund, is ever terminated, each unit that you own will participate equally with each other unit of the same series in the assets of the Fund attributable to that series after all of the Fund's liabilities (or those allocated to the series of units being terminated) have been paid or provided for.

Conversion and redemption rights

Units of most Funds may be exchanged for other units of that Fund or another Mackenzie Fund (a “switch”) as described under “Purchases and Switches (Exchanges of units)” and may be redeemed as described under “How to Redeem Units”.

Voting rights and changes requiring investor approval

You have the right to exercise one vote for each unit held at meetings of all investors of your Fund and at any meetings held solely for investors of that series of units. We are required to convene a meeting of investors of a Fund to ask them to consider and approve, by not less than a majority of the votes cast at the meeting (either in person or by proxy), any of the following material changes if they are ever proposed for the Fund:

- a change to the basis of the calculation of management fees or of other expenses that are charged to the Fund or to you, which could result in an increase in charges to the Fund or to you unless (i) the contract is an arm's length contract with a party other than us or an associate or affiliate of ours for services relating to the operation of the Fund, and (ii) you are given at least 60 days' written notice of the effective date of the proposed change, or unless (i) the mutual fund is permitted to be described as “no-load”, and (ii) the investors are given at least 60 days' written notice of the effective date of the proposed change. Similarly, the introduction of certain new fees by us for the Fund which

may be payable by the Fund or investors of the Fund would also require the approval of a majority of the votes cast at a meeting of investors of the Fund;

- a change of the manager of a Fund (other than a change to an affiliate of ours);
- any change in the investment objectives of a Fund;
- any decrease in the frequency of calculating the NAV for each series of units;
- certain material reorganizations of a Fund; and
- any other matter which is required by the constating documents of a Fund, by the laws applicable to a Fund, or by any agreement to be submitted to a vote of the investors in a Fund.

Other changes

You will be provided with at least 60 days' written notice of

- a change of auditor of a Fund; and
- certain reorganizations with, or transfer of assets to, another mutual fund, if a Fund will cease to exist thereafter and you will become a securityholder of another fund (otherwise an investor vote will be required).

For most Funds, except as noted below, we generally provide at least 30 days' notice to you (unless longer notice requirements are imposed under securities legislation) to amend the applicable Declaration of Trust in the following circumstances:

- when the securities legislation requires that written notice be given to you before the change takes effect; or
- when the change would not be prohibited by the securities legislation and we reasonably believe that the proposed amendment has the potential to adversely impact your financial interests or rights, so that it is equitable to give you advance notice of the proposed change.

For most Funds, we are generally entitled to amend the applicable Declaration of Trust, without prior approval from or notice to you, if we reasonably believe that the proposed amendment does not have the potential to adversely affect you or

- to ensure compliance with applicable laws, regulations or policies;
- to protect you;
- to remove conflicts or inconsistencies between the Declaration of Trust and any law, regulation or policy affecting the Fund, trustee or its agents;
- to correct typographical, clerical or other errors; or
- to facilitate the administration of the Fund or to respond to amendments to the Tax Act, which might adversely affect the tax status of a Fund or you if no change is made.

VALUATION OF PORTFOLIO SECURITIES

The portfolio securities of each Fund are valued as at the close of trading on the Toronto Stock Exchange (the “**TSX**”) (the “**valuation time**”) on each trading day. A “**trading day**” is any day that the TSX is open for trading. The value of the portfolio securities and other assets of each Fund is determined by applying the following rules:

- Cash on hand or on deposit, bills and notes and accounts receivable, prepaid expenses, cash dividends and interest declared or accrued and not yet received are generally valued at their full amount unless we have determined that any of these assets are not worth the full amount, in which event the value shall be deemed to be the value that we reasonably deem to be the fair value.
- Precious metals (certificates or bullion) and other commodities are valued at their fair market value, generally based on prevailing market prices as reported on exchanges or other markets.
- Portfolio securities listed on a public securities exchange are valued at their close price or last sale price reported before the valuation time on that trading day. If there is no close price and if no sale is reported to have taken place before the valuation time on that trading day, they are valued at the average of the last bid and ask prices reported before that time on that trading day.
- Unlisted portfolio securities of the Funds traded on an over-the-counter market are valued at the last sale price reported before the valuation time on that trading day. If no sale is reported to have taken place before the valuation time on that trading day, they are valued at the average of the last bid and ask prices reported before that time on that trading day.
- Notwithstanding the foregoing, if portfolio securities are interlisted or traded on more than one exchange or market, we shall use the close price or last sale price or the average of the last bid and ask prices, as the case may be, reported before the valuation time on the exchange or market that we determine to be the principal exchange or market for those securities.
- Fixed-income securities listed on a public securities exchange will be valued at their close price or last sale price before the valuation time on that trading day, or if there is no close price and if no sale is reported to have taken place before the valuation time on that trading day, at the average of the last bid and ask prices before that time on that trading day.
- Non-exchange-traded fixed-income securities of the Funds are valued at their fair value based on prices supplied by established pricing vendors, market participants or pricing models, as determined before the valuation time on that trading day.
- Where a Fund owns securities issued by another mutual fund (an “**Underlying Fund**”), the securities of the Underlying Fund are valued at the price calculated by the manager of the other mutual fund for the applicable series of securities of the other mutual fund for that trading day in accordance with the constating documents of the other mutual fund.
- Long positions in options, debt-like securities and warrants are valued at the current market value of their positions.
- Where an option is written by a Fund, the premium received by the Fund for those options is reflected as a deferred credit. The deferred credit is valued at an amount equal to the current market value of the option which would have the effect of closing the position. Any difference resulting from revaluation shall be treated as an unrealized gain or loss on investment. The deferred credit shall be deducted in calculating the NAV of the Fund. The Fund’s portfolio securities, which are the subject of a written option, shall continue to be valued at their current market value as determined by us.
- Foreign currency hedging contracts are valued at their current market value on that trading day, with any difference resulting from revaluation being treated as an unrealized gain or loss on investment.
- The value of a forward contract or swap is the gain or loss on the contract that would be realized if, on that trading day, the position in the forward contract or the swap were to be closed out.
- The value of a standardized future is,
 - if the daily limits imposed by the futures exchange through which the standardized future was issued are not in effect, the gain or loss on the standardized future that would be realized if, on that trading date, the position in the standardized future was closed out, or
 - if the daily limits imposed by the futures exchange through which the standardized future was issued are in effect, based on the current market value of the underlying interest of the standardized future.
- Margin paid or deposited on standardized futures or forward contracts is reflected as an account receivable, and margin

consisting of assets other than cash is noted as held as margin.

- Portfolio securities, the resale of which are restricted or limited by law or by means of a representation, undertaking or agreement by the Fund, are valued at the lesser of
 - their value based upon reported quotations in common use on that trading day; and
 - the market value of portfolio securities of the same class or series of a class, whose resale is not restricted (the “**related securities**”) less a discount which reflects the difference between the acquisition cost of the securities versus the market value of the related securities on the date of the purchase; this amount decreases over the restricted period in proportion until the securities are no longer restricted.
- Portfolio securities that are quoted in foreign currencies are converted to Canadian dollars using an exchange rate as of the close of the North American markets on that trading day.
- Notwithstanding the foregoing, portfolio securities and other assets for which market quotations are, in our opinion, inaccurate, unreliable, not reflective of all available material information or not readily available, are valued at their fair value as determined by us.

Canada and consult other industry sources to set an appropriate fair valuation. If, at any time, the foregoing rules conflict with the valuation rules required under applicable securities laws, we will follow the valuation rules required under applicable securities laws.

The constating documents of each of the Funds contain details of the liabilities to be included in calculating the NAV for each series of units of each of the Funds. The liabilities of a Fund include, without limitation, all bills, notes and accounts payable, all management fees, administration fees and fund costs payable or accrued, all contractual obligations for the payment of money or property, all allowances authorized or approved by us for taxes (if any) or contingencies, and all other liabilities of the Fund. We will determine in good faith whether such liabilities are series expenses or common expenses of the Funds. In calculating the NAV for each series of units, we will use the latest reported information available to us on each trading day. The purchase or sale of portfolio securities by a Fund will be reflected in the first calculation of the NAV for each series of units after the date on which the transaction becomes binding.

Within the past three (3) years, we have not exercised our discretion to deviate from the Funds’ valuation practices described above.

Differences from IFRS

In accordance with amendments to NI 81-106, the fair value of a portfolio security used to determine the daily price of a Fund’s units for purchases and redemptions by investors will be based on a Fund’s valuation principles set out above, which may not be the same as the requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards (“**IFRS**”). Hence, the reported value of securities held by a Fund may differ from what is reported in the annual and interim financial statements.

If a portfolio security cannot be valued under the foregoing rules or under any other valuation rules adopted under applicable securities laws, or if any rules we have adopted are not set out under applicable securities laws, but at any time are considered by us to be inappropriate under the circumstances, then we will use a valuation that we consider to be fair, reasonable and in your best interest. In those circumstances, we would typically review current press releases concerning the portfolio security, discuss an appropriate valuation with other portfolio managers, analysts, the Investment Funds Institute of

CALCULATION OF NET ASSET VALUE

The NAV of a Fund, as of any valuation time, is the market value of the Fund’s assets less its liabilities.

After the close of business on each trading day, a separate NAV for each series of units of each Fund will be calculated because management fees, administration fees and fund costs for each series are different.

For each series of each Fund, the NAV per security is calculated by

- adding up the series’ proportionate share of the cash, portfolio units and other assets of the Fund;

- subtracting the liabilities applicable to that series of units (which includes the series’ proportionate share of common liabilities, plus liabilities directly attributable to the series); and
- dividing the net assets by the total number of units of that series owned by investors.

The NAV per security applied to purchase and redemption orders of units of each Fund will generally increase or decrease on each trading day as a result of changes in the value of the portfolio securities owned by the Fund. When distributions (other than management expense distributions) are declared by a series of a Fund, the NAV per security of that series will decrease by the per security amount of the distributions on the payment date.

The NAV per security for purchases and redemptions of units of the Funds is the value first calculated after the receipt by us of all appropriate documents pertaining to a purchase or redemption order.

The NAV of each Fund and the NAV per security is available to the public at no cost by calling LBCFS toll-free at 1-800-522-1846; the NAV per security is also available on LBCFS' internet site at www.laurentianbank.ca/mackenzie.

PURCHASES AND SWITCHES (EXCHANGES OF UNITS)

Purchase of Units

Units of the Funds may be purchased by contacting your LBCFS representative or LBCFS-authorized representative. We are not liable for the recommendations given to you by your LBCFS representative or LBCFS-authorized representative.

Mackenzie Fund units that are offered under separate simplified prospectuses include other purchase options. For more information, please refer to the Mackenzie Mutual Funds simplified prospectus, accessible at www.mackenzieinvestments.com or www.sedar.com.

The issue price of the units is based on the Fund's NAV for that series of units next calculated after your purchase order has been received in good order. We must receive the application form and money within two (2) trading days of receiving your purchase order (one (1) trading day for Mackenzie Canadian Money Market Fund).

If we have not received payment by the end of the second (2nd) trading day (first trading day for Mackenzie Canadian Money Market Fund) after your purchase order is placed, we are required by law to redeem the units on the next trading day. If the amount received on the redemption exceeds what you would have paid for the units, the Fund must keep the surplus. However, if your purchase obligation exceeds the amount received on the redemption (which will occur if the Fund's NAV has declined since the date of your purchase order), LBCFS or a LBCFS-authorized dealer will be required to pay the Fund the amount of the deficiency, plus any additional expenses of processing the redemption order. LBCFS or a LBCFS-authorized dealer may require you to pay this amount if you were the cause of the failed purchase order.

Details of the no-load purchase option and instructions on how to submit a purchase order are set out in the simplified prospectus under the heading "**Purchases, Switches and Redemptions.**"

For additional details on "series eligibility," "minimum initial investment requirements," and "minimum subsequent investment requirements," please see the Funds simplified prospectus under the heading "**Series of Units**".

Compensation paid to your dealer

The only purchase option that is available for units offered under the simplified prospectus of the Funds is the **no-load purchase option**, where you are not required to pay a sales charge to LBCFS or your LBCFS-authorized dealer. More information on how we compensate dealers for the sale of the Funds is set out in Part A of the simplified prospectus.

How to Switch Units between Funds

If permitted by LBCFS, you may switch among the mutual fund units of Mackenzie Funds for which you are eligible by contacting your LBCFS representative or LBCFS-authorized representative who will pass your instructions on to us promptly. If permitted by LBCFS, you may also switch an investment between series and classes of the Funds and series and classes of Mackenzie Funds offered under a separate simplified prospectus. If you are switching to or from a Mackenzie Fund offered under a separate simplified prospectus, the switch must be made through your LBCFS representative or LBCFS-authorized representative. You should know the following information about switches:

- units you bought under the no-load purchase option should only be switched for other units under the no-load purchase option. If you follow this rule, you will avoid having to pay any unnecessary additional sales charges. Switches from units of the Funds to Mackenzie Funds that have different purchase options offered under separate simplified prospectuses are permitted under certain circumstances. Please read the simplified prospectus of the Funds or of the Mackenzie Mutual Funds, as applicable;
- the unit price on a switch of units is based on the Fund's first calculation of NAV for the series of units after your switch order has been received in good order;
- you may not switch from a Fund to a mutual fund offered exclusively under the Mackenzie Canada Life Mutual Funds simplified prospectus;
- switch fees may be payable by you when you switch from units of the Funds to other units of Mackenzie Funds offered under separate simplified prospectuses (including switches within a Fund). For more information, please refer to the Mackenzie Mutual Funds simplified prospectus.

How to switch units from one series to another series within the same Fund

You can switch your units of a series of a Fund into units of another series of the same Fund by contacting your LBCFS representative or LBCFS-authorized representative who is required to pass your instructions on to us promptly.

The following table summarizes which switch transactions will be taxable to you if your units are held outside a registered plan.

Type of Switch	Taxable	Non-Taxable
From any series and/or purchase option to any other series and/or purchase option of the same Fund		✓
All other switches	✓	

Delivery of Fund Facts prospectuses, statements and reports

We, LBCFS, your LBCFS-authorized dealer, your LBCFS representative or your LBCFS-authorized representative will send you the following:

- Fund Facts, and any amendments, other than as set out below;
- confirmation statements when you purchase, switch or redeem units of your Fund;
- account statements;
- at your request, the simplified prospectus, annual audited financial statements and/or semi-annual unaudited financial statements for a Fund and/or Fund annual management reports of fund performance and/or interim management reports of fund performance; and

Redemption of Units

The instructions for submitting an order to redeem your units are set out in the simplified prospectus under the heading “**Purchases, Switches and Redemptions.**”

The amount that you will receive for your redemption order is based on the Fund’s NAV for that series of units next calculated after your redemption order has been received in good order. Your redemption order must be in writing or, if you have made arrangements with your dealer, by electronic means through your dealer. If you have a security certificate, you must present the certificate at the time of your redemption request. To protect you from fraud, for redemptions

- if your Fund paid a distribution, T3 tax slips annually (Quebec residents will also receive a Réleve 16), unless your units are held in a registered plan.

You should retain all your confirmations and account statements to assist with the preparation of your tax return and calculations of the adjusted cost base of your units for tax purposes.

Exemption from delivery of Fund Facts requirement for investors who are switched from Retail Series units into Preferred Pricing Series units

If you qualify for Series LW or LW5 (collectively, the “**Preferred Pricing Series**”) which have lower combined management and administration fees than the associated Retail Series (as defined below), we will switch you into the applicable Preferred Pricing Series and you will not receive a Fund Facts document for the Preferred Pricing Series, including a Fund Facts document that covers both the relevant Retail Series and Preferred Pricing Series. However, you may request, at no cost, that we send you the most recently filed Fund Facts for the relevant series by calling us toll-free at **1-800-387-0614**, by e-mailing us at service@mackenzieinvestments.com, or by sending your request by mail to our address set out in the Fund Facts or simplified prospectus provided to you. You can also obtain copies of the Fund Facts at www.sedar.com or at our website address at www.mackenzieinvestments.com. You will not have a statutory right to withdraw from an agreement of purchase and sale in respect of a purchase of Preferred Pricing Series units made pursuant to the automatic switch, but you will continue to have a right of action for damages or rescission in the event any Fund Facts or document incorporated by reference into a simplified prospectus for the relevant series contains a misrepresentation, whether or not you request the Fund Facts.

HOW TO REDEEM UNITS

above certain dollar amounts, your signature on your redemption order (and certificate, if applicable) must be guaranteed by one of a bank, trust company, member of a recognized stock exchange or any other organization satisfactory to us.

If you request more than one redemption at a time, your redemption requests will be processed in the order in which they are received. Redemption orders involving transfers to or from registered plans may be delayed until all administrative procedures involved with registered plans are complete.

If we do not receive everything we need to complete your redemption order within ten (10) trading days after the redemption

date, under securities law, we are required on that tenth (10th) trading day to purchase the same number of units that you redeemed. We will apply your redemption proceeds to the payment required for those units. If the NAV per security has decreased since the redemption date, the Fund must keep the excess proceeds. If the NAV per security has increased since that date, you, your LBCFS representative, or your LBCFS-authorized dealer will be required to pay the Fund the deficiency and any additional expenses of processing the repurchase order. Your LBCFS representative or your LBCFS-authorized dealer may require you to pay this amount if you were the cause of the failed redemption order.

If the market value of your investment no longer meets the specified minimum investment required because you redeem units, we may, at our discretion, redeem your units, close your account and return the proceeds of the redemption to you.

We will not redeem your units if their value drops below the specified minimum investment requirement as a result of a decline in the NAV per security, rather than a redemption of your units.

No-Load Purchase Option

There is no charge to sell your units under the no-load purchase option.

Suspension of redemption rights

We may suspend the redemption of units of a Fund or may postpone the date of payment upon redemption

- during any period when normal trading is suspended on a stock exchange, options exchange or futures exchange within or outside Canada on which securities are listed and traded, or on which specified derivatives are traded, which represent more than 50% by value or underlying market exposure of the total assets of the Fund without allowance for liabilities, and if those portfolio securities or specified derivatives are not traded on any other exchange that represents a reasonably practical alternative for the Fund, or
- with the prior permission of the Ontario Securities Commission (the “OSC”).

For the purposes of making this determination, the Fund will also be considered to own directly the securities owned by any Underlying Fund whose securities are owned by the Fund.

During any period of suspension, there will be no calculation of the NAV for any series of units of the Fund, and the Fund will not be permitted to issue, redeem or switch any units.

The issue, redemption and switch of units and the calculation of the NAV for each series of units will resume

- if the suspension resulted from the suspension of normal trading on one or more exchanges, when normal trading resumes on these exchanges, or
- if the suspension occurred with the prior permission of the OSC, when the OSC declares the suspension ended.

In the event of a suspension,

- if you have placed a purchase order for a series of units of the Fund, you may either withdraw the purchase order prior to termination of the suspension or receive units of the series based on the series NAV per security next calculated after the termination of the suspension; and
- if you have requested the redemption or switch of units of the Fund but the redemption or switch proceeds cannot be calculated because of the suspension, you may either withdraw your request prior to termination of the suspension, or
 - in the case of redemption, receive payment based on the series NAV per security, less the applicable redemption charge, if any, next calculated after the termination of the suspension; or
 - in the case of a switch, have the units switched on the basis of the series NAV per security next calculated after the termination of the suspension.

If we have received your redemption request and the redemption proceeds have been calculated prior to a suspension, but payment of the redemption proceeds has not yet been made, the Fund will pay your redemption proceeds to you during the suspension period.

RESPONSIBILITY FOR FUND OPERATIONS

Management Services

We are the manager, trustee and transfer agent/registrars of each of the Funds. You may contact LBCFS concerning the Funds or your accounts at:

LBC Financial Services Inc.
1360, René-Lévesque Blvd. West, Suite 630
Montréal, Québec
H3G 0A9

LAURENTIAN BANK GROUP OF FUNDS – ANNUAL INFORMATION FORM

Telephone: 1-800-522-1846
 Fax: 1-514-284-6982
 Website: www.laurentianbank.ca/mackenzie

The documents comprising each Fund’s permanent information record and the registers of investors of each of the Funds are maintained at our office in Toronto.

In our capacity as manager of the Funds, we provide the staff necessary to conduct the Funds’ day-to-day operations under the terms of the Master Management Agreements described under “**Master Management Agreement**”. The services that we provide to the Funds, as manager, include the following:

- in-house portfolio managers or arranging for external sub-advisors to manage the Funds’ portfolios;
- arranging fund administration services to process portfolio trades and to provide daily calculations of the value of the Funds’ portfolio securities, the NAV of the Funds, and the NAV per security for each series of the Funds;
- transfer agent/registrars personnel to process purchase, switch and redemption orders;
- customer service personnel to respond to LBCFS, LBCFS-authorized dealers and investor enquiries concerning investor accounts; and
- all other support personnel to ensure that the Funds’ operations are conducted in an efficient manner.

From time to time, we engage outside parties as agents to assist us in providing management and administrative services to the Funds. As manager of the Funds, we determine the terms of engagement and compensation payable by the Funds to those agents. We have engaged sub-advisors with specialized skills or geographic expertise pertinent to local markets who provide portfolio management services and portfolio security selection for all or part of a Fund’s portfolio. In the case of sub-advisors, we are responsible for payment of their compensation out of our management fees received from the Funds and for monitoring their compliance with the Funds’ investment objectives and strategies, but we do not pre-approve their trades on behalf of the Funds. For more information about these sub-advisors, see “**Portfolio Management Services**”. We have also engaged CIBC Mellon Global Securities Services Company and CIBC Mellon Trust Company as Fund Administrator. For more information about CIBC, please see “**Fund Administrator**”.

B2B Trustco is the trustee of the registered plans sponsored by LBCFS.

Directors and Executive Officers of Mackenzie Investments

The names, municipalities of residence and principal occupations during the preceding five years of each of the directors and executive

officers of Mackenzie Investments are set out in Table 3 and Table 4. For executive officers who have been with us for more than five years, only their current position is shown.

Table 3: Directors of Mackenzie Investments

Name and municipality of residence	Position
Naomi Andjelic Bartlett Burlington, Ontario	Director of Mackenzie Investments; Senior Vice-President and Chief Compliance Officer of IGM Financial Inc. ¹ previously, Vice-President Compliance, Scotiabank (August 2018-August 2021) and prior thereto, Director, Compliance, Global Banking & Markets and Treasury, Scotiabank.
Earl Bederman Toronto, Ontario	Director of Mackenzie Investments; retired Founder and Chief Executive Officer, Investor Economics Inc.
Karen L. Gavan Toronto, Ontario	Director of Mackenzie Investments; retired Director, President and Chief Executive Officer of Economical Mutual Insurance Company
Nancy McCuaig Winnipeg, Manitoba	Director of Mackenzie Investments; Senior Vice-President, IGM Technology and Data Office ¹ Previously, Senior Vice-President, Chief Technology and Data Office, IGM Financial Inc. ¹ (2018-2021) and prior thereto, Senior Vice-President, Head of IT, Investors Group Inc. ²
Barry S. McInerney Toronto, Ontario	Director, Chairman, President, Chief Executive Officer and Ultimate Designated Person of Mackenzie Investments
Subhas Sen Toronto, Ontario	Director of Mackenzie Investments; Senior Vice-President, Head of Business Operations of Mackenzie Investments

Table 4: Executive Officers of Mackenzie Investments

Name and municipality of residence	Position
Kristi Ashcroft Toronto, Ontario	Executive Vice-President, Product & Solutions of Mackenzie Investments; previously, Senior Vice-President, Head of Product of Mackenzie Investments; prior thereto Vice-President, Senior Investment Director – Fixed Income of Mackenzie Investments
Chris Boyle Toronto, Ontario	Senior Vice-President, Institutional of Mackenzie Investments
Gary Chateram Toronto, Ontario	Senior Vice President, Co-Head of Retail of Mackenzie Investments; previously Regional Vice President, Retail of Mackenzie Investments; and prior thereto Vice-President, Institutional Sales of Fidelity Investments Canada ULC (October 2010 – February 2020)
Michael Cooke Toronto, Ontario	Senior Vice-President, Head of Exchange Traded Funds of Mackenzie Investments
Cynthia Currie Toronto, Ontario	Executive Vice-President and Chief Human Resources Officer of IGM Financial Inc. ¹ ; previously, Vice-President, Corporate Services & Investments, Sun Life Financial, Inc.
Michael Dibden Toronto, Ontario	Executive Vice-President, Chief Operating Officer of IGM Financial Inc. ¹ , Mackenzie Investments and Investors Group Inc. ² ; previously, Senior Vice-President, Technology, CIBC
Ryan Dickey Toronto, Ontario	Senior Vice President, Co-Head of Retail of Mackenzie Investments; previously Regional Vice President, Retail of Mackenzie Investments; previously Senior Vice-President, Sales and District Sales Manager
Rhonda Goldberg Toronto, Ontario	Executive Vice-President, General Counsel of IGM Financial Inc. ¹ and Mackenzie Investments; previously, Senior Vice-President, Client and Regulatory Affairs of IGM Financial Inc. and Mackenzie Investments

Name and municipality of residence	Position
Luke Gould Winnipeg, Manitoba	Executive Vice-President, Finance and Chief Financial Officer of Mackenzie Investments, IGM Financial Inc. ¹ and Investors Group Inc. ² ; Director of Investors Group Financial Services Inc. ² and Investors Group Securities Inc.
Steven Locke Toronto, Ontario	Senior Vice-President Chief Investment Officer, Fixed Income and Multi-Asset Strategies of Mackenzie Investments; previously, Senior Vice-President, Investment Management of Mackenzie Investments
Lesley Marks Toronto, Ontario	Senior Vice-President, Chief Investment Officer, Equities of Mackenzie Investments; previously, Chief Investment Officer and Head of Investment Management of BMO Private Wealth; Chief Investment Strategist of BMO Private Investment Counsel; and Chief Investment Officer and Portfolio Manager of BMO Global Asset Management
Barry S. McInerney Toronto, Ontario	Director, Chairman, President, Chief Executive Officer and Ultimate Designated Person of Mackenzie Investments
Douglas Milne Toronto, Ontario	Executive Vice-President, Chief Marketing Officer of Mackenzie Investments, IGM Financial Inc. ¹ and Investors Group Inc. ² ; previously, Vice-President, Marketing, TD Bank Group; and Vice-President, Marketing, Cara Operations
Terry Rountes Woodbridge, Ontario	Vice-President, Fund Services and Chief Financial Officer, Mackenzie Funds and IG Wealth Funds of Investors Group Inc. ²
Fate Saghir Toronto, Ontario	Senior Vice-President, Head of Sustainable Investing of Mackenzie Investments; previously, Vice-President, Market Strategy, Research and Innovation of Mackenzie Investments

Name and municipality of residence	Position
Gillian Seidler Toronto, Ontario	Vice President, Compliance and Chief Compliance Officer of Mackenzie Investments, Chief Compliance Officer of I.G. Investment Management Ltd. ² and Mackenzie Investments Corporation ³ previously, Vice-President, Compliance; Mackenzie Investments, and prior thereto Assistant Vice-President, Compliance of Mackenzie Investments

NOTES

1. Our parent company.
2. An affiliate of ours.
3. Our subsidiary.

Portfolio Management Services

Although we are the portfolio manager for all of the Funds, the portfolio investments of the Funds are either managed directly by us or by sub-advisors hired by us.

Each of the portfolio managers has primary responsibility for the investment advice given to the accounts that he/she manages or co-

Table 5 identifies the individuals who are principally responsible for portfolio investment for these Funds:

Table 5: Portfolio Managers of Mackenzie Financial Corporation

Name and Title	Fund	With the firm since	Principal occupation in the last 5 years
David Arpin, Senior Vice-President, Investment Management	Mackenzie US Growth Fund	2016	Portfolio Manager
Nelson Arruda Senior Vice-President, Portfolio Manager	Mackenzie Conservative Income ETF Portfolio	2017	Since January 2017, Portfolio Manager Prior thereto, Portfolio Manager, CPP Investment Board
Dina DeGeer, Senior Vice-President, Investment Management	Mackenzie US Growth Fund	2016	Portfolio Manager
Konstantin Boehmer, Senior Vice-President & Co- Lead Fixed Income, Investment Management	Mackenzie Global Green Bond Fund	2013	Portfolio Manager

manages. On a continuing basis, each portfolio manager evaluates the accounts for which he/she has responsibility, including the percentage that is invested in a type of security, generally, or in a particular security, diversification of holdings among industries and, in general, the makeup of the account.

We also provide portfolio management services to other mutual funds and private accounts. If the availability of any particular portfolio security is limited and that security is appropriate for the investment objective of more than one mutual fund or private account, the securities will be allocated among them on a *pro rata* basis or other equitable basis, having regard to whether the security is currently held in any of the portfolios, the relevant size and rate of growth of the accounts and any other factors that we consider reasonable.

The tables below describe the portfolio manager or sub-advisor and its principal location and, the lead portfolio managers for each Fund, their years of service with that firm and their most recent five (5) years' business experience.

Mackenzie Financial Corporation, Toronto, Ontario

We provide portfolio management services directly to the Funds.

LAURENTIAN BANK GROUP OF FUNDS – ANNUAL INFORMATION FORM

Name and Title	Fund	With the firm since	Principal occupation in the last 5 years
Caroline Chan Vice-President, Investment Management	Mackenzie Global Green Bond Fund	2018	Since 2018, Portfolio Manager Prior thereto, Fixed Income Trader, Wellington Management
Dan Cooper, Senior Vice-President, Investment Management	Mackenzie Global Green Bond Fund	1997	Portfolio Manager
Steven Locke, Senior Vice-President, Chief Investment Officer, Fixed Income and Multi-Asset Strategies	Mackenzie Global Green Bond Fund	2008	Portfolio Manager
Todd Mattina, Chief Economist and Senior Vice-President, Investment Management	Mackenzie Conservative Income ETF Portfolio	2020	Since June 2020, Portfolio Manager Prior thereto, Chief Strategist and Chief Economist at the Investment Management Corporation of Ontario (2018-2019) Prior thereto, Chief Economist and Strategist, Mackenzie Investments (2014-2018)
Movin Mokbel, Vice-President, Investment Management	Mackenzie Global Green Bond Fund	2012	Portfolio Manager
Felix Wong, Vice-President, Investment Management	Mackenzie Global Green Bond Fund	2008	Portfolio Manager
Ken Yip, Vice-President, Investment Management	Mackenzie Global Green Bond Fund	2014	Since June 2021, Portfolio Manager Prior thereto, Associate Portfolio Manager

Brokerage Arrangements

Investment portfolio brokerage transactions for the Funds are arranged by us as manager/portfolio manager through a large number of brokerage firms. Brokerage fees for the Funds are usually paid at the most favourable rates available to us based on their respective entire volumes of Fund trading as manager and portfolio managers of significant mutual fund and other assets and subject to the rules of the appropriate stock exchange. Many of the brokerage firms who carry out brokerage transactions for the Funds may also sell units of those Funds to their clients.

From time to time, we also allocate brokerage transactions to compensate brokerage firms for general investment research

(including provision of industry and company analysis, economic reports, statistical data pertaining to the capital markets, portfolio reports and portfolio analytics), trading data and other services that assist in carrying out investment decision-making services to the Funds for the portfolio management services that we provide. Such transactions will be allocated with appropriate regard to the principles of a reasonable brokerage fee, benefit to the Funds and best execution of the brokerage transactions.

We will attempt to allocate the Funds' brokerage business on an equitable basis, bearing in mind the above principles. We are not under a contractual obligation to allocate brokerage business to any specific brokerage firm. Other than fund-on-fund investments for certain Mackenzie Funds, brokerage transactions are not carried out through us or any companies that are affiliated with us.

Since the date of the last annual information form, certain third-party companies, as well as brokerage firms, provided certain services to us in connection with the Funds, and contributions were paid for by the Funds (also known as “soft dollars”), including the provision of industry and company analysis, economic reports, statistical data pertaining to the capital markets, portfolio reports and portfolio analytics. For more information and to obtain the name of these companies, you can contact us at **1-800-387-0614** or by email at **service@mackenzieinvestments.com**. Please note that we face a potential conflict of interest by obtaining services using soft dollars. This conflict exists because we are able to use these services to manage the Funds without paying cash for these services. This reduces our expenses to the extent that we would have paid for these services directly had they not been paid for using soft dollars. Certain Funds may generate soft dollars used to purchase services that ultimately benefit other Mackenzie Funds for which we provide portfolio management services, effectively cross-subsidizing the other Funds or accounts that benefit directly from the service. For instance, fixed-income funds normally do not generate soft dollars to pay for products. Therefore, where services used to manage fixed-income funds are paid for using soft dollars, the soft dollars have been generated entirely by equity funds. In other words, the fixed-income funds receive the benefit of these services even though they have been paid for by the equity funds.

Principal Distributor

LBCFS is the principal distributor of the securities of each of the Funds offered under the simplified prospectus of the Funds. LBCFS is located at 1360, René-Lévesque Blvd. West, Suite 630, Montréal, Québec H3G 0A9. Details of the product distribution agreement are set out in “**Material Contracts**”.

Trustee

We are the trustee of the Funds. With certain exceptions, under the Declarations of Trust for most of the Funds, the trustee may resign or may be removed by the manager upon 90 days’ notice. Pursuant to the Declarations for these Funds, where the trustee resigns, is removed or is otherwise incapable of acting, the manager can appoint a successor trustee. Prior written notice and investor approval of the appointment of a successor trustee is not required if we resign in favour of an affiliate. See also “**Voting rights and changes requiring investor approval**”.

Custodian

Pursuant to a Master Custodian Agreement (as defined below) between us, on behalf of the Funds, and Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce (“**CIBC**”), Toronto, Ontario, CIBC has agreed to act as

custodian for the Funds. For more information about the Master Custodian Agreement, see “**Master Custodian Agreement**”.

The custodian receives and holds all cash, portfolio securities and other assets of each Fund for safekeeping and will act upon our instructions with respect to the investment and reinvestment of each Fund’s assets from time to time. Under the terms of the custodian agreement and subject to the requirements of the Canadian Securities Administrators, the custodian may appoint one or more sub-custodians to facilitate effecting portfolio transactions outside of Canada. The fees for custody safekeeping services are calculated on an individual Fund basis according to that Fund’s cash and securities on deposit with the custodian and paid by us out of the administration fee it receives from the Funds. The fees for securities transactions are calculated on an individual Fund basis according to the portfolio security transactions undertaken for the Fund and are paid by the Funds.

Securities Lending Agents

We, on behalf of the Funds, have entered into a Securities Lending Authorization Agreement dated May 6, 2005, as amended, with CIBC of Toronto, Ontario, the custodian of the Funds and The Bank of New York Mellon (“**BNY Mellon**”) of New York, New York (the “**Securities Lending Agreement**”). The securities lending agents are not our affiliate or associate.

The Securities Lending Agreement appoints and authorizes CIBC and BNY Mellon to act as agent for securities-lending transactions for those Funds that engage in securities lending and to execute, in the applicable Fund’s name and on its behalf, securities lending agreements with borrowers in accordance with NI 81-102. The Securities Lending Agreement requires that the collateral received by a Fund in a securities lending transaction must generally have a market value of 105%, but never less than 102%, of the value of the securities loaned. Under the Securities Lending Agreement, CIBC and BNY Mellon agree to indemnify us from certain losses incurred in connection with its failure to perform any of its obligations under the Securities Lending Agreement. The Securities Lending Agreement may be terminated at any time at the option of either party upon 30 days’ prior notice to the other party.

Lenders

We, on behalf of the Funds, have entered into prime brokerage documentation with BMO Nesbitt Burns Inc. and Scotia Capital Inc., dated April 27, 2018, as amended (each, a “**Prime Broker Agreement**”). Pursuant to the terms of the Prime Broker Agreements, the Fund may borrow money from BMO Nesbitt Burns Inc. and/or Scotia Capital Inc. for investment purposes in accordance with its investment objectives and strategies.

Neither BMO Nesbitt Burns Inc. nor Scotia Capital Inc. is an affiliate or associate of Mackenzie

Fund Administrator

CIBC Mellon Global Securities Services Company and CIBC Mellon Trust Company are collectively the Fund Administrator. The Fund Administrator is responsible for certain aspects of the day-to-day administration of the Funds, including NAV calculations and fund accounting.

Independent Review Committee

For information on the Mackenzie Funds' Independent Review Committee and the role it fulfils with respect to the Funds, see "**Mackenzie Funds' Independent Review Committee.**"

Auditor

The auditor of the Funds is Deloitte LLP, Chartered Professional Accountants, Toronto, Ontario.

CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

Principal Holders of Units

Shares of Mackenzie Investments

IGM Financial Inc., Winnipeg, Canada, indirectly owns all of the outstanding voting shares of Mackenzie Investments. As of April 18, 2022, Power Financial Corporation beneficially owned, directly or indirectly, 157,132,080 common shares of IGM Financial Inc. representing 65.568% of the outstanding voting shares of IGM Financial Inc. (excluding 0.019% held by The Canada Life Assurance Company in its segregated funds or for similar purposes). Power Corporation of Canada directly owned 100% of the outstanding voting shares of Power Financial Corporation. The Desmarais Family Residuary Trust, a trust for the benefit of the members of the family of the late Mr. Paul G. Desmarais, has voting control, directly and indirectly, of Power Corporation of Canada.

Directors and Executive Officers of Mackenzie Investments

As of April 18, 2022, the directors and executive officers of Mackenzie Investments beneficially owned, directly or indirectly, in aggregate, less than 1% of the common shares of IGM Financial Inc. and less than 1% of the common shares of any service provider to Mackenzie Investments or the Funds.

Independent Review Committee

As of April 18, 2022, the members of the independent review committee beneficially owned, directly, or indirectly, in aggregate, less than 1% of the common shares of IGM Financial Inc. and less than 1% of the common shares of any service provider to us or the Funds.

Units of the Funds

As of the date of this annual information form, neither we nor an officer of Mackenzie owns, beneficially and of record, units of the Funds.

If any person or company (including any other mutual fund) owns more than 10% of the units of your Fund on April 18, 2022, this will be disclosed in the simplified prospectus under the heading "**What are the risks of investing in the Fund?**".

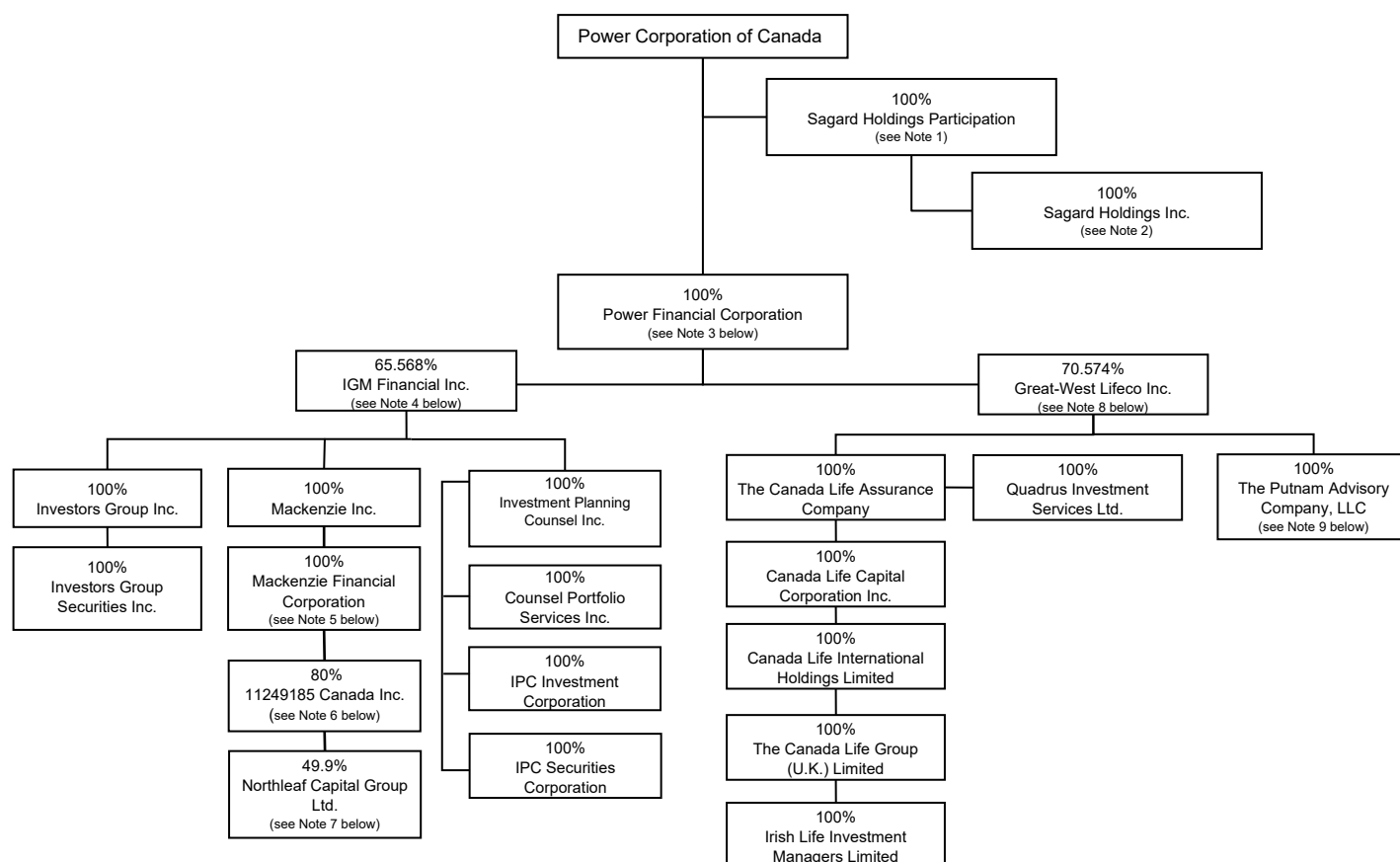
Affiliated entities

As of the date of this annual information form, no person or company which is an "**affiliated entity**" to us (as this term is defined in the form requirement under National Instrument 81-101) provides services to the Funds or to us in relation to the Funds, other than the companies listed below. The amount of fees received from the Funds by any "**affiliated entity**" is contained in the audited financial statements of the Funds.

As disclosed above under "**Directors and Executive Officers of Mackenzie Investments**", in addition to being our senior officers, certain individuals also serve as senior officers of other affiliated entities, including Investors Group Inc.

The following diagram describes the relevant corporate relationships within the Power Group of Companies as of April 18, 2022:

LAURENTIAN BANK GROUP OF FUNDS – ANNUAL INFORMATION FORM



NOTES:

1. Sagard Holdings Participation is 100% owned by Power Corporation of Canada.
2. Sagard Holdings Inc. is 100% owned by Sagard Holdings Participation.
3. Power Corporation of Canada directly controls 100% of Power Financial Corporation.
4. Power Financial Corporation, directly and indirectly, owns 65.568% (excluding 0.019% held by the Canada Life Assurance Company in its segregated funds or for similar purposes) of IGM Financial Inc.
5. Non-voting common and non-voting participating shares have also been issued.
6. Mackenzie Financial Corporation owns 80% of the outstanding shares. Great-West Lifeco Inc. owns 20% of the outstanding shares. GP of Armstrong LP.
7. 11249185 Canada Inc. has 49.9% non-controlling voting interest in Northleaf Capital Group Ltd.
8. Power Financial Corporation, controls, directly and indirectly, 70.574% (including 4.007% held, directly and indirectly, by IGM Financial Inc.) of the outstanding common shares of Great-West Lifeco Inc., representing approximately 65% of all voting rights attached to all outstanding voting shares of Great-West Lifeco Inc.
9. Indirectly owned by Great-West Lifeco Inc.

FUND GOVERNANCE

Mackenzie Investments

As the manager of the Funds, we are under a statutory duty imposed by the *Securities Act* (Ontario) to act honestly, in good faith and in the best interests of all of our managed Mackenzie Funds, and to exercise the degree of care, diligence and skill that a reasonably prudent person would exercise in the same circumstances.

Our Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing our compliance with that statutory duty owed to the Mackenzie Funds.

The Board of Directors operates in accordance with the provisions of a Unanimous Shareholders Agreement (the “USA”) entered into by our shareholders. Pursuant to the USA, the Board generally oversees our functions as the manager of the Funds. Mackenzie Inc., the sole voting shareholder, has oversight responsibilities for all other matters related to us, including corporate governance, operating results, financial and strategic planning, product strategy, compensation and personnel decisions and overall corporate level risk management.

In addition, we have appointed an IRC, which reviews potential conflicts of interest matters referred to it by our management.

Board of Directors of Mackenzie Investments

Our Board is currently comprised of six directors, two of whom are independent of us and our subsidiaries and affiliates and four of whom are members of management. The Board’s mandate is for the most part limited to fund governance matters through the operation of the USA and oversees us in fulfilling our obligations in our role as the manager and trustee of the Mackenzie Funds.

The Board performs its role through the following activities:

- approving the offering documents of new funds;
- supervises our activities in respect of our obligations in managing the Mackenzie Funds, which are based on laws and regulations, the constating documents of the Mackenzie Funds and the continuous disclosure documents of the Mackenzie funds (such as simplified prospectuses, annual information forms, Fund Facts documents, management reports of fund performance, etc.). The Board has also created sub-committees to review simplified prospectuses, information circulars and other continuous disclosure documents prepared for investors and potential investors;
- meets at least quarterly and reviews policies adopted by us and reports relating to our compliance with those policies,

including policies relating to conflicts of interest as required by NI 81-107. The principal policies include valuation of portfolio securities for the Mackenzie Funds, the use of derivative instruments by the Mackenzie Funds, the use of securities lending by the Mackenzie Funds, short selling, proxy-voting policies for the Mackenzie Funds, the allocation of trades on behalf of the Mackenzie Funds and the restrictions imposed on personal trading by officers and others with access to the Mackenzie Funds’ trading activities (which are contained in the Business Conduct Policy). The restrictions on personal trading comply with the standards for the mutual fund industry set by the Investment Funds Institute of Canada. Compliance monitoring with respect to these and other policies is carried out on an ongoing basis by the staff of our Legal and Compliance Departments, who report to the Board on a regular basis;

- receives reports regarding the compliance of the Mackenzie Funds with their investment objectives and strategies, and securities legislation generally;
- reviews performance of the Mackenzie Funds. In this capacity, it receives regular reports from management with respect to the performance of the Mackenzie Funds and reviews with management the performance of specific portfolio managers and sub-advisors. However, the ultimate decisions regarding appointing or replacing specific portfolio managers or sub-advisors are the responsibility of management and overseen by Mackenzie Inc.;
- reviews proposals regarding material changes to the Mackenzie Funds and any continuous disclosure in respect of those changes;
- receives regular reports on, and reviews with management the operations of, the Mackenzie Funds. This includes oversight of fund valuation processes, the transfer agency function, and the information systems used to support these operations.. The Board also reviews material services provided by third party suppliers;
- reviews all financial reporting by the Mackenzie Funds, including the interim and annual financial statements and management reports of fund performance;
- meets with the Mackenzie Funds’ auditors regularly to discuss the financial reporting of the Mackenzie Funds and specific accounting issues that may arise and the effect of specific events on the Mackenzie Funds’ financial position. The Board also reviews with management and with the Mackenzie Funds’ auditor the adoption of specific accounting policies;
- receives reports from management with respect to our compliance with laws and regulations that affect us as a

manager of mutual funds and that could have a material impact on fund financial reporting, including tax and financial reporting laws and obligations. The Board also reviews the income tax status of the Mackenzie Funds and Mackenzie Investments;

- reviews policies relating to financial risks established by management of Mackenzie Investments, as well as compliance with those policies, and reviews and assesses the insurance coverage maintained by us as it relates to our role of managing the Mackenzie Funds;
- reviews internal financial controls with management on a regular basis. The Board meets with our Internal Audit Department, outside the presence of management, to review and gain assurance that reasonable financial controls are in place and are effective;
- reviews the annual plan of our Internal Audit Department with respect to the Mackenzie Funds and their reports;
- oversees all aspects of the relationship between us and the auditor of the Mackenzie Funds. The Board reviews and approves the terms of auditor engagements, the audit and non-audit services provided by the auditor, sets its remuneration and reviews its performance annually or more frequently. The Board regularly meets with the auditor outside the presence of management of Mackenzie Investments; and
- reviews its mandate on a regular basis.

The independent members of the Board are compensated for their participation on the Board through the payment of an annual retainer. Board members who are part of management receive no additional compensation for their participation on the Board. The Board may, from time to time, engage legal consultants to assist it in fulfilling its duties. We generally pay for these expenses.

Our Board is not responsible for overseeing the activities of our wholly owned subsidiaries. Our subsidiaries are overseen by their own Boards of Directors under applicable corporate statutes within their local jurisdiction.

Mackenzie Funds' Independent Review Committee

Under NI 81-107, mutual funds are required to form an independent review committee to review, among other things, conflict of interest matters to provide impartial judgment on these matters to us in our role as manager of the Mackenzie Funds. We have created the IRC, which consists of four members: Robert Hines (Chair), George Hucal, Scott Edmonds and Atul Tiwari.

The IRC reviews potential conflicts of interest referred to it by us, as manager of the Mackenzie Funds, and makes recommendations on whether a course of action achieves a fair and reasonable result for

the applicable Mackenzie Funds, and only upon making that determination does it recommend to us that the transaction proceed. This includes potential transactions, as well as regular review of our policies and procedures relating to conflicts of interest.

NI 81-107 specifically permits us to submit proposals to the IRC to cause a Mackenzie Fund to directly purchase or sell securities to another Mackenzie Fund without using a broker, although, to date, we have not taken advantage of this provision. Also, as stated under “**Investment Restrictions and Practices**”, the IRC has approved standing instructions to permit the Mackenzie Funds to invest in securities of companies related to us.

NI 81-107 also permits the IRC, upon referral by us, to consider proposals to change the auditor of a Mackenzie Fund or to approve mergers between Mackenzie Funds. In most cases, if the IRC approves these changes, a vote of investors would not be required; rather, you would be given 60 days' prior notice of the changes.

Supervision of Securities-Lending, Repurchase and Reverse Repurchase Transactions

Many of the Funds are permitted to enter into securities lending, repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions consistent with its investment objectives and in compliance with the applicable provisions of NI 81-102. We have appointed the Funds' custodian as the Funds' agent and have entered into an agreement with that agent to administer any securities lending and repurchase transactions for that Fund (a “**Securities Lending Agreement**”). Those Funds also may enter into reverse repurchase transactions directly or through an agent.

The Securities Lending Agreement complies with, and the agent is bound to comply with, the applicable provisions of NI 81-102. We will manage the risks associated with securities lending, repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions (which are described in the simplified prospectus under the heading “**General Investment Risks**”) by requiring the agent to

- maintain internal controls, procedures and records, including a list of approved counterparties based on generally accepted creditworthiness standards, transaction and credit limits for each counterparty and collateral diversification standards;
- establish daily the market value of both the securities loaned by a Fund under a securities-lending transaction or sold by a Fund under a repurchase transaction and the cash or collateral held by a Fund. If, on any day, the market value of the cash or collateral is less than 102% of the market value of the borrowed or sold securities, the agent will

- request that the counterparty provide additional cash or collateral to the Fund to make up the shortfall; and
- ensure that a Fund does not loan or sell more than 50% of the total assets of that Fund through securities-lending or repurchase transactions (without including the collateral for loaned securities and cash for sold securities).

Securities-lending and reverse repurchase transactions are entered into by the agent on behalf of the Funds and we monitor the risks of these transactions. To facilitate monitoring, the agent provides us with regular and comprehensive reports summarizing the transactions involving securities lending, repurchase and reverse repurchases.

Our Fund Services and Legal Departments have created written policies and procedures that set out the objectives and goals for securities lending, repurchase transactions or reverse repurchase transactions and the risk management and oversight procedures applicable where the Funds engage in these transactions.

Our Legal, Compliance and Fund Services Departments are responsible for reviewing the Securities Lending Agreement. Our Board of Directors will receive reports, if any, regarding compliance exceptions in connection with the Funds' use of securities lending, repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions.

At present, we do not simulate stress conditions to measure risk in connection with securities-lending, repurchase or reverse repurchase transactions. Risk measurement procedures or simulations are conducted by the agent in respect of loans outstanding and the collateral lodged by each borrower and across all borrowers in the agents' overall securities-lending and repurchase portfolios. These procedures and simulations include the Funds' units but are not specific to the Funds.

Supervision of Derivatives Trading

We have adopted various policies and internal procedures to supervise the use of derivatives within our Fund portfolios. All policies and procedures comply with the derivative rules set out in NI 81-102 or as modified by any exemptions to NI 81-102 granted by the Canadian Securities Administrators. These policies are reviewed at least annually by senior management.

We have established an approval process for the use of derivatives before derivatives can be used in the Funds to ensure compliance with NI 81-102 or any granted exemptions to NI 81-102 and to ensure that the derivative is suitable for the Fund within the context of the Fund's objectives and investment strategies.

Our Fund Services Department records, values, monitors and reports on the derivative transactions that are entered into the Fund's portfolio records. We have established threshold education and experience requirements for all staff who perform activities related to the valuation, monitoring, reporting and overall supervision of derivatives trading to ensure that those operations are carried out prudently and efficiently.

The Fund Administrator enters all derivative trade information, and these trade entries and valuations are reviewed at the time of initial entry by a qualified staff member who has met threshold education and experience requirements. Valuations of derivative instruments are carried out according to the procedures described under "**Valuation of Portfolio Securities.**"

The Compliance Department conducts ongoing monitoring of derivatives strategies for compliance with regulation designed to ensure (i) all derivatives strategies of the Mackenzie Funds meet regulatory requirements; and (ii) derivative and counterparty exposures are reasonable and diversified. New derivative strategies are subject to a standardized approval process involving members from the Investment Management, Fund Services and Compliance Departments.

Under NI 81-102, mutual funds may engage in derivative transactions for both hedging and non-hedging purposes. Where we engage an external advisory firm to provide portfolio management services to the Funds and that firm trades in derivative instruments (or other instruments) for the Funds, under NI 81-102 we will be responsible for ensuring that all trading for the Funds by the sub-advisors is suitable to the Funds' objectives and strategies. When derivatives are used for hedging purposes, our internal policies require that the derivatives have a high degree of negative correlation to the position being hedged, as required by NI 81-102. Derivatives will not be used to create leverage within the Fund's portfolio unless permitted under NI 81-102. We do not simulate stress conditions to measure risk in connection with the Funds' use of derivatives.

The Compliance Department designated Senior Vice-President, Investments oversees the compliance with the derivatives policies by the portfolio managers. The Compliance Department reports any identified exceptions to the derivatives policies and procedures described above.

Proxy-Voting Policies and Procedures

The Funds managed by our internal portfolio managers ("**Internal Managers**") follow the proxy-voting policies and procedures mandated by us.

Our objective is to vote the securities of companies for which we have proxy-voting authority in a manner most consistent with the long-term economic interest of Fund investors.

Voting practices

We take reasonable steps to vote all proxies received. However, we cannot guarantee that we will vote in all circumstances. We may refrain from voting where administrative or other procedures result in the costs of voting outweighing the benefits. We may also refrain from voting if, in our opinion, abstaining or otherwise withholding our vote is in your best interests.

Fund-of-Fund voting

We may vote the securities of an Underlying Fund owned by a Fund when the Underlying Fund is not managed by us. If an Underlying Fund is managed by us or one of our associates or affiliates, we will not vote the securities of the Underlying Fund but will decide if it is in your best interests for you to vote on the matter individually. Generally, for routine matters, we will decide that it is not in your best interests to vote individually. However, if we decide that it is in your best interests for you to vote, then we will ask you for instructions on how to vote your proportionate share of the Underlying Fund securities owned by the Fund and will vote accordingly. We will only vote the proportion of the Underlying Fund securities for which we have received instructions.

Summary of proxy-voting policies

Below is a statement of principles that generally describe how we may vote on some commonly raised issues. We may elect to vote contrary to these guidelines, provided the vote is in the best economic interest of the Mackenzie Fund.

- We generally vote in favour of (i) proposals that support a majority of Board members being independent of management; (ii) the appointment of outside directors to an issuer Board or Audit Committee; as well as (iii) requirements that the Chair of the Board be separate from the office of the Chief Executive Officer.
- Proxies related to executive compensation are voted on a case-by-case basis. Generally, we will vote in favour of stock options and other forms of compensation that (i) do not result in a potential dilution of more than 10% of the issued and outstanding shares; (ii) are granted under clearly defined and reasonable terms; (iii) are commensurate with the duties of plan participants; and (iv) are tied to the achievement of corporate objectives.
- We will generally not support (i) the repricing of options; (ii) plans that give the Board broad discretion in setting the

terms of the granting of options; or (iii) plans that authorize allocation of 20% or more of the available options to any individual in any single year.

- We will generally vote in favour of shareholder rights plans designed to provide sufficient time to undertake a fair and complete shareholder value maximization process and that do not merely seek to entrench management or deter a public bidding process. In addition, we will generally support plans that promote the interests and equal treatment of all investors, and that allow for periodic shareholder ratification.
- We will evaluate and vote on shareholder proposals on a case-by-case basis. All proposals on financial matters will be given consideration. Generally, proposals that place arbitrary or artificial constraints on the company will not be supported.

Conflicts of interest

Circumstances may occur where a Mackenzie Fund has a potential conflict of interest relative to its proxy-voting activities. Where an Internal Manager has a conflict or potential conflict, he or she will notify our Chief Investment Officer (“**CIO**”) and either the Vice-President, Legal (“**VP, Legal**”) or the Chief Compliance Officer (“**CCO**”). Should the CIO and either the VP, Legal or the CCO conclude that a conflict exists, the CCO will document the conflict and inform our Fund Services Department.

We will maintain a Proxy Voting Watch List (“**Watch List**”) that includes the names of issuers that may be in conflict and our Fund Administrator will notify us of any meeting circulars and proxies received from an issuer on the Watch List. The CIO and either the VP, Legal or CCO will discuss the voting matter(s) with the Internal Manager or sub-advisor and ensure that the proxy-voting decision is based on our proxy-voting policies and is in the best interests of the Mackenzie Fund.

All voting decisions made as described in the following section are documented and filed by the Fund Administrator.

Proxy-voting procedures

Upon receipt of a meeting circular, the Fund Administrator logs the issuer name, date of receipt, and other relevant information in a proxy database. The Fund Administrator then reviews the information and summarizes his/her findings.

The Internal Manager makes the voting decision and issues his/her direction to the Fund Administrator. The Fund Administrator logs the decision, forwards the completed proxy to the custodian or the custodian’s voting agent, and files all related documentation.

We retain files related to proxies, votes, and related research materials for a minimum two (2) years and off-site for a minimum five (5) years.

Proxy-voting by sub-advisors

Sub-advisors to the Funds have the authority to make all voting decisions concerning the securities held in the Funds on a fully discretionary basis in accordance with the portfolio management agreement. We have determined that the sub-advisors have proxy-voting guidelines in place, and we are of the view that the guidelines are substantively similar to our Proxy Voting Policy.

Information requests

The policies and procedures that the Funds follow when voting proxies relating to portfolio securities are available upon request at any time, at no cost, by calling toll free at 1-800-387-0614 or by writing to Mackenzie Financial Corporation, 180 Queen Street West, Toronto, Ontario M5V 3K1.

Each Fund's proxy-voting record for the most recent 12-month period ending June 30 will be available free of charge to any investor of that Fund upon request at any time after August 31 of the same year by calling **1-800-387-0614**, and will also be available on our website at www.mackenzieinvestments.com.

Short-term trading policies and procedures

We have adopted policies and procedures to detect and deter inappropriate and excessive short-term trading.

We define an inappropriate short-term trade as a combination of a purchase and redemption, including switches between Mackenzie Funds, made within 30 days, which we believe is detrimental to Fund investors and that may take advantage of Funds with investments priced in other time zones or illiquid investments that trade infrequently.

We define excessive short-term trading as a combination of purchases and redemptions, including switches between Mackenzie Funds, that occurs with such frequency within a 30-day period that we believe is detrimental to Fund investors.

Inappropriate short-term trading may harm Fund investors who do not engage in these activities by diluting the NAV of their Fund units as a result of the market timing activities of other investors. Inappropriate and excessive short-term trading may cause a Fund to carry an abnormally high cash balance and/or high portfolio turnover rate, both of which may reduce a Fund's returns.

All trades that we determine to be inappropriate short-term trades will be subject to a 2% fee. All trades that we determine to be part of a pattern of excessive short-term trading will be subject to a 1% fee. The fees charged will be paid to the applicable Funds.

We may take such additional action as we consider appropriate to prevent further similar activity by you. These actions may include the delivery of a warning to you; placing you or your account(s) on a watch list to monitor your trading activity; the subsequent rejection of further purchases by you if you continue to attempt such trading activity; and/or closure of your account.

In determining whether a short-term trade is inappropriate or excessive, we will consider relevant factors including the following:

- *bona fide* changes in investor circumstances or intentions;
- unanticipated financial emergencies;
- the nature of the Mackenzie Fund;
- past trading patterns;
- unusual market circumstances; and
- an assessment of harm to the Mackenzie Fund or to us.

The following types of redemptions (including switches) will be exempt from short-term trading fees:

- from money market or similar Funds. These Funds are exempt from short-term trading fees because they are unlikely to be exposed to the adverse effects of short-term trading. Currently, this group includes the following Funds; however, we may add or remove Funds from this list at any time without notice to you:
 - Mackenzie Canadian Money Market Fund; and
 - Mackenzie Canadian Short Term Income Fund (both offered under a separate simplified prospectus);
- from an Underlying Fund by a Fund in a fund-of-funds program or other similar program;
- for our asset allocation programs, excluding manual rebalancing in our Portfolio Rebalancing System;
- for systematic withdrawal plans (applies only to non-registered and TFSA accounts);
- redemptions of units received on the reinvestment of income or other distributions; and
- automatic rebalancing of your holdings within our Portfolio Rebalancing System will not, in any circumstances other than a manual rebalancing, result in short-term trading fees being charged.

We, the Mackenzie Funds and any other parties to the arrangements above do not receive any compensation or other

consideration for the above arrangements. Other than as set out in the simplified prospectus, we have not entered into any arrangements with any other entity (including other funds) that would permit short-term trading by that entity.

In making these judgments, we seek to act in a manner that we believe is consistent with your best interests. Your interests and the Mackenzie Funds' ability to manage their investments may be adversely affected by inappropriate or excessive short-term trading because, among other things, these types of trading activities can dilute the value of Mackenzie Fund units, can interfere with the efficient management of a Mackenzie Fund portfolio and can result in increased brokerage and administrative costs. While we will actively take steps to monitor, detect and deter inappropriate and excessive short-term trading, we cannot ensure that such trading activity will be completely eliminated. For example, certain financial institutions may offer alternative investment products to the public that are comprised, in whole or in part, of units of Mackenzie Funds. These institutions may open accounts with us on behalf of multiple investors whose identity and trading activity is not normally recorded on our transfer agent system.

We reserve the right to restrict, reject or cancel, without any prior notice, any purchase or switch order, including transactions that we deem to represent inappropriate or excessive short-term trading.

Short selling policies and procedures

Most Funds may engage in short selling where such short selling will be done in accordance with securities regulations. We have adopted written policies and procedures that set out the objectives and goals for short selling and the risk management procedures applicable to short selling. These policies and procedures (which include trading limits and controls) are developed by our compliance department and the CIO and are reviewed annually. The Board of Directors also reviews and approves the policies each year. The CIO is responsible for approving whether a Fund may use short selling, and for overseeing the Fund's short selling activities. Short selling activities are monitored by our compliance department. Risk measurement procedures or simulations generally are not used to test the portfolio of the Fund under stress conditions.

FEES, EXPENSES AND MANAGEMENT EXPENSE REDUCTIONS

The fees and expenses payable by the Funds are set out in the simplified prospectus under the heading **"Fees and Expenses."**

We may authorize a reduction in the management fee rate, administration fee rate and/or fund costs that we charge with respect to any particular investor's units of the Fund. We will reduce the amount charged to the Fund, and the Fund will then make a special distribution ("**Fee Distribution**") to the investor that will be reinvested, without charge, in additional securities of the series on which they were paid, unless the investor elects in advance to receive them in cash.

The Fee Distributions paid by Funds will be paid first out of the Fund's income and capital gains and then, if necessary, out of capital. The tax consequences of Fee Distributions will generally be borne by the qualifying investors receiving these distributions.

Except in respect of the Preferred Pricing Series fee reductions, the level of reduction is typically negotiable between you and us, and usually will be based on the size of your account and the extent of Fund services you require.

Preferred Pricing Program – Switching between Retail Series and Preferred Pricing Series

Under our preferred pricing program, we will automatically switch your Series LB, LM and LX (the "**Retail Series**") (offered under a

separate simplified prospectus) into the applicable Preferred Pricing Series once you have \$100,000 in Eligible Investments (as defined below) within your Eligible Accounts (as described in the simplified prospectus) (the "**Eligibility Criteria**"), subject to certain exceptions outlined below. These switches will occur so that you will be invested in the Preferred Pricing Series with the lowest combined management and administration fees for which you are eligible.

Eligible Investments are

- the Preferred Pricing Series, Retail Series, Series LF and Series LF5 securities that you hold within your Eligible Account(s); and
- any Mackenzie Fund securities offered under a separate simplified prospectus that you hold within your Eligible Account(s).

Once you meet the Preferred Pricing Series Eligibility Criteria through a purchase or a switch transaction you will be automatically switched into the applicable Preferred Pricing Series the following business day. In addition, we will automatically switch your units into the applicable Preferred Pricing Series on or about the second Friday of every month if positive market movement has allowed you to meet the Eligibility Criteria. Please note you will never be moved out of a Preferred Pricing Series because of a decrease in market value.

You are responsible for ensuring your LBCFS representative or LBCFS-authorized representative is aware of all Eligible Accounts that should be linked in order to qualify for Preferred Pricing Series. We will link your Eligible Accounts only after your LBCFS representative or LBCFS-authorized representative has communicated your Eligible Account information to us. Generally, neither Mackenzie nor your LBCFS representative or LBCFS-authorized representative have the ability to independently determine what accounts should be linked. Mackenzie will, however, automatically link accounts belonging to one individual if the address associated with each account is identical and they have the same dealer representative code. This means that if you have two or more accounts with the same LBCFS representative or LBCFS-authorized representative, provided your LBCFS representative or LBCFS-authorized representative maintains these accounts under the same dealer representative code, they will be automatically linked by us. **Accounts will not be automatically linked if you hold Funds with more than one advisor (including LBCFS representative or LBCFS-authorized representative) or dealer (including LBCFS or your LBCFS-authorized dealer).** For example, if you also hold Mackenzie Funds in a discount brokerage account, that account will not be automatically linked with an account you hold with your LBCFS representative or LBCFS-authorized representative.

The calculation of your total investments with us for purposes of determining whether you are or remain eligible for Preferred Pricing Series will be determined in accordance with the calculation of a 'high watermark'. A 'high watermark' is the highest peak in value that a Fund or account has reached since we began automatically switching investors to Preferred Pricing Series in December 2017. The 'high watermark' is calculated daily and is the greater of either the previous days' high watermark plus the current day's additional purchases and minus the current day's redemptions, or the current day's market value.

Redemptions of your units (except for redemptions from RDSPs and RRIFs, including LIFs, LRIFs, PRIFs and RLIFs) will decrease the

'high watermark'. However, market value declines in your Preferred Pricing Series or Eligible Investments in your Eligible Accounts will not decrease your 'high watermark'.

If you no longer meet the Eligibility Criteria for Preferred Pricing Series, we may automatically switch your units back into the appropriate Retail Series, which will have higher combined management and administration fees than the Preferred Pricing Series.

Such switches will occur on or about the second Friday of every month. Unless your Eligible Investments fall below \$75,000 (for reasons other than a decrease in market value), we do not automatically switch your units back to the applicable Retail Series. This is intended to provide you with flexibility in connection with major life events. We reserve the right to switch your Preferred Pricing Series to Retail Series if, in our view, you are misusing this flexibility to fall below the Eligibility Criteria for Preferred Pricing Series.

Please speak with your LBCFS representative or LBCFS-authorized representative for more details about this program.

Management Fees on Preferred Pricing Series

If you were invested in a Preferred Pricing Series of a Fund on November 22, 2018, and you were entitled on that date to a management fee rate that is lower than the management fee rate applicable to that particular series of the Fund on or after November 23, 2018, then the lower management fee rate will continue to apply to that series of the Fund (the "Grandfathered Rate"), provided you otherwise continue to qualify for the particular series. Additional investment in the same series of the same Fund will also receive the Grandfathered Rate. Please see the section entitled "Management Fee Reductions Applicable to Preferred Pricing Series" in the simplified prospectus dated November 23, 2017, for more information on the management fee applicable to Preferred Pricing Series on November 22, 2018.

INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS

This is a general summary of certain Canadian federal income tax considerations applicable to you as an investor in the Funds. This summary assumes that you are an individual (other than a trust) resident in Canada and that you hold your units directly, as capital property or within a registered plan, and are not affiliated with and deal at arm's length with the Fund. **This summary is not intended to be legal advice or tax advice. We have tried to make this discussion easy to understand. As a result, it may not be technically precise or cover all the tax consequences that may be relevant to you. Accordingly, you should consult your own tax advisor, having**

regard to your own particular circumstances when you consider purchasing, switching or redeeming units of a Fund.

This summary is based on the current provisions of the Tax Act, the regulations under the Tax Act, all proposals for specific amendments to the Tax Act or the regulations that have been publicly announced by the Minister of Finance (Canada) before the date hereof and our understanding of the current published administrative practices and assessing policies of the Canada Revenue Agency (the "CRA"). Except for the foregoing, this summary does not take into

account or anticipate any change in law, whether by legislative, regulatory, administrative or judicial action. Furthermore, this summary does not take into account provincial, territorial or foreign income tax legislation or considerations.

This summary is also based on the assumptions that (i) none of the issuers of securities held by a Fund will be a foreign affiliate of the Fund or any unitholder, (ii) none of the securities held by a Fund will be a “tax shelter investment” within the meaning of section 143.2 of the Tax Act; (iii) none of the securities held by the Fund will be an interest in a trust (or a partnership which holds such an interest) which would require the Fund (or the partnership) to report significant amounts of income in connection with such interest pursuant to the rules in section 94.1 or 94.2 of the Tax Act, or an interest in a non-resident trust other than an “exempt foreign trust” as defined in the Tax Act; and (iv) no Fund will enter into any arrangement where the result is a dividend rental arrangement for the purposes of the Tax Act

How the Funds are Taxed

The following paragraphs describe some of the ways in which mutual funds can earn income:

- Mutual funds can earn income in the form of interest, dividends or income from the investments they make, including in other mutual funds, and can be deemed to earn income from investments in certain foreign entities. All income must be computed in Canadian dollars, even if earned in a foreign currency.
- Mutual funds can realize a capital gain by selling an investment for more than its adjusted cost base (“ACB”). They can also realize a capital loss by selling an investment for less than its ACB. A mutual fund that invests in foreign denominated securities must calculate its ACB and proceeds of disposition in Canadian dollars based on the conversion rate on the date the securities were purchased and sold, as applicable. As a result, a mutual fund may realize capital gains and losses due to changes in the value of the foreign currency relative to the Canadian dollar.
- Mutual funds can realize gains and losses from using derivatives or engaging in short selling. Generally, gains and losses from derivatives are added to or subtracted from the mutual fund’s income. However, if derivatives are used by a mutual fund as a hedge to limit its gain or loss on a specific capital asset or group of capital assets and there is sufficient linkage, then the gains and losses from these derivatives are generally capital gains or capital losses. Generally, gains and losses from short selling Canadian securities are treated as capital, and gains and losses from short selling foreign securities are treated as income. The derivative forward agreement rules in the Tax Act (the “DFA

Rules”) target certain financial arrangements (described in the DFA Rules as “derivative forward agreements”) that seek to reduce tax by converting, through the use of derivative contracts, the return on investments that would have the character of ordinary income to capital gains. The DFA Rules will generally not apply to derivatives used to closely hedge gains or losses due to currency fluctuations on underlying capital investments of a Fund. Hedging, other than currency hedging on underlying capital investments, which reduces tax by converting the return on investments that would have the character of ordinary income to capital gains through the use of derivatives contracts, will be treated by the DFA Rules as on income account.

- Gains and losses from trading in precious metals and bullion will be treated on income account, rather than as capital gains and losses.

In certain circumstances, a Fund may be subject to loss restriction rules that deny or defer the deduction of certain losses. For example, a capital loss realized by a Fund will be suspended if, during the period that begins 30 days before and ends 30 days after the date on which the capital loss was realized, the Fund or an affiliated person (as defined in the Tax Act) acquires property that is, or is identical to, the property on which the loss was realized and owns that property at the end of the period.

If a Fund invests in another fund that is a Canadian resident trust (an “Underlying Canadian Fund”), other than a specified investment flow-through trust, the Underlying Canadian Fund may designate to the Fund a portion of the distributed amounts that as may reasonably be considered to consist of (i) taxable dividends (including eligible dividends) received by the Underlying Canadian Fund on shares of taxable Canadian corporations; and (ii) net taxable capital gains realized by the Underlying Canadian Fund. Any such designated amounts will be deemed for tax purposes to be received or realized by the Fund as such a taxable dividend or taxable capital gain, respectively. An Underlying Canadian Fund that pays foreign withholding tax may make designations such that a Fund may be treated as having paid its share of such foreign tax for purposes of the foreign tax credit rules in the Tax Act.

Since the Funds are organized as trusts, the following sections describe the taxation of these types of entities.

The Funds

Each Fund computes its income or loss separately. All of a Fund’s deductible expenses, including management fees, will be deducted in calculating the Fund’s income for each taxation year. The Fund will be subject to tax on its net income, including net taxable capital gains, not paid or payable to its investors for the taxation year after taking into

consideration any loss carry-forwards and any capital gains refund. Each Fund intends to pay to investors enough of its income and capital gains for each taxation year so that it will not be liable for ordinary income tax under Part I of the Tax Act.

The losses of a Fund may be restricted when a person or partnership becomes a “majority-interest beneficiary” of the Fund (generally by holding units representing more than 50% of NAV of the Fund) unless the Fund qualifies as an “investment fund” by satisfying certain investment diversification and other conditions.

Each Fund will be entitled for each taxation year throughout which it is a mutual fund trust to reduce (or receive a refund in respect of) its liability, if any, for tax on its net realized capital gains by an amount determined under the Tax Act based on the redemptions of its units during the year (“capital gains refund”). The Manager may in its discretion utilize the capital gains refund mechanism for a Fund in any particular year. The capital gains refund in a particular taxation year may not completely offset the tax liability of the Fund for such taxation year which may arise upon the sale of its investments in connection with redemption of units.

The Declaration of Trust provides that all or a portion of the amount paid or considered to be paid to a unitholder on an exchange or redemption of units of a Fund may be treated, at the Manager’s discretion, as a payment to the unitholder out of capital gains realized by the Fund in connection with the redemption or exchange rather than as proceeds of disposition. The taxable portion of the capital gain so designated must be included in the income of the redeeming Unitholder (as a taxable capital gain) and may be deductible by the Fund provided the amount designated to a unitholder on a redemption of units reduces the unitholder’s proceeds of disposition in an amount that does not exceed the unitholder’s accrued gain on those units.

Funds that do not qualify as “mutual fund trusts”

A Fund that does not qualify as a “mutual fund trust” for purposes of the Tax Act throughout its taxation year is not eligible for a capital gains refund and could be subject to alternative minimum tax for the year Part X.2 tax, as well as other taxes under the Tax Act. In addition, if one or more “financial institutions”, as defined in the Tax Act, owns more than 50% of the fair market value of the units of such a Fund, that Fund will be a “financial institution” for income tax purposes and thus subject to certain “mark-to-market” tax rules. In this case, most of the Fund’s investments would be considered mark-to-market property, with the result that

- the Fund will be deemed to have disposed of and re-acquired its mark-to-market property at the end of each taxation year, as well as at such time as it becomes, or ceases to be, a financial institution; and

- the gains and losses from these deemed dispositions will be on income account, not capital account.

In any year throughout which the Funds do not qualify as a mutual fund trust under the Tax Act, the Funds could be subject to tax under Part XII.2 of the Tax Act. Part XII.2 of the Tax Act provides that certain trusts (excluding mutual fund trusts) that have an investor who is a “designated beneficiary” under the Tax Act at any time in the taxation year are subject to a special tax under Part XII.2 of the Tax Act on the trust’s “designated income” under the Tax Act. “Designated beneficiaries” generally include non-resident persons, non-resident owned investment corporations, certain trusts, certain partnerships, and certain tax-exempt persons in certain circumstances where the tax-exempt person acquires units from another beneficiary. “Designated income” generally includes income from businesses carried on in Canada and taxable capital gains from dispositions of taxable Canadian property. Where the Fund is subject to tax under Part XII.2, provisions in the Tax Act are intended to ensure that Unitholders who are not designated beneficiaries receive an appropriate refundable tax credit.

Taxation of the Funds if Investing in Foreign-Domiciled Underlying Trusts

Section 94.1

A Fund may be subject to section 94.1 of the Tax Act if it holds or has an interest in “offshore investment fund property” within the meaning of the Tax Act. In order for section 94.1 of the Tax Act to apply to that Fund the value of the interests must reasonably be considered to be derived, directly or indirectly, primarily from portfolio investments of the offshore investment fund property. If applicable, these rules can result in the Fund including an amount in its income based on the cost of its offshore investment fund property multiplied by a prescribed interest rate. These rules would apply in a taxation year to a Fund if it could reasonably be concluded, having regard to all the circumstances, that one of the main reasons for that Fund acquiring, holding or having the investment in, the entity that is an offshore investment fund property is to benefit from the portfolio investments of the entity in such a manner that the taxes on the income, profits and gains therefrom for any particular year are significantly less than the tax that would have been applicable if such income, profits and gains had been earned directly by a Fund. The Manager has advised that none of the reasons for a Fund acquiring an interest in an offshore investment fund property may reasonably be considered to be as stated above.

Section 94.2

A Fund may invest in foreign-domiciled underlying investment funds that qualify as “exempt foreign trusts” (the “Underlying Foreign

Funds) for purposes of the non-resident trust rules in sections 94 and 94.2 of the Tax Act.

If the total fair market value at any time of all fixed interests of a particular class in an Underlying Foreign Fund held by a Fund, persons or partnerships not dealing at arm's length with the Fund, or persons or partnerships that acquired their interests in the Underlying Foreign Fund in exchange for consideration given to the Underlying Foreign Fund by the Fund, is at least 10% of the total fair market value at the time of all fixed interests of the particular class of the Underlying Foreign Fund, the Underlying Foreign Fund will be a "foreign affiliate" of the Fund and will be deemed by section 94.2 of the Tax Act to be at the time a "controlled foreign affiliate" ("CFA") of the Fund.

If the Underlying Foreign Fund is deemed to be a CFA of a Fund at the end of the particular taxation year of the Underlying Foreign Fund and earns income that is characterized as "foreign accrual property income" as defined in the Tax Act ("FAPI") in that taxation year of the Underlying Foreign Fund, the Fund's proportionate share of the FAPI (subject to deduction for grossed up "foreign accrual tax" as discussed below) must be included in computing its income for Canadian federal income tax purposes for the taxation year of the Fund in which that taxation year of the Underlying Foreign Fund ends, whether or not the Fund actually receives a distribution of that FAPI. It is expected that the full amount of the income, as determined for Canadian federal income tax purposes, allocated or distributed to an Underlying Foreign Fund by the issuers that it holds securities of will be FAPI. FAPI will also include any net realized taxable capital gains, as determined for Canadian federal income tax purposes, of the Underlying Foreign Fund from the disposition of those securities.

To the extent an amount of FAPI will be required to be included in computing the income of a Fund for Canadian federal income tax purposes, a grossed-up amount may be deductible in respect of the "foreign accrual tax" as defined in the Tax Act ("FAT"), if any, applicable to the FAPI. Any amount of FAPI included in income (net the amount of any FAT deduction) will increase the adjusted cost base to a Fund of its units of the Underlying Foreign Fund in respect of which the FAPI was included.

How You are Taxed on a Fund Investment

How you are taxed on an investment in the Funds depends on whether you hold the investment inside or outside a registered plan.

If you own the Funds outside a registered plan

Distributions

You must include in your income for a taxation year the taxable portion of all distributions (including Fee Distributions) paid or payable

(collectively, "paid") to you from a Fund during the year, computed in Canadian dollars, whether these amounts were paid to you in cash or reinvested in additional units. The amount of reinvested distributions is added to the ACB of your units to reduce your capital gain or increase your capital loss when you later redeem. This ensures that you do not pay tax on the amount again at a later date.

Distributions paid by a Fund may consist of capital gains, ordinary taxable dividends, foreign-source income, other income and/or return of capital.

Ordinary taxable dividends are included in your income, subject to the gross-up and dividend tax credit rules. Capital gains distributions will be treated as capital gains realized by you, one-half of which will generally be included in calculating your income as a taxable capital gain. A Fund may make designations in respect of its foreign-source income so that you may be able to claim any foreign tax credits allocated to you by that Fund.

You may receive a return of capital from your Fund. You will not be taxed on a return of capital, but it will reduce the ACB of your units of that Fund such that when you redeem your units, you will realize a greater capital gain (or smaller capital loss) than if you had not received the return of capital. If the ACB of your units is reduced to less than zero, the ACB of your units will be deemed to be increased to zero and you will be deemed to realize a capital gain equal to the amount of this increase.

The higher the portfolio turnover rate of a Fund in a year, the greater the chance that you will receive a capital gains dividend or capital gains distribution. There is not necessarily a relationship between a high turnover rate and the performance of a Fund.

When units of a Fund are acquired by purchasing or switching into that Fund, a portion of the acquisition price may reflect income and capital gains of the Fund that have not yet been realized or distributed. Accordingly, unitholders who acquire units of a Fund just before a distribution date, including at year-end, may be required to include in their income amounts distributed from the Fund, even though these amounts were earned by the Fund before the unitholder acquired the units and were included in the price of the units.

Switches

You will not realize a capital gain or capital loss when you switch the purchase option under which you hold units of a series of a Fund.

You will not realize a capital gain or capital loss when you switch between series of the same Fund. The cost of the acquired units will be equal to the ACB of the units that you switched.

Other switches involve a redemption of the units being switched and a purchase of the units acquired on the switch.

Redemptions

You will realize a capital gain (capital loss) if any of your units in a Fund are redeemed. Generally, your capital gain (capital loss) will be the amount by which the NAV of the redeemed units is greater (less) than the ACB of those units. Generally, one-half of your capital gain is included in your income for tax purposes as a taxable capital gain and one-half of your capital loss can be deducted against your taxable capital gains, subject to the provisions of the Tax Act.

In certain circumstances, loss restriction rules will limit or eliminate the amount of a capital loss that you may deduct. For example, a capital loss that you realize on a redemption of units will be deemed to be nil if, during the period that begins 30 days before and ends 30 days after the day of that redemption, you acquired identical units (including through the reinvestment of distributions or a Fee Distribution paid to you) and you continue to own these identical units at the end of that period. In this case, the amount of the denied capital loss will be added to the ACB of your units. This rule will also apply where the identical units are acquired and held by a person affiliated with you (as defined in the Tax Act).

Calculating your ACB

Your ACB must be calculated separately for each series of units that you own in each Fund and must be calculated in Canadian dollars. The total ACB of your units of a particular series of a Fund is generally equal to

- the total of all amounts you paid to purchase those units;
- **plus**
- the ACB of any units of another series and/or Fund that were switched on a tax-deferred basis into units of the particular series;
- **plus**
- the amount of any reinvested distributions on that series;
- **less**
- the return of capital component of distributions on that series;
- **less**

- the ACB of any units of the series that were switched on a tax-deferred basis into units of another series and/or Fund;
- **less**
- the ACB of any of your units of that series that have been redeemed.

The ACB of a single security is the average of the total ACB. Where you switch between series of the same Fund, the cost of the new units acquired on the switch will generally be equal to the ACB of the previously owned units switched for those new units.

For example, suppose you own 500 securities of a particular series of a Fund with an ACB of \$10 each (a total of \$5,000). Suppose you then purchase another 100 securities of the same series of the Fund for an additional \$1,200. Your total ACB is \$6,200 for 600 securities so that your new ACB of each security of the series of the Fund is \$6,200 divided by 600 securities or \$10.33 per security.

Alternative minimum tax

Amounts included in your income as distributions of Canadian dividends or capital gains, as well as any capital gains realized by you on the disposition of units, may increase your liability for alternative minimum tax.

Tax statements and reporting

If applicable, we will send tax statements to you each year identifying the taxable portion of your distributions, the return of capital component of distributions and redemption proceeds paid to you for each year. Tax statements will not be sent to you if you did not receive distributions or redemption proceeds, or if units are held in your registered plan. You should keep detailed records of your purchase cost, distributions, redemption proceeds and redemption charges in order to calculate the ACB of your units. You may wish to consult a tax advisor to help you with these calculations.

Generally, you will be required to provide your LBCFS representative or LBCFS-authorized representative with information related to your citizenship or residence for tax purposes, and, if applicable, your foreign tax identification number. If you, or your controlling person(s) are (i) identified as a U.S. Person (including a U.S. resident or citizen), (ii) identified as a tax resident of a country other than Canada or the U.S., or (iii) do not provide the required information and indicia of U.S. or non-Canadian status are present, details about you and your investment in a Fund will be reported to the CRA, unless units are held inside a registered plan. The CRA will provide the information to the relevant foreign tax authorities under exchange of information treaties.

If you own the Funds inside a registered plan

When units of a Fund are held in your registered plan, generally, neither you nor your registered plan will be taxed on distributions received from the Fund or capital gains realized on the disposition of the units of the Fund, provided the units are a qualified investment and are not a prohibited investment for the registered plan. However, a withdrawal from a registered plan may be subject to tax.

The units of each Fund are expected to be a qualified investment for registered plans at all times.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the holder of a TFSA or RDSP, the subscriber of a RESP or the annuitant of a RRSP or RRIF (a “controlling individual”) holds a “significant interest” in a Fund, or if such controlling individual does not deal at arm’s length with a Fund for purposes of the Tax Act, the units of such Fund will be a “prohibited investment” for such TFSA, RRSP, RESP, RDSP, or RRIF. If units of a Fund are a “prohibited investment” for a TFSA, RRSP, RESP, RDSP or RRIF that acquires such units, the controlling individual will be subject to a penalty tax as set out in the Tax Act. Generally, a controlling individual will not be considered to have a “significant interest” in a Fund unless the controlling individual owns 10% or more of the value of the outstanding units of such Fund, either alone or

together with persons and partnerships with which the controlling individual does not deal at arm’s length. If your registered plan holds a prohibited investment, you become liable to a 50% potentially refundable tax on the value of the prohibited investment and a 100% tax on income and capital gains attributable to, and capital gains realized on the disposition of, the prohibited investment.

Mackenzie Global Green Bond Fund was recently established. Under a safe harbour rule for new mutual funds, units of these Funds will not be a prohibited investment for your registered plan at any time during the first 24 months of the Fund’s existence provided that the Fund is a mutual fund trust under the Tax Act during that time and is in substantial compliance with NI 81-102 or follows a reasonable policy of investment diversification.

You should consult with your own tax advisor regarding the special rules that apply to each type of registered plan, including whether or not a particular unit of a Fund would be a prohibited investment for your registered plan. It is your responsibility to determine the tax consequences to you and your registered plan of establishing the registered plan and causing it to invest in the Funds. Neither we nor the Funds assume any liability to you as a result of making the Funds and/or series available for investment within registered plans.

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS, OFFICERS AND TRUSTEES

The Funds do not directly employ any directors, officers or trustees to carry out their Fund operations. We, as manager of the Funds, provide all personnel necessary to conduct the Fund’s operations.

Each IRC member is entitled to an annual retainer of \$40,000 (\$50,000 for the Chair) and a fee of \$1,500 for each meeting attended. In addition, the Chair of an IRC sub-committee is entitled to an annual retainer of \$5,000. Members are also entitled to be reimbursed for all reasonable expenses incurred in the performance of their duties, including reasonable travel and accommodation expenses. We also purchase and maintain insurance liability coverage for the benefit of the IRC members. For the year ended March 31, 2022, the total amount expended in this regard by the Mackenzie Funds was \$276,999.75. All fees and expenses were allocated among the Mackenzie Funds in a manner that was fair and reasonable. Effective July 1, 2021, each IRC member is entitled to an annual retainer of \$50,000 (\$60,000 for the Chair) and a fee of \$3,000 for each quarterly

meeting attended. In addition, the IRC members are entitled to \$1,500 for each additional meeting.

The individual IRC members received total compensation and reimbursement of expenses by the Mackenzie Funds as follows in Table 7:

Table 6: IRC Members’ Compensation

IRC Member	Total Individual compensation, including expense reimbursement
Robert Hines (Chair)	\$85,166.57
George Hucal	\$79,666.61
Scott Edmonds	\$75,166.61
Atul Tiwari ¹	\$36,999.96

¹Atul Tiwari joined the IRC effective September 22, 2021

For a description of the role of the IRC, see “Mackenzie Funds’ Independent Review Committee.”

MATERIAL CONTRACTS

Set out below are particulars of the material contracts entered into by the Funds as of the date of this annual information form, as well as a description of the portfolio management agreements that we have entered into with certain firms with respect to certain of the Funds. Minor contracts entered into by the Funds in the ordinary course of their business have been excluded.

You may inspect copies of the contracts listed below during normal business hours at our Toronto office at **180 Queen Street West, Toronto, Ontario M5V 3K1**.

Master Declaration of Trust

Details of the Master Declaration of Trust of the Funds, which governs the Funds are set out under “**Name, Formation and History of the Funds**”. The Master Declaration of Trust sets out the powers and duties of the manager and the trustee of the Funds, the attributes of units of the Funds, procedures for purchase, exchange and redemption of units, recordkeeping, calculation of the Funds’ income and other administrative procedures. The Declaration also contain provisions for the selection of a successor trustee if we should resign and for termination of the Funds if no successor trustee can be found. We are not paid a fee in our capacity as trustee (as would be required if an outside trustee was hired), but we are entitled to be reimbursed for any costs incurred on the Funds’ behalf.

Master Management Agreement

We have entered into amended and restated master management agreement (the “**Master Management Agreement**”) on October 19, 1999, as amended, to provide the management and administrative services to the Funds necessary to enable them to carry out their business operations.

Under the Master Management Agreement, we are responsible for providing directly, or for arranging other persons or companies to provide administration services to the Funds, portfolio management services, distribution services for the promotion and sale of the Funds’ units and other operational services. The Master Management Agreement contains details about fees and expenses payable by the Funds to us, including the management fee rates and Administration Fee rates as applicable, and the Master Management Agreement is amended each time a new fund or new series of a Fund is added to the Master Management Agreement. The Master Management Agreement has been executed by us on our own behalf as manager and on behalf of the Funds for which we are trustee, in our capacity as trustee.

The Master Management Agreement generally continues from year to year, unless terminated with respect to any one or more of the Funds on not less than 6 months’ prior written notice. The Master Management Agreement may be terminated on shorter notice if any party to the Master Management Agreement is in breach of the terms of the Master Management Agreement and the breach has continued for at least 30 days without being remedied or if the other party goes bankrupt, ceases to hold appropriate regulatory approvals or commits an act which materially adversely affects its ability to perform the obligations under the Master Management Agreement.

Master Custodian Agreement

We have entered into a master custodian agreement with CIBC, dated February 24, 2005, as amended, on behalf of the Funds to obtain custodial services for the Funds’ assets (“**Master Custodian Agreement**”).

The Master Custodian Agreement complies with the applicable provisions of NI 81-102 regarding custodial services and requires the custodian to hold the Fund’s assets in trust and to separately identify each Fund’s account assets. The agreement contains schedules which set out which Funds are governed by that agreement and the fees payable to the custodian for the range of services provided to the Funds. The agreement can be terminated by the Funds or by the custodian on 120 days’ prior written notice.

Product Distribution Agreement

LBCFS is the principal distributor for each of the series of the Funds offered under the simplified prospectus of the Funds under the terms of the Amended and Restated Product Distribution Agreement dated April 29, 2016, as amended, among LBCFS, Laurentian Bank of Canada and us.

As principal distributor, LBCFS will arrange for the distribution of units of the Funds through its registered representatives or LBCFS-authorized representatives. LBCFS will also provide marketing support and assistance in connection with the distribution and sale of units of the Funds.

This agreement may be terminated by us, LBCFS or Laurentian on 30 days’ prior written notice to the other parties in the event of (i) negligence, fraud or wilful default of a party in respect to their duties under the agreement; (ii) a material breach of the agreement which has not been remedied within 20 days of notice of breach by the other party (unless the party is using its best efforts to cure the material breach, in which case, the agreement will terminate 60 days following

the initial notice); (iii) the other party passing a resolution for its bankruptcy, wind-up or dissolution; (iv) commencement of an insolvency or related hearing that continues for 90 days; (v) a change of control of a party; (vi) a material breach of the agreement by a party that creates the risk of negatively and materially affecting the other

parties or the distribution of the Funds; and (vii) other circumstances, set forth in the Product Distribution Agreement.

Copies of the Product Distribution Agreement are available for inspection by existing and prospective Fund investors at our principal office during regular business hours.

LEGAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEEDINGS

We are not aware of any ongoing legal and administrative proceedings material to the Mackenzie Funds to which we or any Mackenzie Fund is a party.

Penalties and Sanctions

We entered into a settlement agreement with the OSC on April 6, 2018 (“**Settlement Agreement**”).

The Settlement Agreement states that we failed to (i) comply with National Instrument 81-105 *Mutual Fund Sales Practices* (“**NI 81-105**”) by not meeting the minimum standards of conduct expected of industry participants in relation to certain sales practices between May 2014 and December 2017; (ii) have systems of controls and supervision over our sales practices that were sufficient to provide reasonable assurances that we were complying with our obligations under NI 81-105; and (iii) maintain adequate books, records and other documents to demonstrate our compliance with NI 81-105.

We agreed to (i) pay an administrative penalty of \$900,000 to the OSC; (ii) submit to regular reviews of our sales practices, procedures and controls by an independent consultant until the OSC is satisfied our sales practices program is fully compliant with securities laws; and (iii) pay costs of the OSC’s investigation in the amount of \$150,000.

The purpose of NI 81-105 is to discourage sales practices that could be perceived as inducing dealers and their representatives to

sell mutual fund units on the basis of incentives they were receiving (such as promotional items or activities) rather than on the basis of what is suitable for and in the best interest of their clients.

In the Settlement Agreement, the OSC noted that, in response to the OSC investigation, we (i) have dedicated significant financial and human resources to enhance our systems of controls and supervision for sales practices; (ii) retained an independent consultant in September 2017 to assess the quality of our controls around our sales practices, and the consultant noted that, overall, we have demonstrated a continuously improving compliance culture and since 2014 has seen increased investment in resources, both people and systems, focused on sales practices compliance; and (iii) have no disciplinary history with the OSC and cooperated with Staff in connection with Staff’s investigation of the matters referred to in this Settlement Agreement.

We, and not any of our investment fund products (the “**Mackenzie Products**”), paid all monetary and non-monetary benefits at issue. The performance of the Mackenzie Products was not impacted by these matters and the management expense ratios of the Mackenzie Products were not affected. We, and not the Mackenzie Products, have paid all costs, fines and expenses relating to the resolution of this matter, including the above-noted administrative penalty, investigative costs and the fees relating to the independent compliance consultant.

CERTIFICATE OF THE FUNDS AND THE MANAGER AND PROMOTER OF THE FUNDS

This annual information form, together with the simplified prospectus and the documents incorporated by reference into the simplified prospectus, constitute full, true and plain disclosure of all material facts relating to the units offered by the simplified prospectus, as required by the securities legislation of all of the provinces of Canada and do not contain any misrepresentations.

Dated the 12th day of May 2022.

Fixed Income Fund

Mackenzie Global Green Bond Fund

US Equity Fund

Mackenzie US Growth Fund

ETF Portfolio

Mackenzie Conservative Income ETF Portfolio

(collectively, the “Funds”)

“Barry S. McInerney”

Barry S. McInerney
Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer
Mackenzie Financial Corporation

“Luke Gould”

Luke Gould
Executive Vice-President and Chief Financial Officer
Mackenzie Financial Corporation

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD OF MACKENZIE FINANCIAL CORPORATION IN ITS CAPACITY AS MANAGER, PROMOTER AND TRUSTEE OF THE FUNDS

“Subhas Sen”

Subhas Sen
Director
Mackenzie Financial Corporation

“Naomi Andjelic Bartlett”

Naomi Andjelic Bartlett
Director
Mackenzie Financial Corporation

CERTIFICATE OF THE PRINCIPAL DISTRIBUTOR

To the best of our knowledge, information and belief, this annual information form, together with the simplified prospectus and the documents incorporated by reference into the simplified prospectus, constitute full, true and plain disclosure of all material facts relating to the units offered by the simplified prospectus, as required by the securities legislation of all the provinces of Canada and do not contain any misrepresentations.

Dated the 12th day of May 2022.

Fixed Income Fund

Mackenzie Global Green Bond Fund

US Equity Fund

Mackenzie US Growth Fund

ETF Portfolio

Mackenzie Conservative Income ETF Portfolio

***LBC Financial Services Inc., as Principal
Distributor***

“Jean Stéphane Parent”

Jean Stéphane Parent
President & Chief Executive Officer,
LBC Financial Services Inc.
Laurentian Bank of Canada

Laurentian Bank Group of Funds

Fixed Income Fund

US Equity Fund

ETF Portfolio

Additional information about the Funds is available in each Fund's fund facts, management reports of fund performance and financial statements.

You can get a copy of these documents, at no cost, by calling LBCFS toll-free at 1-800-522-1846, or from your LBCFS representative or LBCFS-authorized representative.

These documents and other information about the Funds, such as information circulars and material contracts, are also available on the LBCFS Internet site at www.laurentianbank.ca/mackenzie or at the Internet site of SEDAR (the System for Electronic Document Analysis and Retrieval) at www.sedar.com.

LBC Financial Services Inc.
1360, René-Lévesque Blvd. West, Suite 630
Montréal, Québec H3G 0A9

MANAGER OF THE FUNDS:

Mackenzie Financial Corporation
180 Queen Street West
Toronto, Ontario M5V 3K1

